Science Assessment to Support an Illinois Nutrient Loss Reduction Strategy

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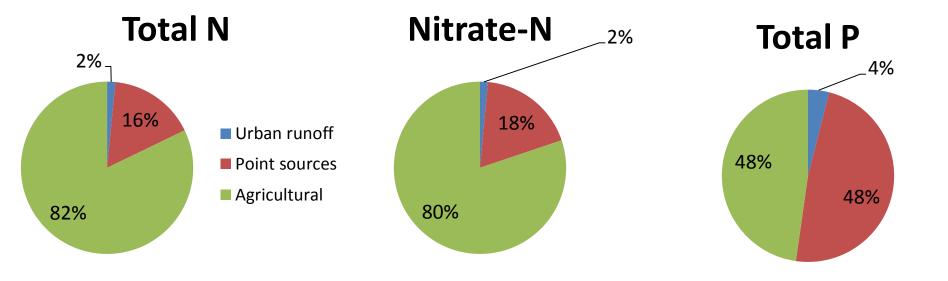




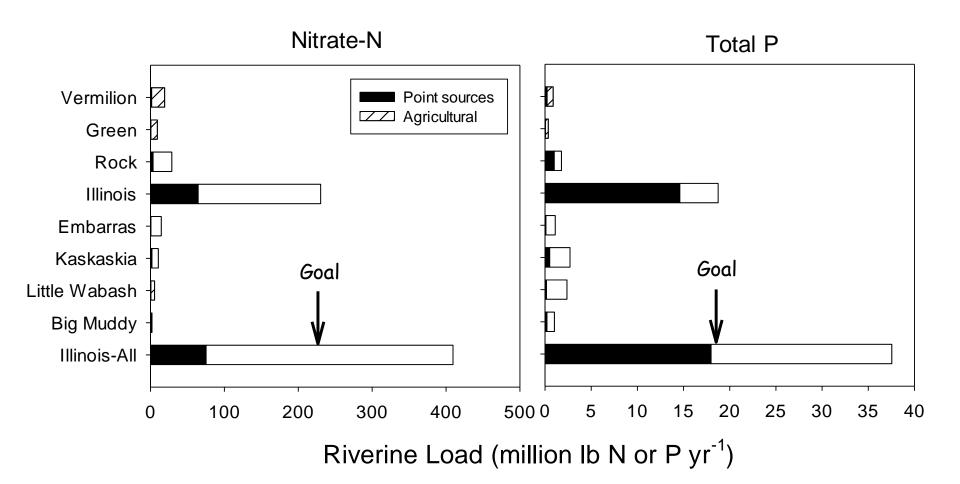
Riverine N and P Fluxes

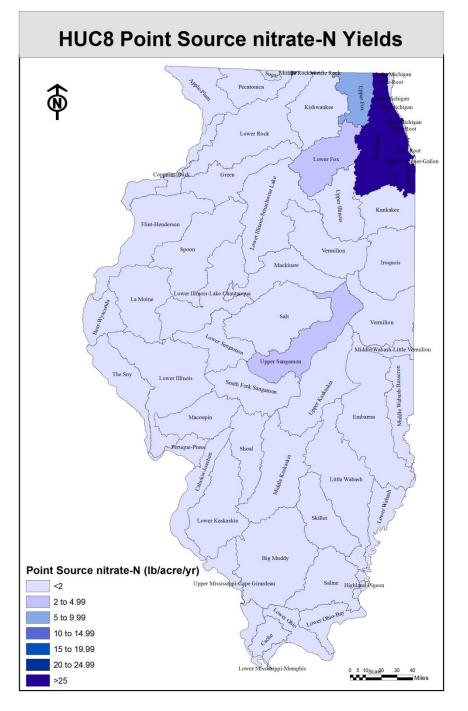
	Water	Nitrate-N	Total N	DRP	Total P	
	1012 ft³ yr-1	million lb N or P yr ⁻¹				
David & Gentry (2000)	1.6		538		31.3	
1980-1996	1.70	404	527	15.4	34.0	
1997-2011	1.72	410	536	18.5	37.5	
Urban runoff		6.0	8.3		1.5	
Point sources		75.2	87.3		18.1	
		P	ercent of 199	7-2011 load		
Point sources		18.4	16.3		48	
David & Gentry (2000)			16		47	

Illinois Nutrient Sources

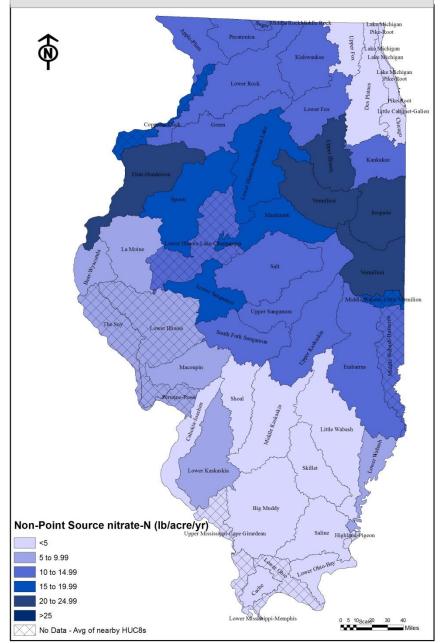


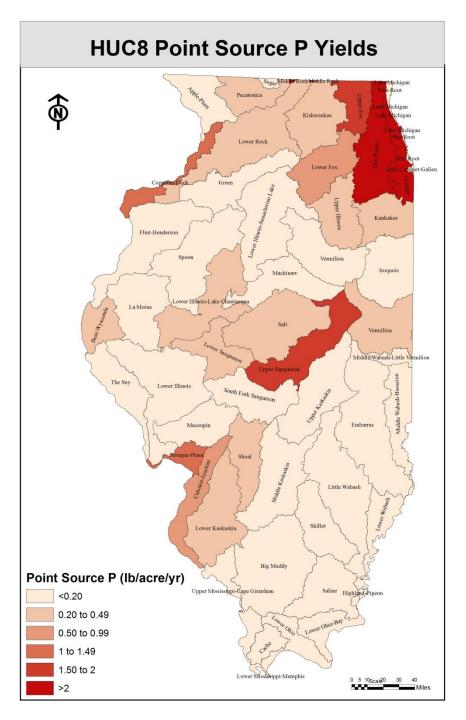
Point and agricultural sources (1997-2011)

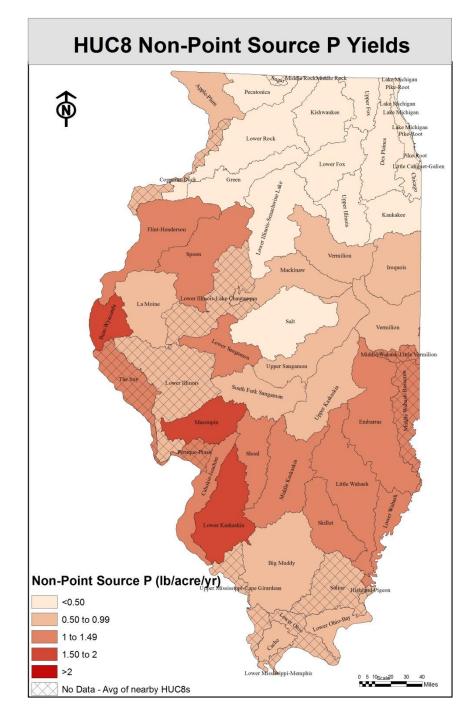




HUC8 Non-Point Source nitrate-N Yields







Point and non-point source N and P by HUC8 with impaired stream miles and lake acres.xlsx - Microsoft Excel												
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A	В	С	D	E	F G		Н		1	J	K	LN
				Non-point								Non-point
1		Total for HUC8	Point source	source						Total for HUC8	Point source	source
2 Name	HUC8	Ibs N/acre/yr	Ibs N/acre/yr	lbs N/acre/yr		Name			HUC8	Ibs N/acre/yr	Ibs N/acre/yr	lbs N/acre/yr
3	7100004	40.00	40.00	0.00		The Lie			700040	1 24.00	0.40	02.04
4 Des Plaines 5 Chicago	7120004 7120003	40.90				Upper II	nderson		708010 712000			23.61 23.49
6 Middle Rock	7090002	27.17	12.88			Vermilio			712000			23.49
7 Upper Fox	7120006	9.25	9.25			Iroquois			712000			22.01
8 Lower Fox	7120000	14.09	3.87				on (Wabash)		512010			20.28
9 Upper Sangamon	7120007	14.05	2.18			Mackin			713000			19.87
10 Copperas-Duck	7080101	18.88	1.94				linois-Senach	wine Lak				18.32
11 Vermilion (Wabash)	5120109	21.94	1.66			Spoon	inters Centaen	wine Eak	713000			17.56
12 Cahokia-Joachim	7140101	2.50	1.60				as-Duck		708010			16.94
13 Lower Rock	7090005	15.43					Sangamon		713000			16.72
14 Kishwaukee	7090006	14.18	1.30				Wabash-Lil V	erm	512010			15.73
15 Lower Sangamon	7130008	17.93				Salt			713000			14.76
16 Lower Kaskaskia	7140204	6.42				Sugar			709000			14.59
17 Salt	7130009	15.79				Pecator	nica		709000		4 0.76	14.59
18 Bear-Wyaconda	7110001	6.78	0.89	5.89		Middle	Rock		709000	2 27.1	7 12.88	14.29
19 Lower Illinois-Lake Chautauqua	7130003	14.90	0.88	14.01		Lower II	linois-Lake Cl	hautauqu	a 713000	3 14.90	0.88	14.01
20 South Fork Sangamon	7130007	14.18	0.81	13.38		Lower F	lock		709000	5 15.43	3 1.45	13.98
21 Pecatonica	7090003	15.34	0.76	14.59		Upper S	angamon		713000	6 15.6	6 2.18	13.48
22 Big Muddy	7140106	1.43	0.71	0.72		South F	ork Sangamo	n	713000	7 14.18	8 0.81	13.38
23 Lower Illinois-Senachwine Lake	7130001	18.82				Apple-F			706000			13.24
24 Flint-Henderson	7080104	24.08				Kishwa	ukee		709000			12.88
25 La Moine	7130010	9.63	0.42			Green			709000			12.51
26 Vermilion (IL)	7130002	22.57	0.42			Kankak			712000			12.30
27 Shoal	7140203	3.39					laskaskia		714020			11.37
28 Kankakee	7120001	12.67	0.37				as (Lawrence		512011			11.17
29 Embarras (Lawrenceville)	5120112	11.51	0.34				Wabash-Buss	seron	512011			11.17
30 Upper Illinois	7120005	23.82				Lower F			712000			10.23
31 Middle Wabash-Lil Verm	5120108	16.06				La Moir			713001			9.22
32 Lower Illinois	7130011	8.12				Lower I			713001			7.79
33 Upper Kaskaskia	7140201	11.69				Macoup			713001			6.89
34 Little Wabash	5120114	3.49				The Sn			711000			6.84
35 Lower Ohio	5140206	1.34	0.32			Lower V			512011			6.51
36 Middle Wabash-Busseron	5120111	11.46					yaconda		711000			5.89
37 Spoon	7130005	17.84	0.28	17.56		Lower P	laskaskia		714020			5.30

37 Spoon 7130005 17.84 0.28 17.56 Lower Kaskaskia 7140204 6.42 1.12 7130012 7.14 0.25 6.89 7110009 5.29 0.10 Peruque-Piasa 38 Macoupin 39 Middle Kaskaskia 7140202 3.57 0.23 3.34 Chicago 7120003 41.75 38.35 40 Upper Miss/Cape Girardeau 7140105 2.24 0.22 2.02 Middle Kaskaskia 7140202 3.57 0.23 5140204 0.87 41 Saline 1.07 0.20 Little Wabash 5120114 3.49 0.32 42 Mackinaw 7130004 20.07 0.20 19.87 Shoal 7140203 3.39 0.39 7090007 12.65 12.51 2.69 43 Green 0.14 Highland-Pigeon 5140202 0.00 13.38 13.24 2.24 0.22 44 Apple-Plum 7060005 0.14 Upper Miss/Cape Girardeau 7140105 7120002 45 Iroquois 22.12 0.11 22.01 Skillet 5120115 1.69 0.01 46 Peruque-Piasa 7110009 5.29 5.19 0.10 Cache 7140108 1.34 0.00 47 Skillet 5120115 1.69 0.01 1.69 Lower Ohio 5140206 1.34 0.32

5.19

3.40

3.34

3.17

3.00

2.69

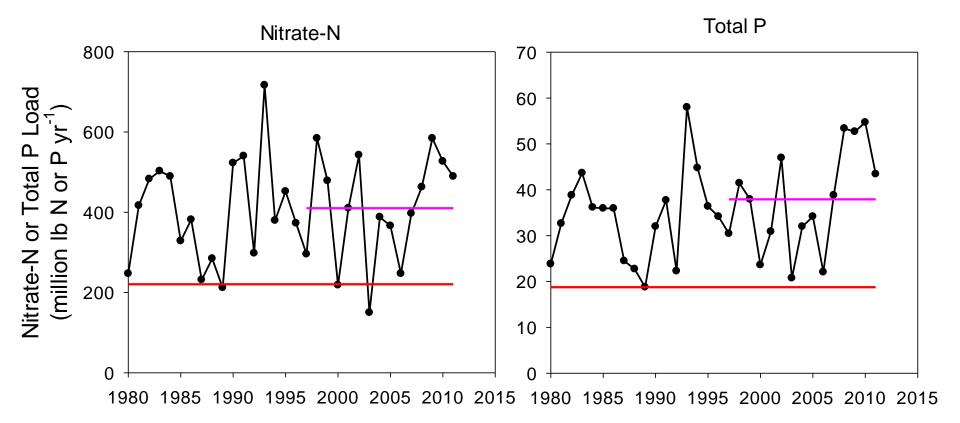
2.02

1.69

1.34

1.02

Nitrate-N and Total P Targets



Red line is target, purple is average 1997 to 2011

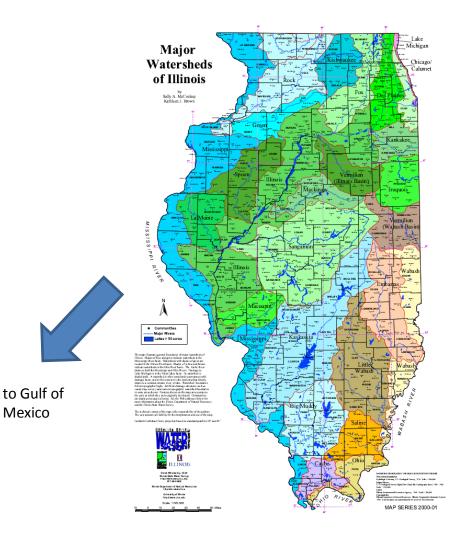
Point Source P Estimates

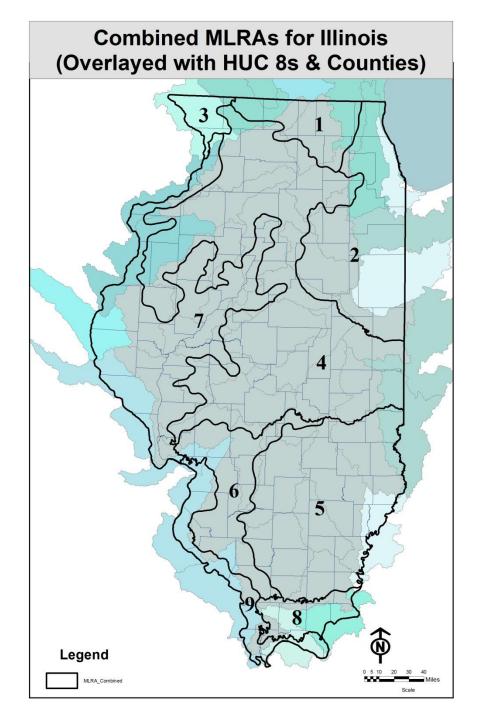
Point Source Limit (mg P/L)	million lb of P reduced	% of target (18.8 million lb P)
All majors to 1 mg/L standard (0.7 mg P/L actual)	10.4	55
Top 20 majors to 0.7	6.1	32
Top 30 majors to 0.7	7.0	37
Top 50 majors to 0.7	7.8	41
All majors to 0.3	13.1	70
Top 20 majors to 0.3	8.0	42
Top 30 majors to 0.3	8.9	47
Top 50 majors to 0.3	9.9	52

Total P from point sources currently ~18.1 million lb P per year

Possible intermediate reduction goal

- 30% total P reduction by 2025
 - top 50 majors
 reduce total P to 0.7
 mg P/L (21%)
 - buffers and cover crops (9%)
- 20% nitrate-N reduction by 2025
 - fertilizer timing,
 cover crops, buffers,
 and bioreactors
 (20%)





Nitrate Yield by MLRA

Combined MLRA	Description	Drained cropland (acres)	Nitrate-N yield per row crop acre (lb N/acre/yr)	Nitrate-N yield per tile drained acre (lb N/acre/yr)	Nitrate-N yield from non-tiled land (lb N/acre/yr)
MLRA 1	Northern Illinois drift plain	288,491	20.4	43	6.6
MLRA 2	Northeastern Illinois heavy till plain	2,063,695	25.0	29	10.8
MLRA 3	Northern Mississippi Valley	20,942	31.3		31.3
MLRA 4	Deep loess and drift	5,437,807	19.6	26	9.9
MLRA 5	Claypan	310,087	6.6		6.6
MLRA 6	Thin loess and till	226,971	7.4	30	3.5
MLRA 7	Central Mississippi Valley, Northern Part	1,284,588	24.5	46	11.8
MLRA 8	Sandstone and shale hills and valleys	49,565	3.9		3.9
MLRA 9	Central Mississippi Valley, Western Part	23,769	4.0		4.0

Cost analysis

• Gary Schnitkey

- agricultural costs per acre

- Mark David
 - point source costs
 - N loss reduction costs
- Greg McIsaac
 - P loss reduction costs

Agricultural Cost Estimates

- No changes in corn and soybean yields across scenarios
- No reduction in nitrogen application rates with timing changes
- Up front costs amortized over 20 years at 6% interest rate

Costs per acre

	Practice/Scenario	Cost Per Acre	Notes
	Reducing N rate from background to the MRTN (10% of acres)	-\$8	Reduce N rates (20 pounds)
	Nitrification inhibitor with all fall applied fertilizer on tile- drained corn acres	\$7	Cost of inhibitor
In-field	Split (50%) fall and spring (50%) on tile-drained corn acres	\$17	Additional field pass, switch to N solutions
	Fall to spring on tile-drained corn acres	\$18	Switch to N solutions, higher ammonia price, additional application costs
	Cover crops on all corn/soybean tile-drained acres	\$29	Aerial applications of cereal rye
	Cover crops on all corn/soybean non-tiled acres	\$29	Aerial applications of cereal rye
	Bioreactors on 50% of tile-drained land	\$17	Upfront costs of \$133 per acre
Edge-of- field	Wetlands on 25% of tile-drained land	\$60	5% of farmland out of production Major cost is land (\$11,000)
Edge field	Buffers on all applicable crop land (reduction only for water that interacts with active area)	\$294 per buffer acre	Land costs plus \$50 planting, \$10 yearly maintenance
Land use change	Perennial/energy crops equal to pasture/hay acreage from 1987	\$86	Less profit compared to corn-soybean rotation
Lancha	Perennial/energy crops on 10% of tile-drained land	\$86	Less profit compared to corn-soybean rotation

P Reduction Practices

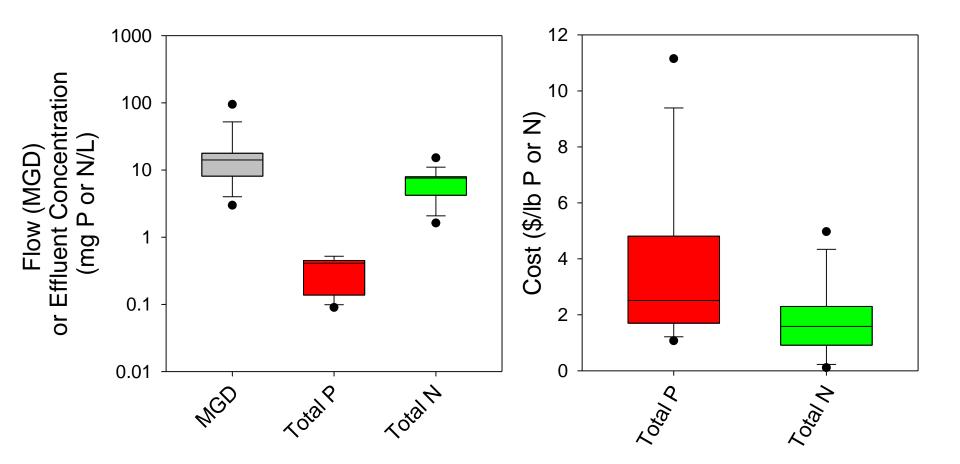
- Reduce tillage: -\$16 per acre
 One less field pass
- Eliminate P application for six years: -\$15 per acre
 - Eliminate 6 years of applications, spread over 20 years to draw down P reserves
- Incorporate P: \$6 per acre
 Additional application costs

Point Source Costs

- dependent on size of facility
 costs >>>> for smaller STP's (< 1-2 MGD)
- great variability among STP's
- used data from:
 - North Shore Sanitary District
 - three plant cost analysis
 - USEPA 2008 Municipal Nutrient Removal Technologies report
 - eight plant case study
- more data to come, cost per lb likely to increase

Point Source Cost Summary

(more estimates to be added)



Median \$2.92/lb P \$1.72 lb/N

Example Statewide Results for N

	Practice/Scenario	Nitrate- N reduction per acre (%)	Nitrate- N reduced (million Ib N)	Nitrate-N Reduction % (from baseline)	Cost (\$/lb N removed)
	Baseline		410		
	Reducing N rate from background to the MRTN (10% of acres)	10	2.3	0.6	-4.25
p	Nitrification inhibitor with all fall applied fertilizer on tile-drained corn acres	10	4.3	1.0	2.33
In-field	Split (50%) fall and spring (50%) on tile-drained corn acres	7.5 to 10	13	3.1	6.22
	Fall to spring on tile-drained corn acres	15 to 20	26	6.4	3.17
	Cover crops on all corn/soybean tile-drained acres	30	84	20.5	3.21
	Cover crops on all corn/soybean non-tiled acres	30	32	7.9	11.33
of-	Bioreactors on 50% of tile-drained land	40	56	13.6	1.38
Edge-of- field	Wetlands on 25% of tile-drained land	40	35	8.5	4.05
Ed fie	Buffers on all applicable crop land (reduction only for water that interacts with active area)	90	36	8.7	1.63
Land use change	Perennial/energy crops equal to pasture/hay acreage from 1987	90	10	2.5	9.72
	Perennial/energy crops on 10% of tile-drained land	90	25	6.1	3.18
Point source	Point source reduction to 10 mg nitrate-N/L		14	3.4	1.72
Point sourc	Point source reduction in N due to biological nutrient removal for P		8	1.8	

Example Statewide Results for P

	Practice/Scenario	Total P reduction per acre (%)	Total P reduced (million lb P)	Total P Reduction % (from baseline)	Cost (\$/Ib P removed)
	Baseline		37.5		
	Convert 1.8 million acres of conventional till eroding >T to reduced, mulch or no-till	50	1.8	5.0	-16.60
In-field	P rate reduction on fields with soil test P above the recommended maintenance level	7	1.9	5.0	-97.50
Ц	Cover crops on all corn/soybean acres	30	5.7	15.2	109.40
	Cover crops on 1.6 million acres eroding>T currently in reduced, mulch or no-till	50	1.9	5.0	24.50
	Incorporation of all P fertilizers	25	Unknown area	Unknown	
Edge- of-field	Wetlands on 25% of tile-drained land	0	0	0.0	
Edg of-f	Buffers on all applicable crop land	25-50	4.8	12.9	11.97
	Perennial/energy crops equal to pasture/hay acreage from 1987	90	1.0	2.7	93.59
Land use change	Perennial/energy crops on 1.6 million acres>T currently in reduced, mulch or no-till	90	3.5	9.0	40.40
Lan cha	Perennial/energy crops on 10% of tile- drained land	50	0.3	0.8	250.07
Point source	Point source reduction to 0.5 mg total P/L		11.7	31.2	2.92

University of Illinois Science Team Website

http://biogeochemistry.nres.illinois.edu/Biogeochem_lab/Illinois_Science_Assessment.html



Overall Comparison of Nitrate-N Practices

	Nitrate-N Reduction	Cost of N Reduction	Other Benefits (Ecosystem Services)
Practice/Scenario	% (from baseline)	(\$/lb)	
Reducing nitrogen application rate from background to the MRTN	9	-0.58	
Cover crops (rye) on ALL CS and CC acres	28	5.96	++
Install Wetlands to treat 45% of the ag acres	22	1.38	++
Install Denitrification Bioreactors on all tile drained acres	18	0.92	
Install Buffers on all applicable lands	7	1.91	++
Installing Controlled Drainage on all applicable acres	2	1.29	
Perennial crops (energy crops) on ~6.5 million acres	18	21.46	++

Overall Comparison of Phosphorus Practices

	P Reduction	Cost of P Reduction	Other Benefits (Ecosystem Services)
Practice/Scenario	% (from baseline)	(\$/lb)	
Cover crops (rye) on ALL CS and CC acres	50	60	++
Convert all tillage to no-till	39	14	++
P rate reduction in MLRA's that have high to very high soil test P	7	-110	
Establish streamside buffers (35ft) on all crop land	18	14	++
Perennial crops (energy crops) equal to pasture/hay acreage from 1987	29	238	++
Pasture and Land Retirement to equal acreage of Pasture/Hay and CRP from 1987	9	120	++