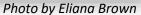
## **Urban Stormwater Education Subgroup**

Wednesday, October 25, 2023

Starts at 1:30 PM













# Welcome!

Please type your name and affiliation in the chat box.



# Agenda

1:30 – 1:40 (10 minutes)	Welcome & Introduction of Katy Solak, Graduate Student Intern  Eliana Brown, University of Illinois Extension
1:40 – 2:00 (20 minutes)	CMAP Resource Repository Overview and Next Steps Kate Evasic, Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning Eliana Brown
	10-minute presentation followed by a 10-minute discussion
2:00 – 2:15 (15 minutes)	Lawn to Lake Program Overview Steph Mueller, Illinois-Indiana Sea Grant
	10-minute presentation followed by a 5-minute Q&A
2:15-2:25 (10 minutes)	Round Robin Member Updates (time permitting)
2.25 2.20	Members provide a 1- to 3-minute update on current programs or projects
2:25 – 2:30 (5 minutes)	Next steps Eliana Brown

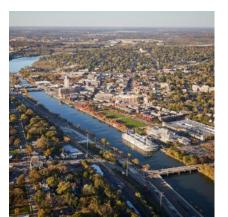
NUTRIENT LOSS REDUCTION STRATEGY



# Calumet Stormwater Collaborative 2018 Stormwater Repository























#### Goal

Create a curated list of resources for Calumet Stormwater Collaborative (CSC) members and Calumet communities.





### **Key contributors**

#### **Planning and Policy Workgroup**

Center for Neighborhood Technology CMAP

Cook County Forest Preserves
IDNR Coastal Management
Metropolitan Planning Council
University of Illinois



### **Phases**

1

Prioritize and compile resources into one document

Completed: 2018

2

Build out a website tailored to different users

Put on hold...





#### **Process**

- Created spreadsheet
- Populated with initial resources
- Shared initial resources with CSC members
- Solicited additions during monthly meeting

#### **Categories**

**Data and tools -** data, imagery, design tools, benefit calculators

**Design and implementation -** design guidelines, implementation strategies

**Education and engagement -** factsheets, pamphlets, reports, manuals

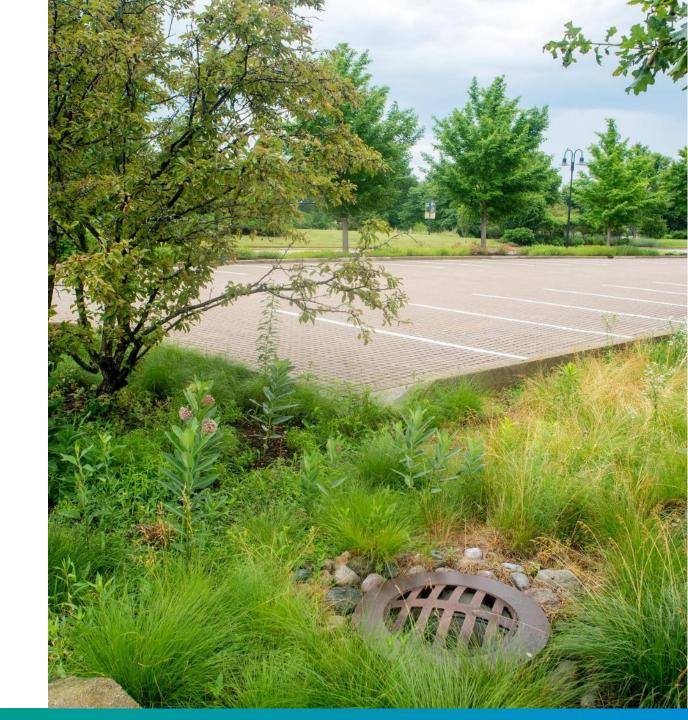
**Funding and financing -** grants and other financing options

**Policies and regulations -** regulatory requirements, policy documents, model ordinances



## **Shortcomings**

- Maintenance
- Usability
- Promotion



# Where to go from here?

 Hired Grad student Katy Solak to work on the updating the resource repository. We have a start and possibly an end goal.

#### Start

- Began by reviewing existing one, identifying whether links are active and from which organization.
- Found 40% dead links primarily from MWRD, DuPage Co, and USACE.

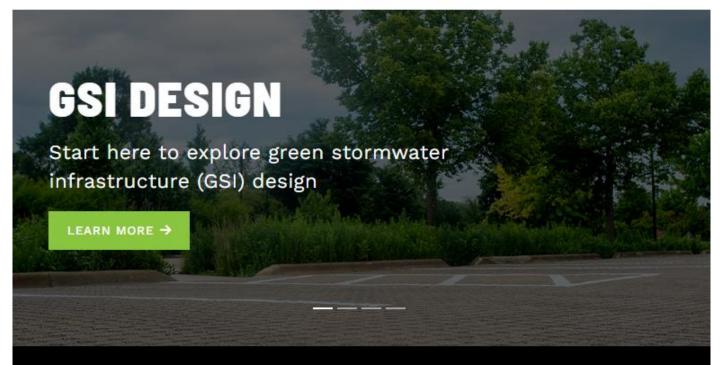


# Where to go from here?

- Hired Grad student Katy Solak to work on the updating the resource repository. We have a start and possibly an end goal.
- Possible end goal
  - Illinois Groundwork Resource Library



# Illinoisgroundwork.org



**Illinois GROUNDWORK** provides green infrastructure research, tools, and resources to stormwater professionals, local leaders, and community members.



# Where to go from here?

- What about the interim steps?
  - Redo some of the CMAP process, expanding to statewide representation.
  - Would need to identify stormwater professionals for Katy to interview.



# Discussion

- Thoughts about this project overall
- Thoughts about end goal
- Thoughts about participation and identifying others
- Bringing this to full Urban Stormwater Working Group











Extension - Forestry and Natural Resources

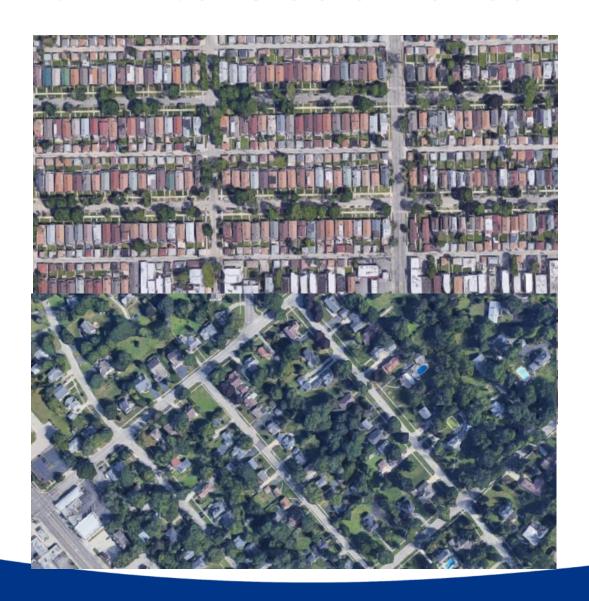


# NATURAL LAWN CARE PRACTICES FOR CLEAN LAKES

Steph Mueller | Pollution Prevention Assistant



#### Lawn care as an urban runoff issue

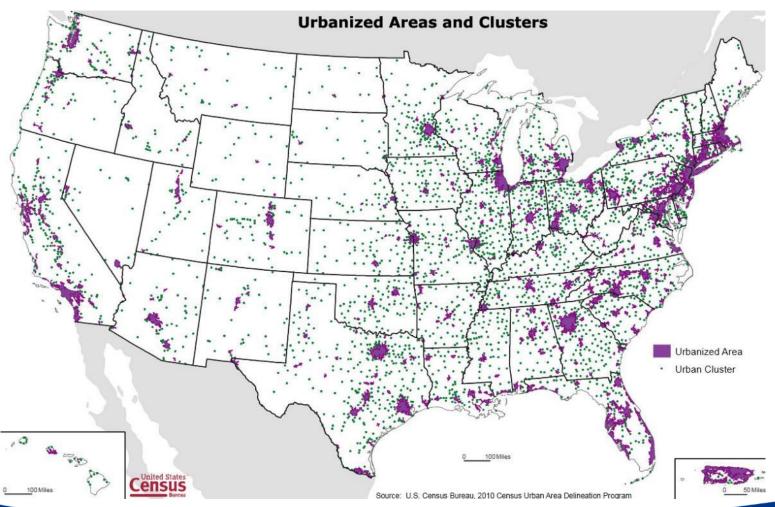


Chicago, IL | Google Maps 2019

Crystal Lake, IL | Google Maps 2019



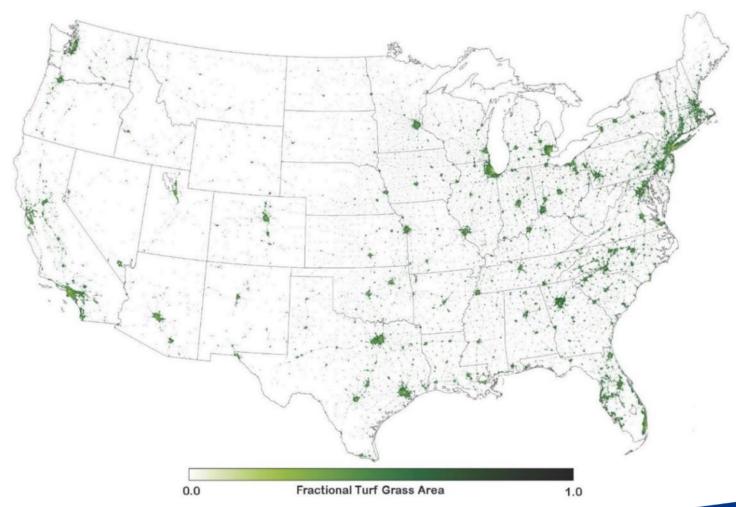
#### **Urbanized Areas and Urban Clusters 2010**



U.S. Census Bureau (2010)



# United States land covered by lawn



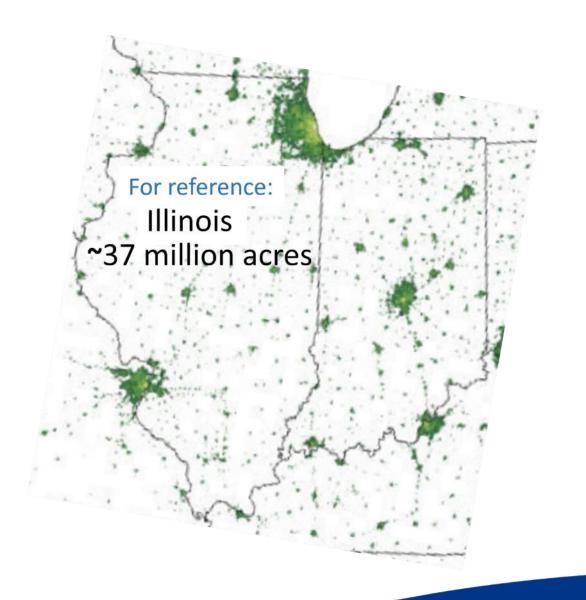
NASA Earth Observatory (2005)



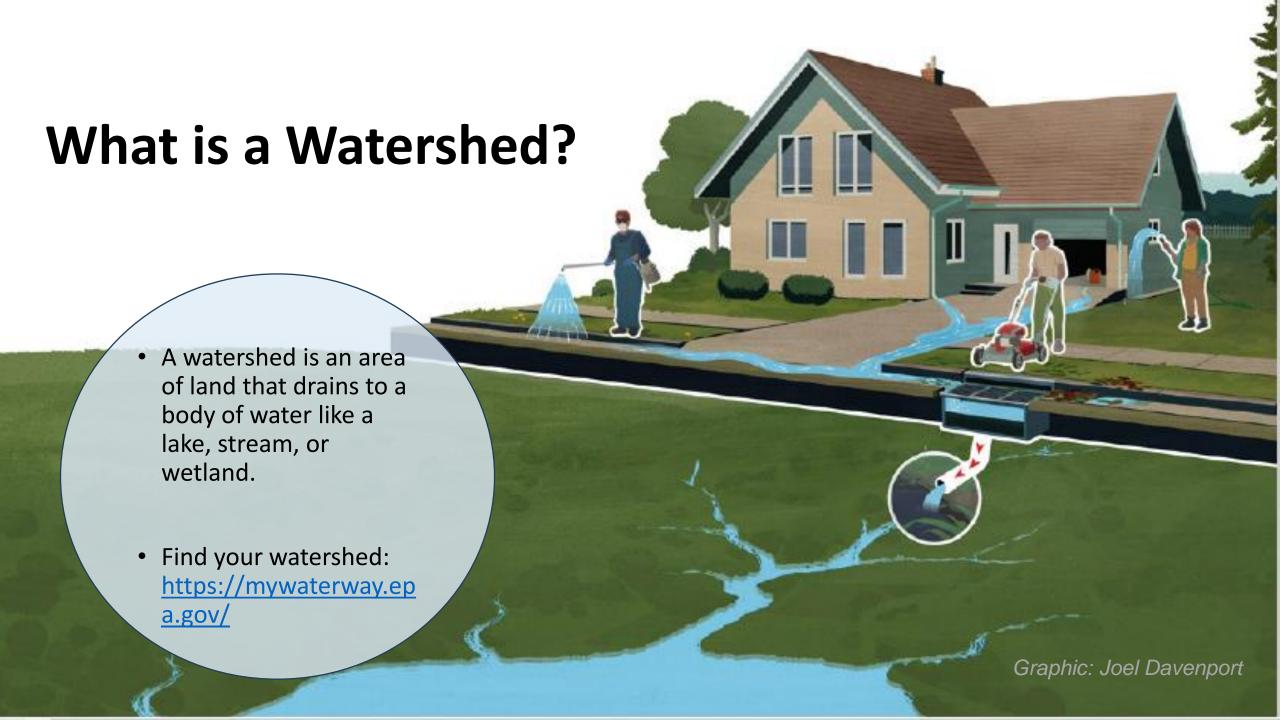
# 40 million acres of turfgrass in the U.S.

- Turfgrass covers 3 times more area than irrigated corn
- Which would make lawns the largest irrigated crop

Milesi, C. et al, 2005







# United States Watersheds Contributing to the Gulf of Mexico Hypoxic Zone

LAWN TO LAKE Sea ILLINOIS



# Hidden Costs of Lawn Care average upkeep for residential lawns

#### Water

- Typical suburban lawn uses 10,000 gallons of irrigation water per year
- Residential lawns consume 2.5 billion gallons per year

#### **Energy**

- 580 million gallons of gasoline used in lawnmowers
- 270,000 BTUs to produce a 100 lb bag of 6-6-6 fertilizer

#### **Pesticides**

**67 million pounds** of synthetic pesticides on residential lawns each year Homeowners use **3 times more** pesticide per acre than farmers

#### **Fertilizer**

**3 million tons** per year applied to residential lawns

Vickers, A., 2006 Perry, L. 2006 Bormann F.H. et al, 1993 Wilson and Boehland, 2009



#### Pesticides

"a pesticide by any other name..."

Grub Control : Insecticide

Broadleaf, dandelion spray : herbicide

Weed and Feed : herbicide (combined with fertilizer)

Fungal Control : fungicide





#### What is Natural Lawn Care?

focusing on sustainable solutions

#### **Natural**

- soil care is foundation
- natural,
   organic products (when needed)
- treats problems, not symptoms

#### **Conventional**

- one-size-fits-all approach
- focus on applying products to all lawns
- treats symptoms for short-term fixes



#### **Lawn to Lake: Goals**

Inform homeowners and communities how actions we take on land have effects on our watersheds.

Offer resources to encourage adoption of sustainable lawn and landscaping practices.





# **Watershed Perspective**

- What you do on the land...
  - Apply fertilizer and pesticides
  - Water your lawn and garden
  - Plant choice
  - Has effects on watershed...
  - Nutrient and chemical runoff
  - Consumes water
  - Maintenance needs, storm water infiltration, etc.





# **Natural Lawn Care Principles**

- 1. Right plant, right place
- 2. Fertilize appropriately
- 3. Manage lawn pests responsibly
- 4. Water efficiently
- 5. Compost
- 6. Attract wildlife
- 7. Reduce storm water runoff

#### **Shortcuts to Natural Lawn Care**

Mow at 3 inches or higher.

Leave grass clippings.

Spot treat weeds instead of spraying the entire lawn.

Keep fertilizer off sidewalks and driveways.

Test your soil for fertilizer needs.

Water no more than 1 inch per week, including rain.

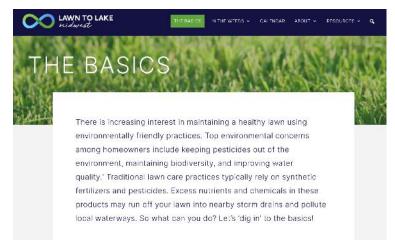




# **Outreach Products - Website**

lawntolakemidwest.org/

#### THE BASICS



#### **CALENDAR**

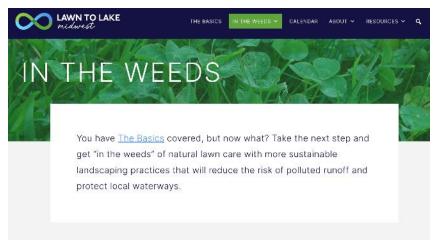




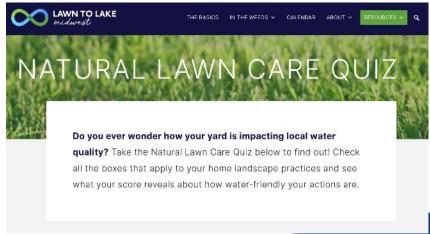
A healthy lawn all year long.

Wrap up the growing season with October's list of natural lawn care practices.

#### IN THE WEEDS



#### **LAWN CARE QUIZ**







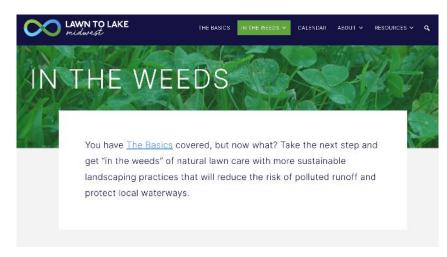
#### **THE BASICS**



Mow High
Leave Grass Clippings
Water Efficiently
Soil Testing
Fertilize in the Fall
Use Fewer Chemicals
Core Aerate



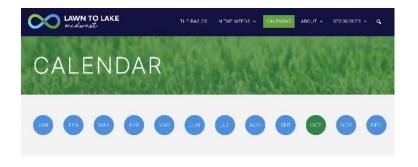
#### IN THE WEEDS



Build Healthy Soil
Right Plant, Right Place
Fertilize Appropriately
Manage Pests Responsibly
Use Water Efficiently



#### **CALENDAR**

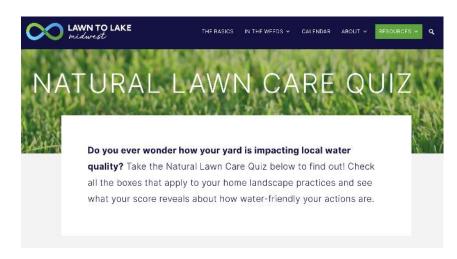




Changes with monthly tips as a quick guide for natural lawn care tips throughout the year



#### **LAWN CARE QUIZ**



Soil Health
Water Management
Landscape Design
Maintenance Practices



#### **Outreach Products - Website**

lawntolakemidwest.org/

#### **FERTILIZER CALCULATOR**



#### Fertilizer Calculator

How much fertilizer should you apply based on the square footage of your lawn and your soil test results? Use the Lawn to Lake Fertilizer Calculator below to find out.

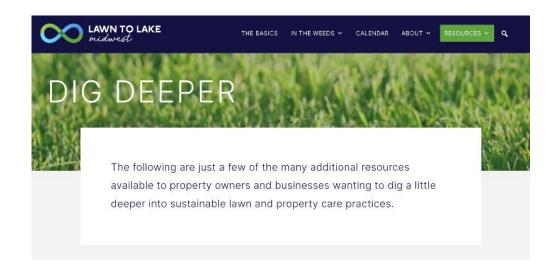
CALCULATOR	
lbs N/1000 ft <sup>2</sup> (Required)	% N (Required)
Most areas recommend a ratio of 1 lbs N/1000 ft².	Fertilizer with an N-P-K ratio of 22-0-15 is 22% N.
Do you know the size of your yard in acres or so	quare feet? (Required)
O Acres	
O Square Feet	



#### **Outreach Products - Website**

lawntolakemidwest.org/

#### RESOURCES, PUBLICATIONS, & FAQS



80 different resources organized into sections:

Build Healthy Soil
Right Plant, Right Place
Fertilize Appropriately
Manage Lawn Pests Responsibly
Water Efficiently



#### **Outreach Products – Videos**

#### **Mow High**

Work with Nature: Mow 3" or higher to shade out weeds and promote deep, healthy roots.



#### **Soil Test**

**Work with Nature:** A soil test will help you understand what nutrients are present or lacking.



#### **Leave Grass Clippings**

Work with Nature: Leave grass clippings to return nutrients to your lawn naturally.



#### **Water Efficiently**

Work with Nature: Water once every 4 weeks with 1/2 inch of water to keep grass crowns hydrated.

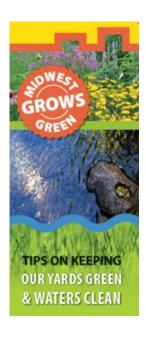






#### **Outreach Products**

#### **Brochures, Fact Sheets, & Guide Books**















## Round Robin Member Updates (time permitting)

Members provide a 1- to 3-minute update on current programs or projects



# Next Steps

Eliana Brown, University of Illinois Extension



# Thank you

