NPDES Permit No. IL0068144 Notice No. IL0068144-15.JML

Public Notice Beginning Date: August 12, 2015

Public Notice Ending Date: September 11, 2015

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)
Permit Program

Draft Reissued NPDES Permit to Discharge into Waters of the State

Public Notice/Fact Sheet Issued By:

Illinois EPA
Bureau of Water
Division of Water Pollution Control
Permit Section
Facility Evaluation Unit
1021 North Grand Avenue East
Post Office Box 19276
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276
217/782-3362

Name and Address of Discharger:

Name and Address of Facility:

Mississippi Lime Company 16147 US Highway 61 Ste Genevieve. Mo 63670 Prairie du Rocher Mine Route 1 (Bluff Road) Prairie du Rocher, IL. 62277 (Randolph & Monroe County)

The Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) has made a tentative determination to issue a NPDES Permit to discharge into the waters of the state and has prepared a draft Permit and associated fact sheet for the above named discharger. The Public Notice period will begin and end on the dates indicated in the heading of this Public Notice/Fact Sheet. The last day comments will be received will be on the Public Notice period ending date unless a commentor demonstrating the need for additional time requests an extension to this comment period and the request is granted by the IEPA. Interested persons are invited to submit written comments on the draft permit to the IEPA at the above address. Commentors shall provide his or her name and address and the nature of the issues proposed to be raised and the evidence proposed to be presented with regards to those issues. Commentors may include a request for public hearing. Persons submitting comments and/or requests for public hearing shall also send a copy of such comments or requests to the permit applicant. The NPDES permit and notice number(s) must appear on each comment page.

The application, engineer's review notes including load limit calculations, Public Notice/Fact Sheet, draft permit, comments received, and other documents are available for inspection and may be copied at the IEPA between 9:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. Monday through Friday when scheduled by the interested person.

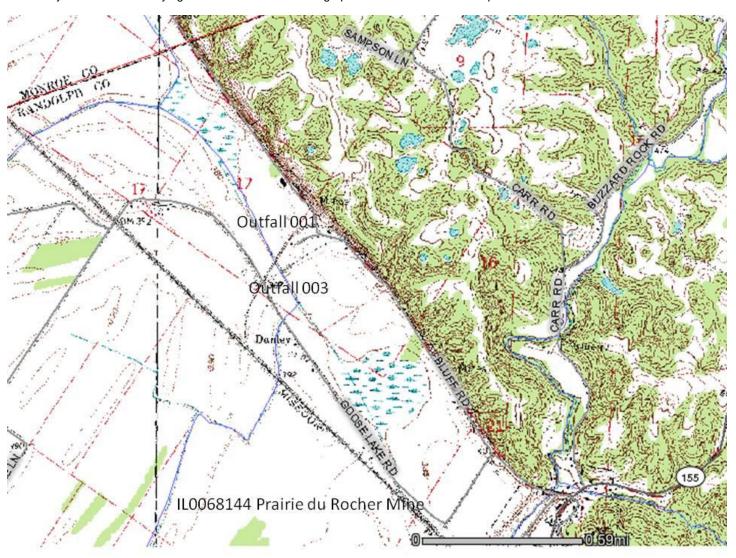
If written comments or requests indicate a significant degree of public interest in the draft permit, the permitting authority may, at its discretion, hold a public hearing. Public notice will be given 45 days before any public hearing. Response to comments will be provided when the final permit is issued. For further information, please call Jenny Larsen at 217/785-3438.

The applicant is engaged in underground limestone mining and limestone processing plant (SIC3274). Wastewater is generated from pit pumpage and stormwater runoff. Plant operation results in an average discharge of 0.1 MGD of mine dewatering discharge from outfall 001 and 0.1 MGD of stormwater runoff from outfall 003.

Application is made for new and existing discharges which are located in Randolph County, Illinois. The following information identifies the discharge point, receiving stream and stream classifications:

Outfall	Receiving Stream	Latitude		Longitude		Stream Classification	Biological Stream Characterization
001	Big Spring tributary to One Mile Race Creek	38*06'1.55"	North	90*06'43.72"	West	General use	Not Rated
003	Unnamed tributary to One Mile Race Creek	38*05'5253"	North	90*06'55.05"	West	General Use	Not Rated

To assist you further in identifying the location of the discharge please see the attached map.



The stream segment receiving the discharge from outfall(s) 001 and 003 are not listed on the 303 (d) list of impaired waters.

The discharge(s) from the facility shall be monitored and limited at all times as follows:

Outfall: 001

		ITS lbs/day (DMF)					
PARAMETER	30 DAY AVERAGE	DAILY MAXIMUM	RE	GULATION	30 DAY AVERAGE	DAILY MAXIMUM	REGULATION
Total Suspended Solids					35	70	406.106
рН		406.106					
Offensive Conditions	No effluent scum or s	406.107					

Outfall: 003

		ITS lbs/day (DMF)			CONCEN LIMIT				
PARAMETER	30 DAY AVERAGE	DAILY MAXIMUM	REGULA	ATION	30 DAY AVERAGE	DAILY MAXIMUM	REGULATION		
Total Suspended Solids					15	30	304.124		
рН		304.125							
Oil & Grease					15	30	304.124		
Mercury	Monitor Only						304.126		

NPDES Permit No. IL0068144

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

Division of Water Pollution Control

1021 North Grand Avenue East

Post Office Box 19276

Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

Reissued (NPDES) Permit

Expiration Date: Issue Date: Effective Date:

Name and Address of Permittee: Facility Name and Address:

Mississippi Lime Company
16147 US Highway 61
Ste Genevieve, Mo 63670
Prairie du Rocher Mine
Route 1 (Bluff Road)
Prarie du Rocher, IL. 62277
(Randolph & Monroe County)

Discharge Number and Name: Receiving Waters:

001 Non-Coal OutfallBig Springs tributary to One Mile Race Creek003 Stormwater Runoff OutfallUnnamed tributary to One Mile Race Creek

In compliance with the provisions of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act, Title 35 of Ill. Adm. Code, Subtitle C and/or Subtitle D, Chapter 1, and the Clean Water Act (CWA), the above-named permittee is hereby authorized to discharge at the above location to the above-named receiving stream in accordance with the standard conditions and attachments herein.

Permittee is not authorized to discharge after the above expiration date. In order to receive authorization to discharge beyond the expiration date, the permittee shall submit the proper application as required by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) not later than 180 days prior to the expiration date.

Alan Keller, P.E. Manager, Permit Section Division of Water Pollution Control

SAK:JMLIL0068144

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Effluent Limitations and Monitoring

From the effective date of this permit until the expiration date, the effluent of the following discharge(s) shall be monitored and limited at all times as follows:

		LOAD LIMITS lbs/day DAF (DMF)			CONCENTRATION LIMITS mg/l					
PARAMETER		30 DAY AVERAGE		DAILY MAXIMUM	30 DAY AVERAGE		DAILY MAXIMUM	SAMPLE FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE	
Outfall: 001 Flow (MGD)								**		
Flow (MGD)										
Total Suspended Solids					35		70	***	****	
рН		Shall be in the Range of 6 to 9 Standard Units. The monthly minimum monthly gra and maximum shall be reported on the DMR								
Offensive Conditions		oil, grease, s	cum d	ontain settle a or sludge solid y visible levels		monthly	Visual Inspection			
Outfall: 003	Juffall: 003									
Flow (MGD)						**				
Total Suspended Solids					15		30	***	***	
Hq		Shall be in the range of 6-9 Standard Units						monthly	grab	
Oil & Grease					15	***	****			
Mercury*					Monitor only		***	Grab		

^{*} Utilize USEPA Method 1631E and the digestion procedure described in Section 11.1.1.2 of 1631E. Reporting limit shall not exceed 1 ng/L = 1 part per trillion.

pH shall be reported as a minimum and maximum.

Discharge sampling and monitoring must be representative of the discharges from the facility considering factors such as frequency, duration and intensity of precipitation runoff and operational practices that effect discharge quality.

^{**} Effluent sampling for flow shall be continuous if hardware allows otherwise it shall be a single reading when monitoring each parameter. Flows shall be reported as a monthly average on the Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMR).

^{***} Samples shall be taken three times a month as separate grab samples or one time a month as a composite sample.

^{****} Composite samples shall consist of at least 3 sample aliquots of approximately equal volume of at least 100 milliliters each, collected at periodic intervals within a 24-hour period. If the permittee elects to take and analyze grab samples, in lieu of a composite sample then: 1) if the discharge is expected to occur on only a single day, three grab samples may be taken within a single 24-hour period or, 2) if the discharge is expected to occur on more than one day three separate grab samples shall be taken over more than one day to represent the monthly discharge. The one composite sample or three grab samples shall be representative of the discharge over the calendar month. The analysis results of each composite and grab sample shall be reported on the Discharge Monitoring Reports.

Special Conditions

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 1.</u> <u>Permit Coverage:</u> For the purpose of this permit, the covered discharges through the non-coal outfalls are limited to storm water discharges, and groundwater seepage free from process and other wastewater discharges. Stormwater runoff discharges and certain non-stormwater discharges are covered by Special Condition 6 of this permit.

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 2.</u> <u>Sampling:</u> Samples taken in compliance with the effluent monitoring requirements shall be taken at a point representative of the discharge, but prior to entry into the receiving stream.

SPECIAL CONDITION 3. Discharge Monitoring Reports: The Permittee shall record monitoring results on discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) Forms using one such form for each outfall each month. If there is no discharge during a reporting period, a Discharge Monitoring Report shall be submitted stating that no discharge occurred during that particular month. The Permittee may choose to submit electronic DMRs (eDMRs) instead of mailing paper DMRs to the IEPA. More information about the eDMR program, including registration, can be obtained on the IEPA website at http://www.epa.state.il.us/water/edmr/index.html. The completed DMR forms shall be submitted monthly to the IEPA no later than the 15th day of the following month, unless otherwise specified by the IEPA. Permittees not using eDMRs shall mail the DMRs with original signature to the following address:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Division of Water Pollution Control 1021 North Grand Avenue East Post Office Box 19276 Springfield, IL 62794-9276

Attn: Compliance Assurance Section, Mail Code #19

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 4</u>. The permittee shall notify the Agency in writing by certified mail within thirty days of abandonment, cessation, or suspension of active mining for thirty days or more unless caused by a labor dispute. During cessation or suspension of active mining, whether caused by a labor dispute or not, the permittee shall provide whatever interim impoundment, drainage diversion, and wastewater treatment is necessary to avoid violations of the Act or Subtitle D, Chapter 1.

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 5.</u> Mining excavation shall maintain minimum setback of 200 feet from the potable wells, pursuant to Section 14.2 of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act. Mining excavation operations shall maintain a minimum setback of 400 feet from Public Water Supply wells, pursuant to Section 14.2 of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act.

SPECIAL CONDITION 6. Storm Water Discharges: The Illinois Environmental Protection Agency has determined that the effluent limitations for the outfall(s) in this permit constitute BAT/BCT for storm water which is treated in the existing treatment facilities for purposes of this permit issuance, and no pollution prevention plan will be required for such storm water. This does not preclude the use of pollution prevention techniques as a means or partial means of meeting the effluent limits. In addition to the chemical specific monitoring required elsewhere in this permit, the permittee shall conduct an annual inspection of the facility site to identify areas contributing to a storm water discharge associated with mining and determine whether any facility modifications have occurred which result in previously treated storm water discharges no longer receiving treatment. If any such discharges are identified, the permittee shall request a modification of this permit within 30 days after the inspection. Records of the annual inspection shall be retained by the permittee for the term of this permit and shall be made available to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency upon request.

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 7.</u> <u>Prohibited Storm Water Discharges</u>: This permit is not applicable to storm water discharges from the following facilities:

- a. Hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal facilities.
- b. Storm water discharges associated with inactive mining occurring on Federal lands where an operator cannot be identified.

SPECIAL CONDITION 8. Oil and Hazardous Substance Liability: Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties to which the permittee is or may be subject under section 311 of the CWA.

SPECIAL CONDITION 9. Oil and Hazardous Substance Discharge Prohibition: This permit does not authorize the discharge of hazardous substances or oil resulting from an on-site spill, and does not supersede any reporting requirements for spills or releases of hazardous substances or oil.

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 10</u>. <u>Bulk Storage and Hazardous Waste Containment Area</u>: Provisions for handling storm water from bulk storage and hazardous waste containment areas.

Special Conditions

- a. This permit does not authorize the discharge of storm water collected in containment areas at bulk storage and hazardous waste facilities where the storm water becomes contaminated by direct contact with a spill or release of stored materials into the containment area. Such storm water should be handled properly by on-site treatment or hauling off-site for treatment and disposal.
- b. Where a spill or release to a dry containment area occurs, the permittee shall institute procedures to clean up the spill in order to prevent contamination of any storm water, which subsequently collects in the containment area. Where these procedures are followed, collected storm water may be discharged; following visual inspection to assure that the storm water contains no unnatural turbidity, color, oil films, foams, settleable solids, or deposits.
- c. Storage piles of salt used for deicing or other commercial or industrial purposes must be enclosed or covered to prevent exposure to precipitation (except for exposure resulting from adding or removing materials from the pile). Piles of salt do not need to be enclosed or covered where storm water from the pile is not discharged to waters of the state or the discharges from the piles are authorized under another permit.

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 11</u>. <u>Reopener</u>: This permit may be modified to include different discharge limitations or other requirements which are consistent with applicable laws, regulations, or judicial orders. The Agency will public notice the permit modification.

SPECIAL CONDITION 12: Definitions:

- "Commencement of Mining" means the initial disturbance of soils associated with clearing, grading, or excavating activities or other mining activities.
- "Mine Area or Mined Area" means the surface and subsurface land where mining has occurred or is occurring. The term does not include the unmined surface land directly above underground mine workings which is not otherwise disturbed by mining activities.
- "Mine Process Wastewater or Process Wastewater" means waters used for or generated from: cooling of mining and mine processing equipment; mineral processing plants; cleaning mining and mining processing equipment; air emission controls (e.g, dust control); pit pumpage; pit overflows; mine dewatering; sedimentation ponds; or surface runoff from disturbed areas that contain mine refuse; chemical spillage; other wastes or acid producing materials.
- "Mining" means the surface or underground extraction or processing of natural deposits of, gravel, sand or stone by the use of any mechanical operation or process. The term also includes the recovery or processing of the minerals from a mine refuse area. It does not include drilling for oil or natural gas.
- "Mining Activities" means all activities on a facility which are directly in furtherance of mining, including activities before, during and after mining. The term does not include land acquisition, exploratory drilling, surveying and similar activities. The term includes, but is not limited to, the following:
 - a) Preparation of land for mining activities;
 - b) Construction of mine related facilities which could generate refuse, result in a discharge or have the potential to cause water pollution;
 - c) Ownership or control of a mine related facility;
 - d) Ownership or control of a coal storage yard or transfer facility;
 - e) Generation or disposal of mine refuse;
 - f) Mining;
 - g) Opening a mine;
 - h) Production of a mine discharge or non-point source mine discharge;
 - i) Surface drainage control; and
 -) Use of acid-producing mine refuse.
- "Non-coal Outfalls" means point sources that discharge mine dewatering waters, process wastewaters, pit pumpage or pit overflows.
- "Point Source" means any discernible, confined, and discrete conveyance, including but not limited to, any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, concentrated animal feeding operation, mine discharge, landfill leachate collection system, vessel or other floating craft from which pollutants are or may be discharged. This term does not include return flows from irrigated agriculture or agricultural storm water runoff.
- "Storm Water" means storm water runoff, snow melt runoff, surface runoff and drainage.
- "Storm Water Discharges" means discharges that contain only storm water.
- "Storm Water Associated with Industrial Activity at a Mining Site" means the discharge from any conveyance which is used for collecting and conveying storm water and which is directly related to manufacturing, processing or raw materials storage areas at a mining site. The term does not include discharges from facilities or activities excluded from the NPDES program. For the categories of mining sites identified in subparagraphs (i), (ii) and (iii) of this subsection definition, the term includes, but is not limited to, storm water

Special Conditions

discharges from industrial plant yards; immediate access roads and rail lines used or traveled by carriers of raw materials, manufactured products, waste material, or by-products used or created by the facility; material handling sites; refuse sites; sites used for the application or disposal of process waste waters (as defined at 40 CFR 401); sites used for the storage and maintenance of material handling equipment; sites used for residual treatment, storage, or disposal; shipping and receiving areas; manufacturing buildings; storage areas (including tank farms) for raw materials, and intermediate and finished products; and areas where industrial activity has taken place in the past and significant materials remain and are exposed to storm water. For the purposes of this paragraph, material handling activities include the: storage, loading and unloading, transportation, or conveyance of any raw material, intermediate product, finished product, by-product or waste product. The term excludes areas located on plant lands separate from the plant's industrial activities, such as office buildings and accompanying parking lots as long as the drainage from the excluded areas is not mixed with storm water drained from the above described areas. Industrial facilities (including industrial facilities that are Federally or municipally owned or operated) that meet the description of the facilities listed in this paragraph (i), (ii) and (iii) include those facilities designated under 40 CFR 122.26(a)(1)(v). The following categories of facilities are considered to be engaging in "industrial activity at a mining site" for purposes of this definition:

- i) Facilities classified as Standard Industrial Classifications 10 through 14 (mineral industry) including active or inactive mining operations (except for areas of coal mining operations meeting the definition of a reclamation area under 40 CFR 434.11(I)) and oil and gas exploration, production, processing, or treatment operations, or transmission facilities that discharge storm water contaminated by contact with or that has come into contact with, any overburden, raw material, intermediate products, finished products, byproducts or waste products located on the site of such operations; inactive mining operations are mining sites that are not being actively mined, but which have an identifiable owner/operator:
- ii) Construction activity including clearing, grading and excavation activities that disturbs land area at a mining site.
- iii) Any asphalt plant, ready mix plant or industrial facility with SIC Code 29 or 32 located on the mining site.

"Waters" mean all accumulations of water, surface and underground, natural, and artificial, public and private, or parts thereof, which are wholly or partially within, flow through, or border upon the State of Illinois, except that sewers and treatment works are not included except as specially mentioned; provided, that nothing herein contained shall authorize the use of natural or otherwise protected waters as sewers or treatment works except that in-stream aeration under Agency permit is allowable. Note that additional definitions are included in the permit Standard Conditions, Attachment H.

NPDES PERMIT NO. IL0068144 Construction Authorization

Authorization is hereby granted to the above designee to construct the mine and mine refuse area described as follows:

The Prairie Du Rocher Mine consists of a room and pillar mine with related appurtenances including a rotary kiln plant, a crushing and screening plant, a product handling plant, barge loading facilities and a conveyor system. The rotary kiln plant and its associated raw material stockpiles, product material stockpiles, and associated handling areas are for the lime plant tributary of outfall 003. Processes include extracting, drying, crushing, sizing, and handling of limestone aggregate. The facility owns approximately 3,560 acres and is located in Sections 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 16, and 17 T5S, R9W, 3rd P.M. in Monroe and Randolph Counties approximately one mile northwest of Prairie Du Rocher, Illinois. The total area of the existing mine, proposed surface mine and the mineral ownership is 2,800 acres. The lime plant and associated stockpiles is 11 acres and the limestone aggregate processing and stockpiles is 24 acres. Plant operation results in an average discharge of 0.1 MGD with a maximum discharge of 3 MGD of mine dewatering discharge from outfall 001 and an average discharge of 0.1 MGD with a maximum discharge of 1 MGD of stormwater runoff from outfall 003.

The abandonment plan received with the application documents dated September March 30, 2015 shall be executed and completed in accordance with Rule 405.109 of Subtitle D: Mine Related Water Pollution.

The issuance of this permit (a) shall not be considered as in any manner affecting the title of the premises upon which the mine or mine refuse area is to be located; (b) does not release the permittee from any liability for damage to person or property caused by or resulting from the installation, maintenance or operation of the proposed facilities; (c) does not take into consideration the structural stability of any units or parts of the project; and (d) does not release the permittee from compliance with other applicable statutes of the State of Illinois, or with applicable local laws, regulations or ordinances.

This permit may not be assigned or transferred. Any subsequent operator shall obtain a new permit from the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency.

There shall be no deviations from the approved plans and specifications unless revised plans, specifications and application shall first have been submitted to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency and a supplemental permit issued.

The permit holder shall notify the Illinois Environmental protection Agency (217/782-3637) immediately of any emergency at the mine or mine refuse area which causes or threatens to cause a sudden discharge of contaminants into the waters of Illinois and shall immediately undertake necessary corrective measures as required by Rule 405.111 under Chapter 1, Subtitle D: Mine Related Water Pollution of Illinois Pollution Control Board Rules and Regulations.

Final plans, specifications, application and supporting documents as submitted and approved shall constitute part of this permit and are identified in the records of the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, by the permit number designated in the heading of this section.