

# AERIAL ASSESSMENT REPORT FOR BEAUCOUP CREEK

JACKSON, PERRY AND WASHINGTON COUNTIES SEPTEMBER 2005

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In May 2001, the Illinois EPA contracted with Camp Dresser & McKee to develop Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs) for Beaucoup Creek. The impairments on Beaucoup Creek have been identified as manganese, sulfates, siltation, total dissolved solids (TDS), nitrogen, nitrates, phosphorus, low dissolved oxygen (DO), total suspended solids and other habitat alterations.

The final report of June 2004 lists Beaucoup segment NC10 as impaired by low DO and NC03 as impaired by sulfates and TDS. Segment NC10 begins at the confluence with White Walnut Creek and extends downstream for 10 miles. NC03 stretches from the confluence with Galum Creek and extends upstream for 8.5 miles.

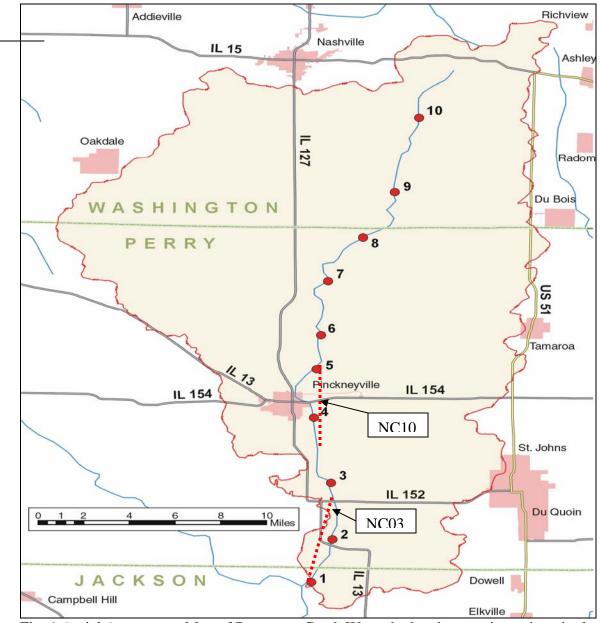


Fig. 1 Aerial Assessment Map of Beaucoup Creek Watershed and approximate impaired segment locations

### **Assessment Procedure**

Low level geo-referenced video was taken of Beaucoup Creek in March, 2004. Video taping was completed by Fostaire Helicopters, Sauget, IL, using a camera mounted beneath a helicopter to record data from just above tree top level in DVD format for further evaluation and assessment. Video mapping began at the Illinois Central RR Bridge (abandoned) over Beaucoup Creek just inside Jackson County. The mapping progressed upstream to approximately 3 miles south of IL. Rte. 15 near Beaucoup, Illinois. Aerial video of tributaries was not part of the project, regardless of the stream size or vegetation.

After videotaping the stream, the DVD tapes were processed by USGS to produce a georeferenced DVD showing flight data and location. Next, USGS identified features from the video and created shapefiles containing the GPS location, type of feature identified, and the time on the DVD to allow cross referencing. The shape-files along with the DVD were then used to identify and locate the points where ground investigations were needed to verify aerial assessment assumptions and gather additional data.

The ground investigations or "ground truthing" is intended to accomplish two primary functions. First, it provides those viewing videos the opportunity to verify the correct interpretation of the video. Second, the video allows the user to identify and gather field data at the most appropriate locations to more closely represent the entire study portion of the stream.

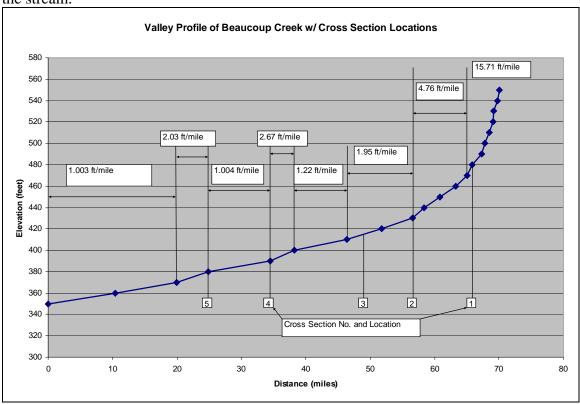


Figure 2 Channel Profile of Beaucoup Creek

Detailed elevation data is not available; therefore the channel slope is calculated from USGS topo maps by measuring the channel length between contour lines. The report refers to this as "valley profile" although a true valley profile would use a straight line distance down the floodplain rather than channel length. However, this method is used because it incorporates sinuosity into the calculation and allows the channel slope to be assume equal to "valley slope" in order to estimate channel capacity, velocity, etc., although there are short segments where the channel slope may differ significantly near roads, logjams, knickpoints, etc.

The DVD has been divided into "chapters" of approximately ten minutes of video (Fig. 3) to enhance the ability to navigate within the flight video and provide a simple way to identify and discuss different stream segments. Although the report will begin with a broader more general assessment of the entire study reach, it will also provide an assessment and treatment recommendations by chapter. The chapter divisions are clearly arbitrary and do not reflect "change points" in the stream characteristics or treatment recommendations. For clarity the conclusions and recommendations are presented for each stream "chapter".

	CHAPTERS ON DV	D AND ASSESSM	IENT REPORT
DVD		Beginning	Report
Disc	DVD chapter	Time	Chapter
1	2	10:00	1
1	3	20:00	2
1	4	30:00:00	3
1	5	40:00:00	4
2	2	10:00	5
2	3	20:00	6
2	4	30:00:00	7
2	5	40:00:00	8
2	6	50:00:00	9

Note: Flight path is from downstream to upstream

Fig. 3 DVD Chapters and Report Chapter Guide

The major factors indicating channel conditions identified from the aerial assessment have been totaled by DVD chapter in Table 1 below. This tabulation allows a general comparison of the relative dominance of features found in each chapter and provides a means of comparing stream characteristic between chapters. A discussion of the major differences will follow later in this report.

Five cross sections were taken at selected locations on Beaucoup Creek after viewing the DVD's. The cross sections are located at "riffle" locations to best represent the channel characteristics and to allow for comparison of width, depth, x-sec. area, etc. along the channel at similar geometric locations. The result of the hydraulic analysis at each site is presented in summary form in Fig. 5 and the approximate location of each cross section along the channel profile is found in Fig. 2. Aerial views of cross sections locations are shown in Figs. 8,9,11,12 and 15 thru 19. Exact locations as Eastings and Northings and more detail can be found in Appendix A

		FEATL	JRES II	DENTIFIE	D BY C	CHAPTE	R		
	ROCK		<b>GEOTECH</b>		BED	BANK	BREAK		SEVERE
CHAPTER	OUTCROP	LOGJAM	FAILURE	DEPOSITION	CONTROL	CONTROL	POINT	EROSION	<b>EROSION</b>
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
2	1	6	8	0	1	1	0	23	0
3	6	4	3	0	0	1	1	19	0
4	12	3	17	0	1	1	3	24	0
5	0	3	2	0	1	1	0	32	3
6	2	10	2	0	1	0	1	41	0
7	2	6	17	2	0	0	3	52	0
8	1	8	15	0	1	0	1	44	1
9	0	10	13	3	2	0	6	53	0
TOTALS	24	50	77	5	7	4	15	292	4

Fig. 4 Features by Chapter identified with aerial assessment

	BEAUCOUP CREEK CROSS SECTION SUMMARY																	
	Valley	ADA		BKF	BKF			Max D	BKFCFS	Vel.	BKF cfs/	BKF	TopBk	Top Bk/	Top Bk	Top Bk D	Top Bank	TB/cfs/
X-sec	Slopeft/m	sq. mi.	Q2dfs	Depthft.	Widthft.	<b>BKF</b> dfs	WD	feet	/sq. mile	FPS	Q2 dfs	X- Area	X- Area	<b>BKF</b> area	Depthft.	Max Dft.	ds	sq. mi.
1	14.8	11	829	284	32	360	11.27	3.6	31.80	4	0.43	91	255	280	7.7	214	1196	105.65
2	6.7	45	1672	6.26	40	908	6.39	9.4	20.37	3.6	0.54	251	255	1.02	9.5	1.01	865	19.40
3	4.5	110	2817	7.9	64	1388	8.1	9.9	1264	27	0.49	505	616	1.22	11.5	1.16	1580	14.39
4	26	225	3842	8.26	97	1940	11.74	13.8	8.61	24	0.50	801	801	1.00	13.8	1.00	1887	8.38
5	21	278	4058	9.06	100	2156	11.04	14.6	7.75	24	0.53	894	894	1.00	14.6	1.00	1914	6.88

Fig. 5 Cross Section Summary

A plot of the discharge probability curve from USGS Gage # 05599000 over the last 24 yrs. of continuous record (1959-1982) in Fig. 6 indicates the 2 yr. discharge (50%) probability) at approx. 3400 cfs and the 1.5 yr. discharge (67% probability) at approx. 2700 cfs. The drainage area at Gage # 05599000 near Matthews, IL is 292 sq. miles; therefore the discharge per sq. mile is 11.64 and 9.25 cfs per sq. mile respectively for the 2 yr. and the 1.5 yr. R.I. discharge. The field determined "bankfull" discharge in the study area ranges from 7.75 to 31.8 cfs/sq. mile. Referring to Fig. 5 the data indicates the bankfull discharge at cross section 5 is 7.75 cfs per square mile. Cross section 5 has a drainage area of 278 sq. mi., therefore if the data is extrapolated to the former gage site the discharge would be 2263 cfs (7.75 x 292) and represents a Return Interval (R.I.) of approx. 1.2 yrs at cross section 5 near the gage site. It is expected that the cfs/sq. mile discharge would increase as the drainage area decreases and the valley slope increases. This is the case with Beaucoup Creek. It should be noted however that the field determined bankfull elevations at cross sections 2, 4 and 5 are actually at the top bank elevation and therefore indicate that Beaucoup Creek is well connected to its floodplain at these locations.

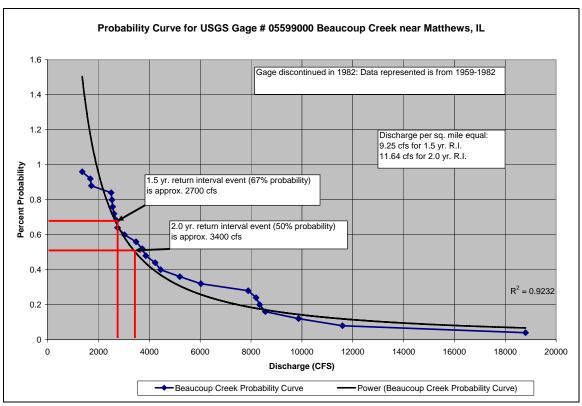


Fig. 6 Probability Curve –USGS Gage 05599000 for period 1959-1982

### **General Observations**

- 1. Beaucoup Creek appears to be generally well connected to its floodplain with top bank elevations being at or near the field determined bankfull elevations with the exception of cross section 1 at the very upper end of the study area.
- 2. Cross section 1 is incised with top bank being more than twice the maximum bankfull depth.
- 3. Cross section 4 (near Pinckneyville) appears to be downcutting with a cemented layer having high manganese concentrations being eroded in channel bed at riffle locations. Although the bankfull discharge is at top bank, this could be an area of degrading channel bed.
- 4. There is an observed change in the frequency of erosion sites, geotech failures and logjams near Bowles Bottom Road in DVD Chapter 6. Respectively 65%, 61% and 68% of these observations are found in chapters 6 thru 9.
- 5. The source of the manganese in Beaucoup Creek has not been confirmed and data is limited according to the final report. Streambank and streambed erosion contributions should not be overlooked as natural high concentrations were found at some locations in the bank and bed of Beaucoup Creek.
- 6. Page 10-3 of the Beaucoup Creek TMDL Report recommends .."passive treatment systems would be the best solution for controlling manganese from abandoned coal mines in the Beaucoup Creek Watershed". Included in the list as the simplest passive treatment method is the use of "Open Limestone Channels" which can consist of "placing limestone fragments directly in a contaminated

- stream". The use of this passive treatment would be well suited to stabilizing the eroding streambanks found in the study area.
- 7. The use of Rock Riffle Grade Control Structures (Newbury Riffles) should be considered in Beaucoup Creek to aid in increasing alkalinity and also aid in the low DO levels by providing additional aeration. Each riffle would require several hundred tons of limestone in addition to any other bank stabilization treatment utilizing limestone. Using Newbury Hydraulic's technique of calculating specific energy and applying to "critical flow depth" vs. "normal flow depth" allows for some manipulation of the bed without causing backwater effects. (Newbury Hydraulics Stream Design Manual) In the case of Beaucoup Creek initial calculations would allow riffle heights of 3 to 5 feet above the bed throughout the study reach.

### Recommendations

# Chapter 1 through 2

These chapters represent the lower end of the study reach, but they also represent the TMDL segment NC03 which is impaired by sulfates and total dissolved solids. There are a total of 11 geotechnical failures and 46 erosion sites in this reach. This reach contains cross section 5, located downstream of IL. Rte. 152, which is well connected to the floodplain with an out-of-bank and a "geomorphic bankfull" return interval frequency of approx. 1.2 years. Therefore since neither DO nor manganese has been identified as an impairment in this reach and the width/depth is around eleven (11) the recommended treatment for the streambank erosion in this reach to use Stone Toe Protection at the rate of 1 ton per foot where bank erosion is to be controlled.

	TREATMENTCHAPTERS 1 THRU 2										
Erosion Average Total Average Total											
Chapter	Sites Length Length Cost/foot Cost										
1	4	400	1600	\$30.00	\$48,000.00						
2	23	400	9200	\$30.00	\$276,000.00						
Total	27		10800		\$324,000.00						
		•									

Fig. 7 Treatment Cost Estimate Chapter 1 and 2

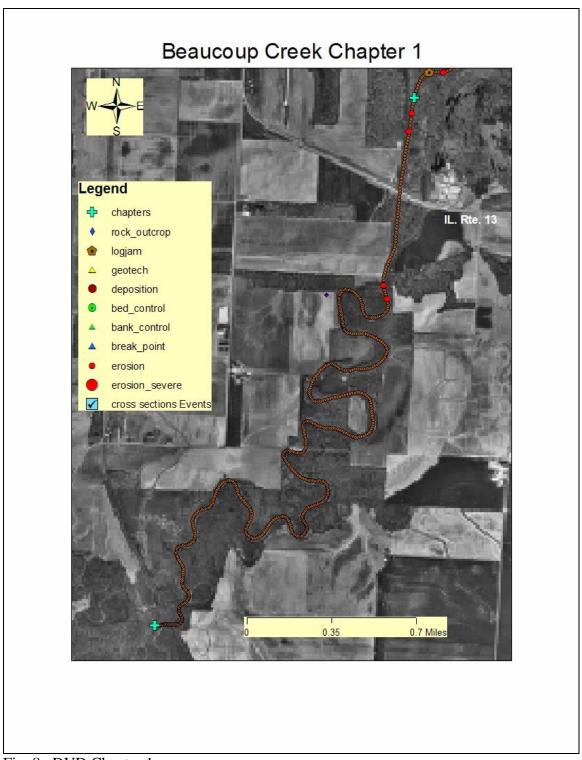


Fig. 8 DVD Chapter 1

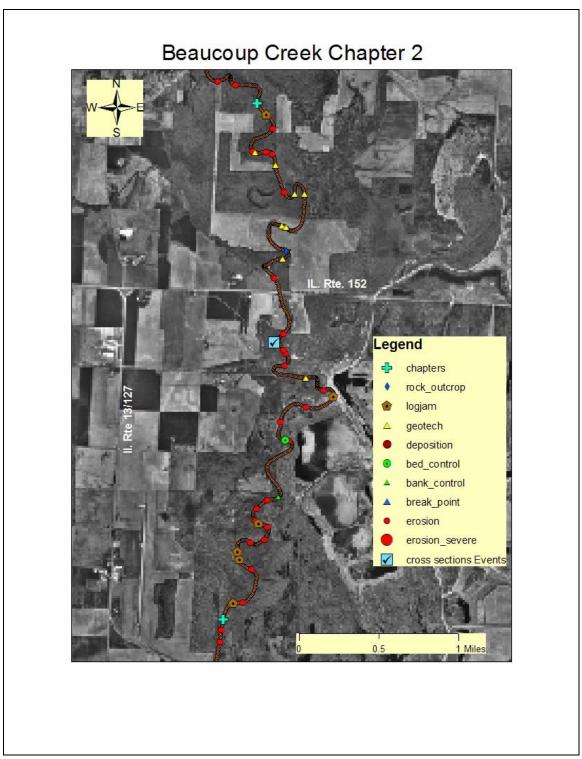


Fig. 9 DVD Chapter 2

# Chapters 3 through 4

This segment closely corresponds with TMDL segment NC10 which is impaired by low Dissolved Oxygen levels. This segment also has exposed manganese concentrations exposed in the bank and bed at cross section 4 and appears to be a potentially degrading reach. The degradation may be the result of a channel cutoff of over 0.6 mile located downstream of Rte. 154 approximately one mile. Approximately 0.5 mile above Rte. 154 there is a large low head dam built across Beaucoup Creek that will halt any upward migration of a knickpoint.

There is however 4.25 miles of stream in this reach that is recommended to have Rock Riffle Grade Controls installed to increase aeration and halt downcutting. These structures will also have a positive effect on the alkalinity of Beaucoup Creek although this section is not listed for impairment by manganese.

In addition there are 43 erosion sites and 20 geotechnical failures in this reach. The geotechnical failures will be partially stabilized by the Rock Riffle Grade Controls where the base flow elevations are raised to create positive pore pressure to enhance stability. The erosion sites are recommended to be treated with Stone Toe Protection at 1 ton of quarried limestone per foot. Both the STP and the Rock Riffles will act as passive treatment for any manganese impairment that may exist.

	TREATMENTCHAPTERS 3 through 4											
	Erosion	Average	Total	Average	Total							
Chapter	Sites	Length	Length	Cost/foot	Cost							
3	19	400	7600	\$30.00	\$228,000.00							
4	24	400	9600	\$30.00	\$288,000.00							
Total	43		17200		\$516,000.00							
	Rock	Average	Ave. Cost	Average								
	Riffles	Tonnage	Ton	Cost/Riffle								
3	50	550	\$30.00	\$16,500.00	\$825,000.00							
4	20	550	\$30.00	\$16,500.00	\$330,000.00							
Total	70				\$1,155,000.00							

Fig. 10 Treatment Cost Estimate Chapter 3 and 4

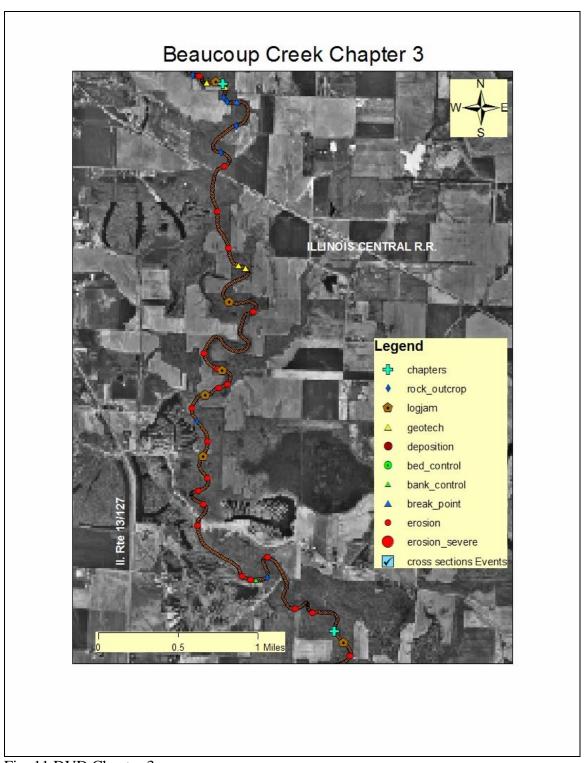


Fig. 11 DVD Chapter 3

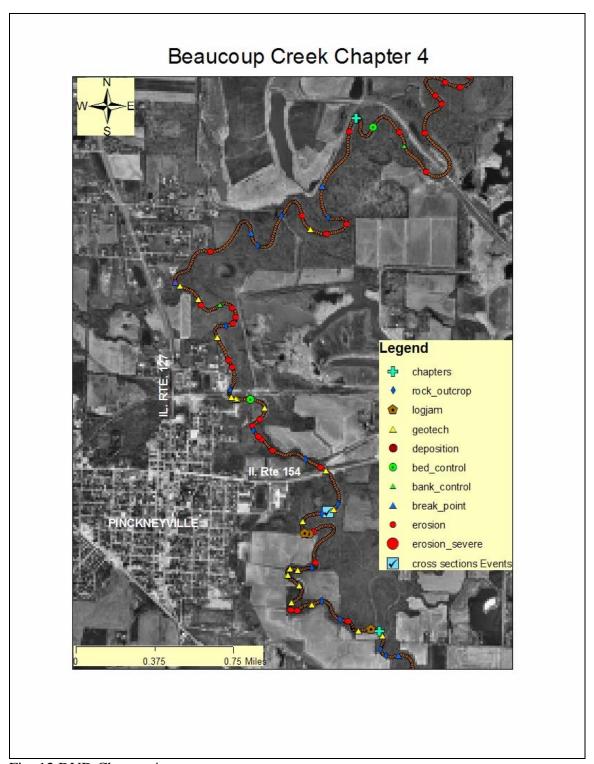


Fig. 12 DVD Chapter 4

# Chapters 5 through 9

This reach is the main channel of Beaucoup Creek above segment NC10 and is not listed as impaired in the final report. This reach is also well connected to its floodplain until reaching the very upper end of the study reach and therefore the conclusion is that there has been little downcutting outside of Chapter 9. Therefore with width/depth ratios less than 12, the recommendation for this reach is to install Stone Toe Protection at the rate of 0.75 ton per foot on all eroding sites and in addition install Rock Riffle Grade Controls in Chapter 9.

As indicated earlier under the general observations, this reach has much more active erosion that the lower reaches. There are 49 geotechnical failures and 222 erosion sites in this reach. Geotechnical failure in this reach are generally not recommended for treatment, however field investigation of some sites may find economical solutions, however they are not included in this report.

	TREATMENTCHAPTERS 5 through 9 (STP)											
<u> </u>	Erosion Average Total Average Total											
Chapter	Sites	Length	Length	Cost/foot	Cost							
5	32	300	9600	\$25.00	\$240,000.00							
6	41	300	12300	\$25.00	\$307,500.00							
7	52	250	13000	\$25.00	\$325,000.00							
8	44	250	11000	\$25.00	\$275,000.00							
9	53	200	10600	\$25.00	\$265,000.00							
Total	222		56500		\$1,412,500.00							

Fig. 13 Stone Toe Protection Treatment Cost for Chapters 5 through 9

	TREATMENTCHAPTERS 9 Riffles										
Number Average Total Average Total Chapter Riffles Tons Stone Tons Stone Cost/ton Cost											
9	140	175	24,500	\$30.00	\$735,000.00						
Total	140		24500		\$735,000.00						

Fig. 14 Riffle Treatment Cost for Chapter 9

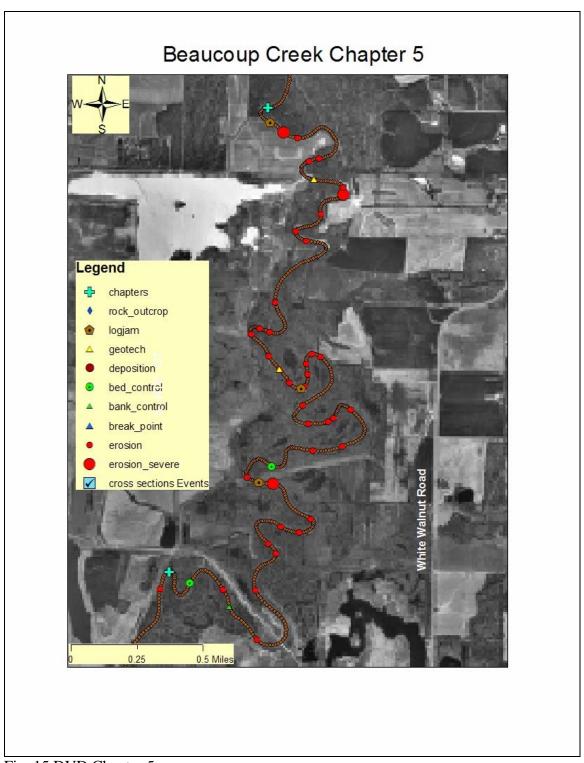


Fig. 15 DVD Chapter 5

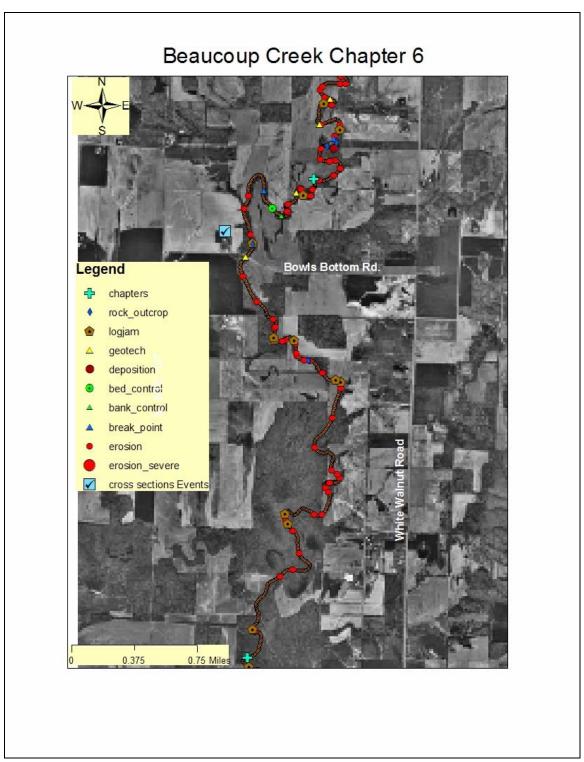


Fig. 16 DVD Chapter 6

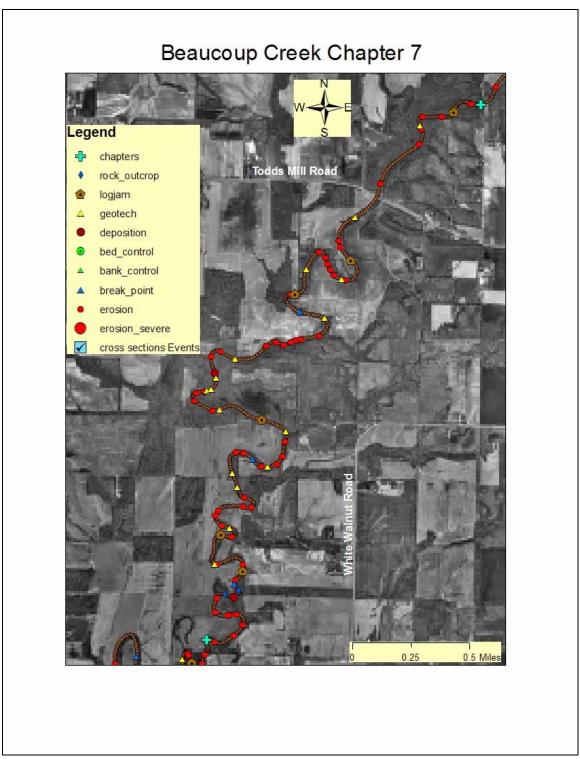


Fig. 17 DVD Chapter 7

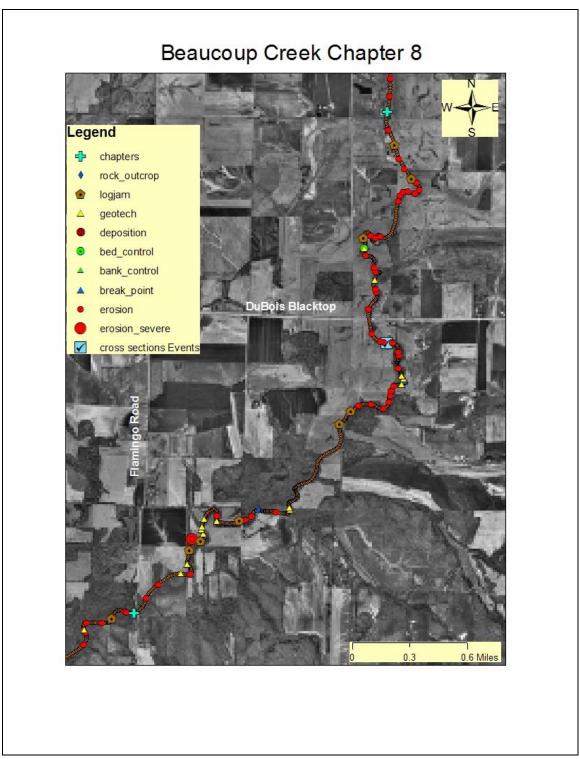


Fig. 18 DVD Chapter 8

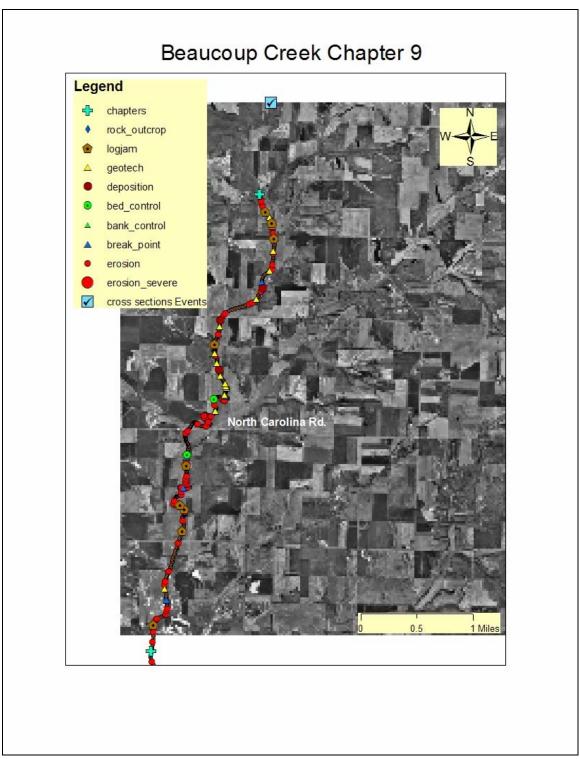
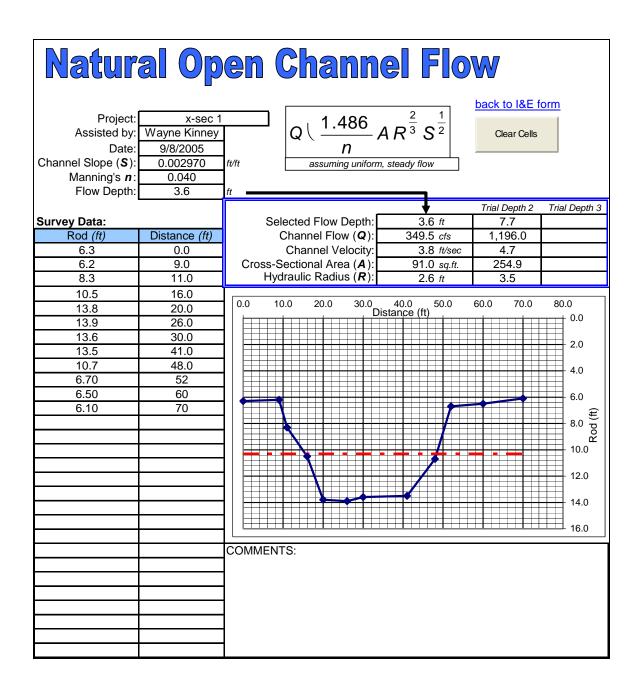


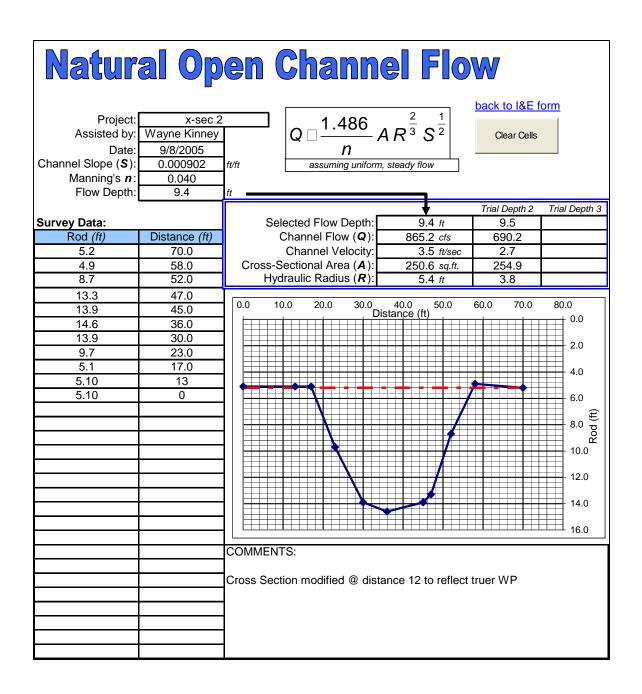
Fig. 19 DVD Chapter 9

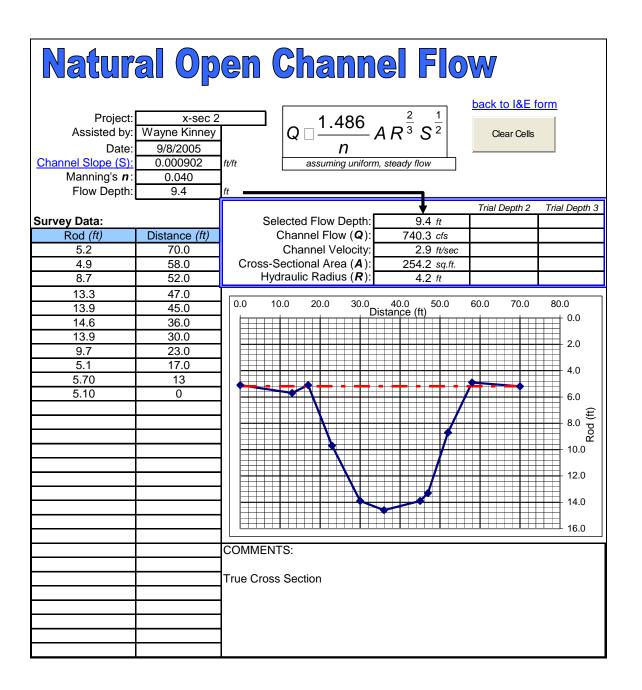
# APPENDIX A CROSS SECTION DATA

Stream Sta	ıbilizati	on I & E F	orm	ILLINOI	S NRCS - Versio	on 2.05- modified 9,	/12/04 R.Book	
County	Perry	•	Т.	R.		Sec	).	
Date	9/8/2	2005	Ву	Wayne Kinne	<b>Э</b> у			
Stream Name Landowner Name	e	Beaucoup Crox-sec 1	eek		UTM Coord.		E299520 N	N4243317
Drainage Area		11.32 so	μ. mi.			Clear Cells		
Regional Curve F	Predictions:							
Bankfull dimension	ons	Width Depth	39 ft. 3.0 ft.	Cross Sectio	nal Area	117	<mark>7</mark> sq. ft.	
Reference Stream	n Gage:							
Beaucoup Creek nea	ar Matthews		•	Station No. Drainage Area			Gage Q <sub>2</sub> Regression	4720 cfs 5300 cfs
Perry County,		IL			REFERENCE	STREAM DAT	TA ONLY	
USGS Flood-Pea	ak Discharg	e Predictions:						
Valley Slope:	0.0028	ft./mi. (user-e ft/mi (from wo ft./ft.	•		(2 yr, 24 hr)	Ä	gression Q <sub>2</sub> Adjusted Q <sub>2</sub> nge for Bankf 330	931 cfs 829 cfs ull Discharge: to 670 cfs
Local Stream Mo.	rphology:							
Channel Des	scription:	(c) Clean, win	ding, some pools and s	shoals			•	
3 -			Stream	Length		ft.		
Basic Field Data:		22 #	Valley	~		ft.		
Bankfull Width Mean Bankfull De Width/Depth Rati	-	32 ft. 2.84 ft. 11.27	Estima	r Interval ted Sinuosity		feet ▼		
Max. Bankfull De	nth	3.6 ft.	Channel Surve		ft./ft.	Bankfull Q from Cross-Section		fs
Width at twice ma		43 ft.	Estima			Basic field data Selected C	a 370 c	fs fs
Entrenchment Ra	` ,	1.34		of Curvature (Rc)	0.00	t.		
Daniel II Valacity	Chaola	(trinical Illinai	o otroomo will boy	a avaraga banktull	volocity boty	oon 2 and E ft/a	١ ٥ ١	
Bankfull Velocity Bedload:	D <sub>90</sub>	1 ▼ in	17.1.1.	e average bankfull y required to move		2.1	ft./sec.	
	D <sub>50</sub>	in	. Velocit	y from Cross-Secti	on data:	3.84	ft./sec.	
GOAL: Develop of	confidence	by matching	Velocit	y from basic field d	lata:	4.07	ft./sec.	
velocities	from differe	nt sources.	Velocit	y from selected Q:		4.0	ft./sec.	
Channel Evolution	n Stage	III 🔻	Strea	m Type (Rosgen)				
Notes								

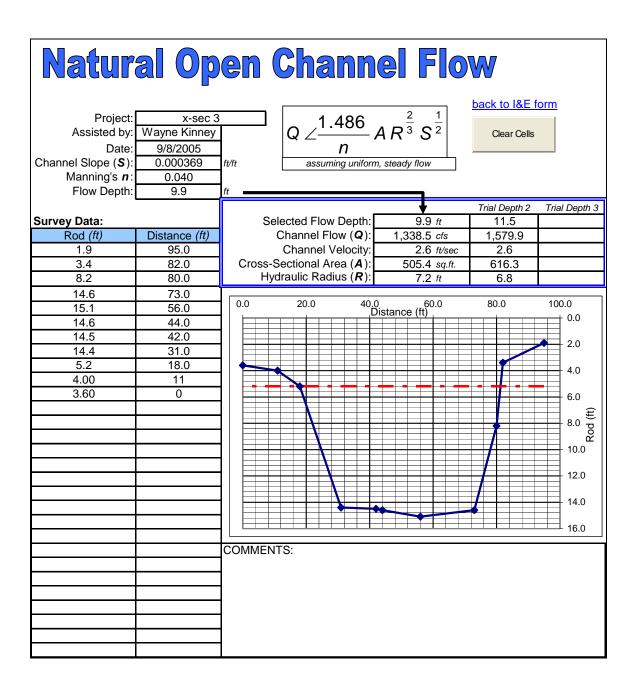


Stream Sta	abilizati	on I & E For	rm .	ILLINOIS NRCS - Version 2.05- modified 9/12/04 R.Book				
County	Perry	•	Т.	R.	Sec			
Date	9/8/	2005	Ву	Wayne Kinney				
Stream Name Landowner Name		Beaucoup Creek x-sec 2		UTM Coor	d.	E297794 N4233470		
Drainage Area		44.58 sq. m	ni.	-	Clear Cells			
Regional Curve I	Predictions:	:						
Bankfull dimension		Width Depth	66 ft. 4.5 ft.	Cross Sectional Area	295	<mark>5</mark> sq. ft.		
Reference Stream	ım Gage:							
Beaucoup Creek ne	-		<b>▼</b> D	Station No. 05599000 Orainage Area 292 sq.m		Gage Q <sub>2</sub> 4720 cfs Regression 5300 cfs		
Perry County,		IL			ICE STREAM DAT			
USGS Flood-Pea	- Nischare	Dradiations:						
Valley Slope:	6.7 0.0013	ft./mi. (user-enter ft/mi (from works ft./ft.	,	( ) /	r) A	oression Q <sub>2</sub> 1878 cfs Adjusted Q <sub>2</sub> 1672 cfs ange for Bankfull Discharge: 660 to 1340 cfs		
Local Stream Mo	orphology:							
Channel De		(c) Clean, winding	g, some pools and shoals	5		▼		
Manning's "n"	0.04	4	Stream Ler	nath	ft.			
Basic Field Data:			Valley Leng	<u> </u>	ft.			
Bankfull Width	1	40 ft.	Contour Int		feet 🔻			
Mean Bankfull D Width/Depth Rat	•	6.26 ft.	Estimated	Sinuosity	_			
	d.		Channel Slop		Bankfull Q from			
Max. Bankfull De Width at twice m	•	9.4 ft.	Surveyed: Estimated:		Cross-Section Basic field data			
Width at twice iii	( 18.8 ft.)		Louinatoa	10.710	Selected C			
Entrenchment Ra	` ,	15.00	Radius of C	Survature (Rc)	ft.	5.2		
			Rc/B	Bankfull width: 0.00				
Bankfull Valocity	· Chook:	(+ migal Illingis et	traama will hava aw	arasa hankfull valacitu ba	tugen 2 and 5 ft/s			
Bankfull Velocity Bedload:	D <sub>90</sub>	1		erage bankfull velocity be quired to move D <sub>90</sub> :	2.1	ft./sec.		
	D <sub>50</sub>	in.	Velocity fro	om Cross-Section data:	3.45	ft./sec.		
GOAL: Develop	confidence	by matching	•	om basic field data:	3.80	ft./sec.		
velocities	from differe	ent sources.	Velocity fro	om selected Q:	3.6	ft./sec.		
Channel Evolution	on Stage	II 🔻	Stream Ty	ype (Rosgen)				
Notes								
						ļ.		

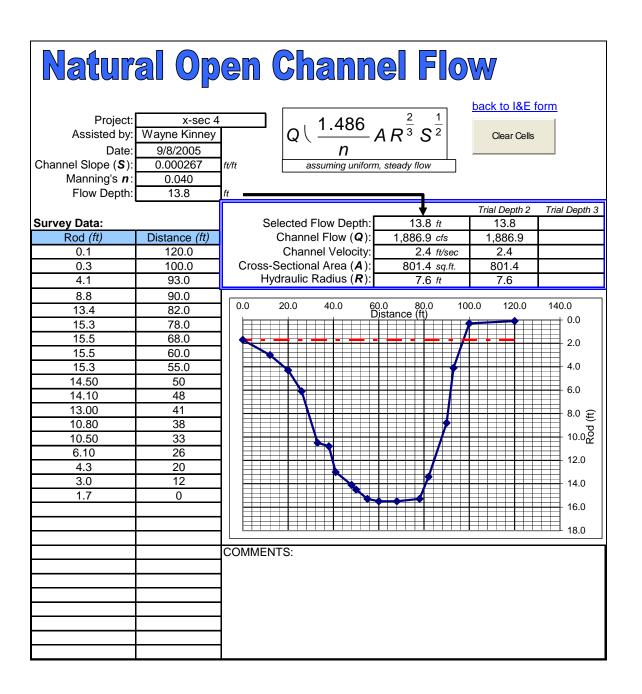




Stream Sta	bilizatio	on I & E Forn	n	ILLINOIS NRCS - Version 2.05- modified 9/12/04 R.Book				
County	Perry	<b>▼</b>	Т.	R.	Sec.			
Date	9/8/2	2005	Ву	Wayne Kinney	ı			
Stream Name Landowner Name		Beaucoup Creek x-sec 3		UTM Coord		E292932 N4227026		
Drainage Area		109.77 sq. mi.			Clear Cells			
Regional Curve F	Predictions:							
Bankfull dimension		Width Depth	93 ft. 5.8 ft.	Cross Sectional Area	544	sq. ft.		
Reference Stream	n Gage:							
Beaucoup Creek nea			<b>▼</b> D	Station No. 05599000 Orainage Area 292 sq.mi		Gage Q <sub>2</sub> 4720 cfs Regression 5300 cfs		
Perry County,		IL			CE STREAM DAT			
USOS Flood Box	1. Disabara	- Dra-listiana						
USGS Flood-Pea Valley Slope:	4.5 0.0009	e Predictions: ft./mi. (user-entere ft/mi (from worksho ft./ft.	•	( ) /	·) A	ression Q <sub>2</sub> 3163 cfs djusted Q <sub>2</sub> 2817 cfs nge for Bankfull Discharge: 1120 to 2260 cfs		
Local Stream Mo	rphology:							
Channel Des		(c) Clean, winding, s	some pools and shoals	;		▼		
Manning's "n"	0.04		Stream Ler	nath	ft.			
Basic Field Data:			Valley Leng		ft.			
Bankfull Width		64 ft.	Contour Int		feet			
Mean Bankfull De Width/Depth Ration		7.9 ft. 8.10	Estimated S	Sinuosity	_			
	- 1		Channel Slope		Bankfull Q from:			
Max. Bankfull De		9.9 ft. 2000 ft.	Surveyed:		Cross-Section Basic field data			
Width at twice ma	( 19.8 ft.)	2000 11.	Estimated:	π./π.	Selected Q			
Entrenchment Ra	` ,	31.25	Radius of C	urvature (Rc)	ft.	1300 0/3		
				ankfull width: 0.00				
	<u> </u>							
Bankfull Velocity Bedload:	Check: D <sub>90</sub>	_(typical Illinois stre 1		erage bankfull velocity bei quired to move D <sub>an</sub> :	tween 3 and 5 ft/se 2.1	ec.) ft./sec.		
	D <sub>50</sub>	in.	,	m Cross-Section data:	2.65	ft./sec.		
GOAL: Develop o			•	m basic field data:	2.84	ft./sec.		
	from differe		•	m selected Q:	2.7	ft./sec.		
Channel Evolution	n Stage	III <b>T</b>	Stream Ty	ype (Rosgen)				
Notes								



Stream St	abilizati	on I & E For	rm	ILLINOIS NRC	S - Version 2.0	05- modified 9/1.	2/04 R.Book	
County	Perry	•	Т	R.		Sec.		
Date	9/8	2005	Ву	Wayne Kinney				
Stream Name Landowner Nam	ne	Beaucoup Creek x-sec 4		UTM	Coord.		E292325 N	N4217075
Drainage Area		225.27 sq. m	ni.		Cle	ar Cells		
Regional Curve	Predictions	:						
Bankfull dimens		Width	123 ft. 7.2 ft.	Cross Sectional Ar	ea	886	sq. ft.	
Reference Strea	am Gage:						_	
Beaucoup Creek no	oor Motthous		_		9000	_	Gage Q <sub>2</sub>	4720 cfs
·	ear Matthews			Drainage Area 292 s			egression (	5300 cfs
Perry County,		IL		REFE	RENCE ST	REAM DATA	AONLY	
USGS Flood-Pe	ak Dischar	ge Predictions:						
Valley Slope:	0.0005	ft./mi. (user-ente ft/mi (from works ft./ft.	*	( ) ,	-	Ac		4314 cfs 3842 cfs full Discharge:
Local Stream Me	orpholoav:						1530	to 3080 cfs
Channel De	,	(a) Class winding		eele			<b>~</b>	
Manning's "n"	0.04	(c) Clean, winding	, some pools and sh	Oals				
		•	Stream	Length	ft.			
Basic Field Data:			Valley L	ength	ft.			
Bankfull Width		97 ft.	Contour		feet	•		
Mean Bankfull D Width/Depth Ra	•	8.26 ft.	Estimate	ed Sinuosity				
			Channel S	.,		kfull Q from:		_
Max. Bankfull De	•	13.8 ft. 2000 ft.	Survey Estimat			oss-Section sic field data		ofs ofs
Width at twice m	( 27.6 ft.)		Estimat	.led	Das	Selected Q		ofs
Entrenchment R	,	20.62	Radius o	f Curvature (Rc)	ft.	ocicolod Q	1340	210
					00			
Bankfull Velocity				average bankfull veloci	ty between			
Bedload:	D <sub>90</sub>	1 <b>▼</b> in.	·	required to move D <sub>90</sub> :			ft./sec.	
0041 Davidson	D <sub>50</sub>	in.	,	from Cross-Section da	ta:		ft./sec.	
GOAL: Develop		nt sources.	•	from basic field data:			ft./sec. ft./sec.	
velocities	inom amere	ent sources.	velocity	from selected Q:		2.4	IL/SEC.	
Channel Evolution	on Stage	v <u> </u>	Stream	n Type (Rosgen)				
Notes								-



Stream St	abilizati	on I & E For	rm	ILLINOIS NRCS - \	ersion 2.05- modified 9/1	12/04 R.Book
County	Perry	_	Т.	R.	Sec.	
Date	9/8/	2005	Ву	Wayne Kinney		
Stream Name Landowner Nam	ie	Beaucoup Creek x-sec 5	(	UTM Cod	rd.	E294015 N4208223
Drainage Area		278.27 sq. m	ni.		Clear Cells	
Regional Curve	Predictions	:				
Bankfull dimensi		Width Depth	134 ft. 7.7 ft.	Cross Sectional Area	1022	sq. ft.
Reference Strea	ım Gage:					
Beaucoup Creek no	oor Motthouse		-	Station No. <u>0559900</u>		Gage Q <sub>2</sub> 4720 cfs
· ·	eai Matthews			Drainage Area 292 sq.r		egression ( <u>5300 cfs</u>
Perry County,		IL		REFERE	NCE STREAM DAT	A UNLY
USGS Flood-Pe	ak Dischar	ge Predictions:				
Valley Slope:	2.1	ft./mi. (user-ente	red)		Regi	ression Q <sub>2</sub> 4556 cfs
		ft/mi (from works	sheet) Rain	nfall 3.50 in (2 yr, 24 i	hr) A	djusted Q <sub>2</sub> 4058 cfs
	0.0004	ft./ft.	Regional Fac		•	ge for Bankfull Discharge:
		•	· ·		7.	1620 to 3250 cfs
Local Stream Mo	orphology:					
Channel De	escription:	(c) Clean winding	, some pools and sh	nals		<b>~</b>
Manning's "n"	0.04	(c) Clear, wiriding	, some pools and sm	Udis		•
			Stream	Length	ft.	
Basic Field Data:			Valley L	ength	ft.	
Bankfull Width		100 ft.	Contour	Interval	feet 🔻	
Mean Bankfull D	epth	9.06 ft.	Estimate	ed Sinuosity		
Width/Depth Rat	tio	11.04				
			Channel S	.,	Bankfull Q from:	
Max. Bankfull De	•	14.6 ft.	Survey		Cross-Section	
Width at twice m	•	2000 ft.	Estimat	ted: ft./ft.	Basic field data	2398 cfs
Fatura a alama a at D	( 29.2 ft.)		Dadius s	f Commentume (De)	Selected Q	2156 cfs
Entrenchment R	atio	20.00		f Curvature (Rc)	ft.	
			K	c/Bankfull width: 0.00		
Bankfull Velocity	Check	(typical Illinois st	reams will have	average bankfull velocity b	etween 3 and 5 ft/se	ec.)
Bedload:	D <sub>90</sub>	1 <b>▼</b> in.		required to move D <sub>90</sub> :	2.1	ft./sec.
	D <sub>50</sub>	in.	Velocity	from Cross-Section data:	2.14	ft./sec.
GOAL: Develop	confidence	by matching	Velocity	from basic field data:	2.65	ft./sec.
velocities	from differe	ent sources.	Velocity	from selected Q:	2.4	ft./sec.
Channel Evolution	on Stage	V	Stream	n Type (Rosgen)		
Notes						

