Notice No. IL0021181-14.TTL

Public Notice Beginning Date: August 29, 2014

Public Notice Ending Date: September 29, 2014

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)
Permit Program

PUBLIC NOTICE/FACT SHEET

of

Draft Reissued NPDES Permit to Discharge into Waters of the State

Public Notice/Fact Sheet Issued By:

Illinois EPA
Division of Water Pollution Control
Permit Section
1021 North Grand Avenue East
Post Office Box 19276
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276
217/782-0610

Name and Address of Permittee:

Village of Swansea 1400 North Illinois Street Swansea, Illinois 62226 Name and Address of Facility: Village of Swansea-STP 215 Service Street Swansea, Illinois 62226 (St. Clair County)

The Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) has made a tentative determination to issue a NPDES Permit to discharge into the waters of the state and has prepared a draft Permit and associated fact sheet for the above named Permittee. The Public Notice period will begin and end on the dates indicated in the heading of this Public Notice/Fact Sheet. All comments on the draft Permit and requests for hearing must be received by the IEPA by U.S. Mail, carrier mail or hand delivered by the Public Notice Ending Date. Interested persons are invited to submit written comments on the draft Permit to the IEPA at the above address. Commentors shall provide his or her name and address and the nature of the issues proposed to be raised and the evidence proposed to be presented with regards to those issues. Commentors may include a request for public hearing. Persons submitting comments and/or requests for public hearing shall also send a copy of such comments or requests to the Permit applicant. The NPDES Permit and notice numbers must appear on each comment page.

The application, engineer's review notes including load limit calculations, Public Notice/Fact Sheet, draft Permit, comments received, and other documents are available for inspection and may be copied at the IEPA between 9:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. Monday through Friday when scheduled by the interested person.

If written comments or requests indicate a significant degree of public interest in the draft Permit, the permitting authority may, at its discretion, hold a public hearing. Public notice will be given 45 days before any public hearing. Response to comments will be provided when the final Permit is issued. For further information, please call Todd Lamm at 217/782-0610.

The following water quality and effluent standards and limitations were applied to the discharge:

Title 35: Environmental Protection, Subtitle C: Water Pollution, Chapter I: Pollution Control Board and the Clean Water Act were applied in determining the applicable standards, limitations and conditions contained in the draft Permit.

The applicant is engaged in treating domestic wastewater for the Village of Swansea.

The length of the Permit is approximately 5 years.

The main discharge number is 001. The seven day once in ten year low flow (7Q10) of the receiving stream, Richland Creek is 0 cfs.

The design average flow (DAF) for the facility is 5.015 million gallons per day (MGD) and the design maximum flow (DMF) for the facility is 11.89 MGD. Treatment consists of screening, grit removal, equalization, excess flow treatment, sequential batch reactors, nitrification/denitrification, phosphorus removal, cloth disc filtration, disinfection (ultraviolet), and discharge to surface water. Sludge treatment consists of aerobic digestion, belt filtration, and land application.

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This reissued Permit does not increase the facility's DAF, DMF, concentration limits, and/or load limits.

Application is made for the existing discharge which is located in St. Clair County, Illinois. The following information identifies the discharge point, receiving stream and stream classifications:

Discharge				Stream	Integrity
Number	Receiving Stream	<u>Latitude</u>	<u>Longitude</u>	<u>Classification</u>	Rating
B01,A01,001	Richland Creek	38° 31′ 45" North	89° 58′ 15" West	General Use	Not Rated

To assist you further in identifying the location of the discharge(s) please see the attached map.

The stream segment, OC-95, receiving the discharge from outfall 001 is on the Draft 2014 303(d) list of impaired waters.

Uses Impaired	Potential Causes
Aquatic life	alteration in streamside vegetative cover (non-pollutant), Dissolved Oxygen, and Phosphorus

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The discharge(s) from the facility is (are) proposed to be monitored and limited at all times as follows:

Discharge Number(s) and Name(s): STP Outfall B01

Load limits computed based on a design average flow (DAF) of 5.015 MGD (design maximum flow (DMF) of 11.89 MGD).

The effluent of the above discharge(s) shall be monitored and limited at all times as follows:

	LOAD LIMITS lbs/day DAF (DMF)*		CONCENTRATION <u>LIMITS mg/L</u>				
<u>Parameter</u>	Monthly <u>Average</u>	Weekly <u>Average</u>	Daily <u>Maximum</u>	Monthly Average	Weekly <u>Average</u>	Daily <u>Maximum</u>	<u>Regulation</u>
CBOD <sub>5</sub>	417 (992)		834 (1,963)	10		20	35 IAC 304.120 40 CFR 133.102
Suspended Solids	502 (1,190)		1,001 (2,380)	12		24	35 IAC 304.120 40 CFR 133.102
рН	Shall be in the	range of 6 to	9 Standard Units				35 IAC 304.125
Fecal Coliform	Daily Maximum shall not exceed 400 per 100 mL (May through October)				35 IAC 304.121		
Chlorine Residual						0.05	35 IAC 302.208
Ammonia Nitrogen: March	67 (159)	167 (397)	226 (535)	1.6	4	5.4	35 IAC 355 and
Apr, May, Sept, Oct	63 (149)	167 (397)	338 (803)	1.5	4	8.1	35 IAC 302
June-August	63 (149)	159 (377)	338 (803)	1.5	3.8	8.1	
November-February	79 (188)		217 (516)	1.9	NA	5.2	
Total Phosphorus (as P)	42 (99)			1.0			35 IAC 304.123
Total Nitrogen	Monitor Only						35 IAC 309.146
				Monthly Avg. not less than	Weekly Avg. not less than	Daily Minimum	
Dissolved Oxygen March-July				NA	6.0	5.0	35 IAC 302.206
August-February				5.5	4.0	3.5	

<sup>\*</sup>Load Limits are calculated by using the formula: 8.34 x (Design Average and/or Maximum Flow in MGD) x (Applicable Concentration in mg/L).

This Permit contains an approval to treat and discharge excess flow as follows:

Discharge Number(s) and Name(s): Excess Flow Outfall A01

		NTRATION S (mg/L)	
Parameter	Monthly Average	Weekly Average	Regulation
Total Flow (MG)			
Fecal Coliform	Daily Maximum Shall not Exceed 400 per 100 mL		35 IAC 304.121
BOD₅	Monitor Only		35 IAC 309.146
Suspended Solids	Monitor Only		35 IAC 309.146
Ammonia Nitrogen (as N)	Monitor Only		35 IAC 309.146
Total Phosphorus (as P)	Monitor Only		35 IAC 309.146

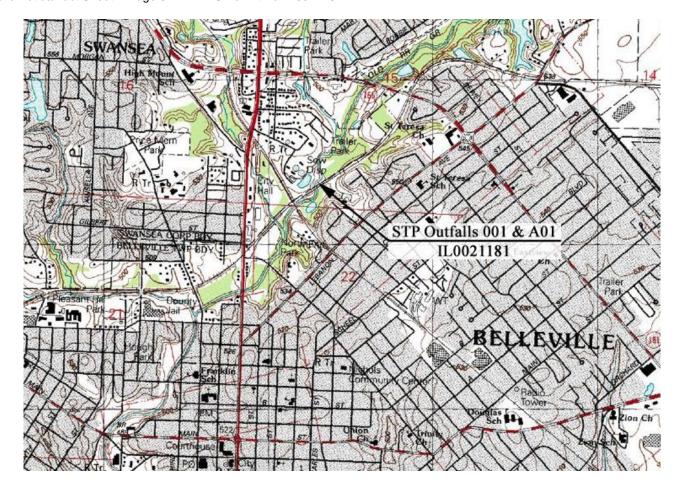
Discharge Number(s) and Name(s): 001 Combined Discharge from Outfalls A01 and B01

		NTRATION S (mg/L)	
<u>Parameter</u>	Monthly Average Weekly Average		Sample Frequency
Total Flow (MG)			
BOD <sub>5</sub> **	30	45	35 IAC 304.120 40 CFR 133.102
Suspended Solids**	30	45	35 IAC 304.120 40 CFR 133.102
рН	Shall be in the range of 6 to 9 Standard Units		35 IAC 304.125
Chlorine Residual	0.75		35 IAC 302.208
Ammonia Nitrogen (as N)	Monitor Only		35 IAC 309.146
Total Phosphorus (as P)	Monitor Only		35 IAC 309.146
Dissolved Oxygen	Monitor Only		35 IAC 309.146

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This draft Permit also contains the following requirements as special conditions:

- 1. Reopening of this Permit to include different final effluent limitations.
- 2. Operation of the facility by or under the supervision of a certified operator.
- 3. Submission of the operational data in a specified form and at a required frequency at any time during the effective term of this Permit.
- 4. More frequent monitoring requirement without Public Notice in the event of operational, maintenance or other problems resulting in possible effluent deterioration.
- 5. Prohibition against causing or contributing to violations of water quality standards.
- 6. Recording the monitoring results on Discharge Monitoring Report Forms using one such form for each outfall each month and submitting the forms to IEPA each month.
- 7. Provisions of 40 CFR Section 122.41 (m) & (n).
- 8. At minimum of 85% removal of CBOD5 and suspended solids.
- 9. Effluent sampling point location.
- 10. Controlling the sources of infiltration and inflow into the sewer system.
- 11. Monitoring for arsenic, barium, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, total chromium, copper, weak acid dissociable cyanide, total cyanide, fluoride, dissolved iron, total iron, lead, manganese, mercury, nickel, oil, phenols, selenium, silver and zinc is required to be conducted semi & annually beginning 3 months from the effective date.
- 12. Submission of annual fiscal data.
- 13. The Permittee is required to perform biomonitoring tests in the 18th, 15th, 12th and 9th months prior to the expiration date of the permit, and to submit the results of such tests to the IEPA within one week of receiving the results from the laboratory.
- 14. Submission of Capacity, Management, Operations, and Maintenance (CMOM) plan.
- 15. Submission of semi-annual reports indicating the quantities of sludge generated and disposed.
- 16. Reopening of this Permit to include revised effluent limitations based on a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) or other water quality study.
- 17. Reasonable potential analysis and mixing study plan.
- 18. Pretreatment industrial user inventory.
- 19. Emergency Bypass provisions.



Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

Division of Water Pollution Control

1021 North Grand Avenue East

Post Office Box 19276

Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

# NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

Reissued (NPDES) Permit

Expiration Date: Issue Date: Effective Date:

Name and Address of Permittee:

Village of Swansea

Village of Swansea-STP

1400 North Illinois Street

Swansea, Illinois 62226

Swansea, Illinois 62226

(St. Clair County)

Receiving Waters: Richland Creek

In compliance with the provisions of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act, Title 35 of the Ill. Adm. Code, Subtitle C, Chapter I, and the Clean Water Act (CWA), the above-named Permittee is hereby authorized to discharge at the above location to the above-named receiving stream in accordance with the standard conditions and attachments herein.

Permittee is not authorized to discharge after the above expiration date. In order to receive authorization to discharge beyond the expiration date, the Permittee shall submit the proper application as required by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) not later than 180 days prior to the expiration date.

Alan Keller, P.E. Manager, Permit Section Division of Water Pollution Control

SAK:TTL:IL0021181-14.TTL

# Effluent Limitations, Monitoring, and Reporting

**FINAL** 

Discharge Number(s) and Name(s): STP Outfall B01

Load limits computed based on a design average flow (DAF) of 5.015 MGD (design maximum flow (DMF) of 11.89 MGD).

From the effective date of this Permit until the expiration date, the effluent of the above discharge(s) shall be monitored and limited at all times as follows:

	LO	AD LIMITS II DAF (DMF	•	CC	NCENTRA LIMITS mg			
<u>Parameter</u>	Monthly <u>Average</u>	Weekly <u>Average</u>	Daily <u>Maximum</u>	Monthly Average	Weekly <u>Average</u>	<u>Daily</u> <u>Maximum</u>	Sample <u>Frequency</u>	Sample <u>Type</u>
Flow (MGD)							Continuous	
CBOD <sub>5</sub> **,***	417 (992)		834 (1,963)	10		20	3 Days/Week	Composite
Suspended Solids***	502 (1,190)		1,001 (2,380)	12		24	3 Days/Week	Composite
рН	Shall be in th	ne range of 6	to 9 Standard Ur	nits			3 Days/Week	Grab
Fecal Coliform****	Daily Maximu	Daily Maximum shall not exceed 400 per 100 mL (May throug			ay through	October)	3 Days/Week	Grab
Chlorine Residual****						0.05	3 Days/Week	Grab
Ammonia Nitrogen: (as N) March	67 (159)	167 (397)	226 (535)	1.6	4	5.4	3 Days/Week	Composite
Apr, May, Sept, Oct	63 (149)	167 (397)	338 (803)	1.5	4	8.1	3 Days/Week	Composite
June-August	63 (149)	159 (377)	338 (803)	1.5	3.8	8.1	3 Days/Week	Composite
November-February	79 (188)		217 (516)	1.9	NA	5.2	3 Days/Week	Composite
Total Phosphorus (as P)	42 (99)			1.0			3 Days/Week	Composite
Total Nitrogen	Monito	r Only					1 Day/Month	Composite
				Monthly Average not less than	Weekly Average not less than	Daily Minimum		
Dissolved Oxygen March-July				NA	6.0	5.0	3 Days/Week	Grab
August-February				5.5	4.0	3.5	3 Days/Week	Grab

<sup>\*</sup>Load limits based on design maximum flow shall apply only when flow exceeds design average flow.

Flow shall be reported on the Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) as monthly average and daily maximum.

Fecal Coliform shall be reported on the DMR as a daily maximum value.

pH shall be reported on the DMR as minimum and maximum value.

Chlorine Residual shall be reported on DMR as daily maximum value.

Dissolved oxygen shall be reported on the DMR as a minimum value.

Phosphorus shall be reported on the DMR as a monthly average and daily maximum value.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Carbonaceous BOD<sub>5</sub> (CBOD<sub>5</sub>) testing shall be in accordance with 40 CFR 136.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> The 30-day average removal shall not be less than 85%. See Special Condition 8.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>See Special Condition 11.

# Effluent Limitations, Monitoring, and Reporting

#### **FINAL**

Discharge Number(s) and Name(s): Excess Flow Outfall A01 (Flow in excess of 11.89 MGD)

These flow facilities shall not be utilized until the main treatment facility is receiving its design maximum flow (DMF)\* (flow in excess of 11.89 MGD).

From the effective date of this Permit until the expiration date, the effluent of the above discharge(s) shall be monitored and limited at all times as follows:

# CONCENTRATION LIMITS (mg/L)

<u>Parameter</u>	Monthly Average	Weekly Average	Sample Frequency	Sample Type
Total Flow (MG)			Daily When Discharging	Continuous
Fecal Coliform	Daily Maximum Shall n 100 mL	ot Exceed 400 per	Daily When Discharging	Grab
BOD₅	Monitor	Only	Daily When Discharging	Grab
Suspended Solids	Monitor	Only	Daily When Discharging	Grab
Ammonia Nitrogen (as N)	Monitor	Only	Daily When Discharging	Grab
Total Phosphorus (as P)	Monitor	Only	Daily When Discharging	Grab

<sup>\*</sup>An explanation shall be provided in the comment section of the DMR should these facilities be used when the main treatment facility is not receiving Design Maximum Flow (DMF). The explanation shall identify the reasons the main facility is at a diminished treatment capacity. Additionally, the Permittee shall comply with the provisions of Special Condition 8.

Total flow in million gallons shall be reported on the Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) in the quantity maximum column.

Report the number of days of discharge in the comments section of the DMR.

Fecal Coliform shall be reported on the DMR as daily maximum.

BOD<sub>5</sub> and Suspended Solids shall be reported on the DMR as a monthly and weekly average concentration.

Ammonia Nitrogen shall be reported on the DMR as a daily maximum value.

Total Phosphorus shall be reported on the DMR as a daily maximum value.

The duration of each A01 discharge and rainfall event including rainfall intensity (i.e., start and ending time) shall be provided in the comment section of the DMR.

#### Effluent Limitations, Monitoring, and Reporting

#### **FINAL**

Discharge Number(s) and Name(s): 001 Combined Discharge from Outfalls A01 and B01

From the effective date of this Permit until the expiration date, the effluent of the above discharge(s) shall be monitored and limited at all times as follows:

	CONCENTRATION LIMITS (mg/L)			
<u>Parameter</u>	Monthly Average	Weekly Average	Sample Frequency	Sample Type
Total Flow (MG)			Daily When A01 is Discharging	Continuous
BOD <sub>5</sub> **	30	45	Daily When A01 is Discharging	Grab
Suspended Solids**	30	45	Daily When A01 is Discharging	Grab
рН	Shall be in the range of 6 to 9 Standard Units		Daily When A01 is Discharging	Grab
Chlorine Residual	0.75		Daily When A01 is Discharging	Grab
Ammonia Nitrogen (as N)***	Monitor Only		Daily When A01 is Discharging	Grab
Total Phosphorus (as P)	Monitor Only		Daily When A01 is Discharging	Grab
Dissolved Oxygen	Monitor Only		Daily When A01 is Discharging	Grab

<sup>\*</sup>An explanation shall be provided in the comment section of the DMR should these facilities be used when the main treatment facility is not receiving Design Maximum Flow (DMF). The explanation shall identify the reasons the main facility is at a diminished treatment capacity. Additionally, the Permittee shall comply with the provisions of Special Condition 7.

Total flow in million gallons shall be reported on the Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) in the quantity maximum column.

Report the number of days of discharge in the comments section of the DMR.

BOD<sub>5</sub> and Suspended Solids shall be reported on the DMR as a monthly average concentration.

pH shall be reported on the DMR as a minimum and a maximum.

Chlorine Residual shall be reported on the DMR as monthly average.

Ammonia Nitrogen shall be reported on the DMR as a daily maximum value.

Dissolved Oxygen shall be reported on the DMR as a daily minimum value.

Total Phosphorus shall be reported on the DMR as a daily maximum value.

A Monthly Average value for Ammonia shall be computed for each month that A01 discharges beginning one month after the effective date of the permit. A Monthly Average concentrations shall be determined by combing data collected from 001 and B01 (only B01 data from days when A01 is not discharging) for the reporting period. These monitoring results shall be submitted to the Agency on the DMR.

A Monthly and Weekly Average value for DO shall be computed for each month that A01 discharges beginning one month after the effective date of the permit. The Monthly and Weekly Averages concentrations for 001 shall be determined by combing data collected from 001 and B01 (only B01 data from days when A01 is not discharging) for the reporting period. These monitoring results shall be submitted to the Agency on the DMR.

<sup>\*\*</sup>The 30-day average percent removal shall not be less than 85 percent. See Special Condition 8.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> See Special Condition 17.

# Influent Monitoring, and Reporting

**FINAL** 

The influent to the plant shall be monitored as follows:

<u>Parameter</u>	Sample Frequency	Sample Type
Flow (MGD)	Continuous	
BOD <sub>5</sub>	3 Days/Week	Composite
Suspended Solids	3 Days/Week	Composite

Influent samples shall be taken at a point representative of the influent.

Flow (MGD) shall be reported on the Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) as monthly average and daily maximum.

BOD<sub>5</sub> and Suspended Solids shall be reported on the DMR as a monthly average concentration.

#### **Special Conditions**

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 1</u>. This Permit may be modified to include different final effluent limitations or requirements which are consistent with applicable laws and regulations. The IEPA will public notice the permit modification.

SPECIAL CONDITION 2. The use or operation of this facility shall be by or under the supervision of a Certified Class 1 operator.

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 3</u>. The IEPA may request in writing submittal of operational information in a specified form and at a required frequency at any time during the effective period of this Permit.

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 4</u>. The IEPA may request more frequent monitoring by permit modification pursuant to 40 CFR § 122.63 and Without Public Notice.

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 5</u>. The effluent, alone or in combination with other sources, shall not cause a violation of any applicable water quality standard outlined in 35 III. Adm. Code 302.

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 6.</u> The Permittee shall record monitoring results on Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) Forms using one such form for each outfall each month.

In the event that an outfall does not discharge during a monthly reporting period, the DMR Form shall be submitted with no discharge indicated.

The Permittee may choose to submit electronic DMRs (NetDMRs) instead of mailing paper DMRs to the IEPA. More information, including registration information for the NetDMR program, can be obtained on the IEPA website, http://www.epa.state.il.us/water/net-dmr/index.html.

The completed Discharge Monitoring Report forms shall be submitted to IEPA no later than the 25th day of the following month, unless otherwise specified by the permitting authority.

Permittees not using NetDMRs shall mail Discharge Monitoring Reports with an original signature to the IEPA at the following address:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Division of Water Pollution Control Attention: Compliance Assurance Section, Mail Code # 19 1021 North Grand Avenue East Post Office Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

SPECIAL CONDITION 7. The provisions of 40 CFR Section 122.41(m) & (n) are incorporated herein by reference.

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 8.</u> Final Conditions - For Discharge No(s). 001 and B01 BOD $_5$  and Suspended Solids (85% removal required): The arithmetic mean of the values for effluent samples collected in a period of one calendar month shall not exceed 15 percent of the arithmetic mean of the values for influent samples collected at approximately the same time during the same period, except during those periods when the influent is diluted because of high flows if the tributary sewer system is combined. The percent removal need not be reported to the IEPA on DMR's but influent and effluent data must be available, as required elsewhere in this Permit, for IEPA inspection and review. For measuring compliance with this requirement, 5 mg/L shall be added to the effluent CBOD $_5$  concentration to determine the effluent BOD $_5$  concentration.

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 9:</u> Outfalls A01 and B01 shall be sampled prior to admixture. Outfall 001 shall be sampled at a point representative of the discharge but prior to entry into the receiving stream.

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION</u> 10: This Permit may be modified to include requirements for the Permittee on a continuing basis to evaluate and detail its efforts to effectively control sources of infiltration and inflow into the sewer system and to submit reports to the IEPA if necessary.

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 11:</u> Fecal Coliform limits for Discharge Number 001 are effective May thru October. Sampling of Fecal Coliform is only required during this time period.

The total residual chlorine limit is applicable at all times. If the Permittee is chlorinating for any purpose during the months of November through April, sampling is required on a daily grab basis. Sampling frequency for the months of May through October shall be as indicated on effluent limitations, monitoring and reporting page of this Permit.

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION</u> 12: During January of each year the Permittee shall submit annual fiscal data regarding sewerage system operations to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency/Division of Water Pollution Control/Compliance Assurance Section. The Permittee may use any fiscal year period provided the period ends within twelve (12) months of the submission date.

#### **Special Conditions**

Submission shall be on forms provided by IEPA titled "Fiscal Report Form For NPDES Permittees".

SPECIAL CONDITION 13: The Permittee shall conduct biomonitoring of the effluent from Discharge Number(s) B01.

#### Biomonitoring

- 1. Acute Toxicity Standard definitive acute toxicity tests shall be run on at least two trophic levels of aquatic species (fish, invertebrate) representative of the aquatic community of the receiving stream. Testing must be consistent with <a href="Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity">Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms (Fifth Ed.)</a>
  <a href="EPA/821-R-02-012">EPA/821-R-02-012</a>. Unless substitute tests are pre-approved; the following tests are required:
  - a. Fish 96 hour static LC<sub>50</sub> Bioassay using fathead minnows (Pimephales promelas).
  - b. Invertebrate 48-hour static LC<sub>50</sub> Bioassay using Ceriodaphnia.
- 2. Testing Frequency The above tests shall be conducted using 24-hour composite samples unless otherwise authorized by the IEPA. Samples must be collected in the 18th, 15th, 12th, and 9th month prior to the expiration date of this Permit.
- 3. Reporting Results shall be reported according to EPA/821-R-02-012, Section 12, Report Preparation, and shall be submitted to IEPA, Bureau of Water, Compliance Assurance Section within one week of receipt from the laboratory. Reports are due to the IEPA no later than the 16th, 13th, 10th, and 7th month prior to the expiration date of this Permit.
- 4. Toxicity Should a bioassay result in toxicity to >20% of organisms test in the 100% effluent treatment, the IEPA may require, upon notification, six (6) additional rounds of monthly testing on the affected organism(s) to be initiated within 30 days of the toxic bioassay. Results shall be submitted to IEPA within (1) week of becoming available to the Permittee. Should any of the additional bioassays result in toxicity to ≥50% of organisms tested in the 100% effluent treatments, the Permittee shall immediately notify IEPA in writing of the test results.
- 5. Toxicity Reduction Evaluation and Identification Should the biomonitoring program identify toxicity and result in notification by IEPA, the permittee shall develop a plan for toxicity reduction evaluation and identification. The plan shall be developed and implemented in accordance with <u>Toxicity Reduction Evaluation Guidance for Municipal Wastewater Treatment Plants</u>, EPA/833B-99/002, and shall include an evaluation to determine which chemicals have a potential for being discharged in the plant wastewater, a monitoring program to determine their presence or absence and to identify other compounds which are not being removed by treatment, and other measures as appropriate. The Permittee shall submit to the IEPA its plan within ninety (90) days following notification by the IEPA. The Permittee shall implement the plan within ninety (90) days of notification of the permittee above or other such date as is received by IEPA.

The IEPA may modify this Permit during its term to incorporate additional requirements or limitations based on the results of the biomonitoring. In addition, after review of the monitoring results and toxicity reduction evaluation, the IEPA may modify this Permit to include numerical limitations for specific toxic pollutants and additional whole effluent toxicity monitoring to confirm the results of the evaluation. Modifications under this condition shall follow public notice and opportunity for hearing.

SPECIAL CONDITION 14: The Permittee shall work towards the goals of achieving no discharges from sanitary sewer overflows or basement backups and ensuring that overflows or backups, when they do occur do not cause or contribute to violations of applicable standards or cause impairment in any adjacent receiving water. In order to accomplish these goals, the Permittee shall develop, implement and submit to the IEPA a Capacity, Management, Operations, and Maintenance (CMOM) plan within twelve (12) months of the effective date of this Permit. The plan should utilize the USEPA document "Guide for Evaluation Capacity, Management, Operation and Maintenance (CMOM) Programs at Sanitary Sewer Collection Systems." [EPA 305 – B – 05 – 002 (January 2005)] for guidance and develop a project implementation schedule. The Permittee should work as appropriate, in consultation with affected authorities at the local, county, and/or state level to develop the plan components involving third party notification of overflow events. The Permittee may be required to construct additional sewage transport and/or treatment facilities in future permits or other enforceable documents should the implemented CMOM plan indicate that the Permittee's facilities are not capable of conveying and treating the flow for which they were designed.

The CMOM plan shall include the following elements:

- a. Measures and Activities:
  - 1. A complete map of the collection system owned and operated by the Permittee;
  - 2. Schedules, checklists, and mechanisms to ensure that preventative maintenance is performed on equipment owned and operated by the Permittee;

# **Special Conditions**

- 3. An assessment of the capacity of the collection and treatment system owned and operated by the Permittee at critical junctions and immediately upstream of locations where overflows and backups occur or are likely to occur; and
- 4. Identification and prioritization of structural deficiencies in the system owned and operated by the Permittee.
- b. Design and Performance Provisions:
  - 1. Monitor the effectiveness of CMOM;
  - 2. Upgrade the elements of the CMOM plan as necessary; and
  - 3. Maintain summary of CMOM activities.
- c. Overflow Response Plan:
  - Know where overflows within the facilities owned and operated by the Permittee occur;
  - 2. Respond to each overflow to determine additional actions such as clean up.
  - 3. Locations where basement back-ups and/or sanitary sewer overflows occur shall be evaluated as soon as practicable for excessive inflow /infiltration, obstructions or other causes of overflows or back-ups as set forth in the System Evaluation Plan.
- d. System Evaluation Plan.
- e. Reporting and Monitoring Requirements.
- f. Third Party Notice Plan:
  - Describes how, under various overflow scenarios, the public, as well as other entities, would be notified of overflows within the Permittee's system that may endanger public health, safety or welfare;
  - 2. Identifies overflows within the Permittee's system that would be reported, giving consideration to various types of events including events with potential widespread impacts;
  - Identifies who shall receive the notification:
  - 4. Identifies the specific information that would be reported including actions that will be taken to respond to the overflow;
  - 5. Includes a description of the lines of communication; and
  - 6. Includes the identities and contact information of responsible POTW officials and local, county, and/or state level officials.

SPECIAL CONDITION 15: For the duration of this Permit, the Permittee shall determine the quantity of sludge produced by the treatment facility in dry tons or gallons with average percent total solids analysis. The Permittee shall maintain adequate records of the quantities of sludge produced and have said records available for IEPA inspection. The Permittee shall submit to the IEPA, at a minimum, a semi-annual summary report of the quantities of sludge generated and disposed of, in units of dry tons or gallons (average total percent solids) by different disposal methods including but not limited to application on farmland, application on reclamation land, landfilling, public distribution, dedicated land disposal, sod farms, storage lagoons or any other specified disposal method. Said reports shall be submitted to the IEPA by January 31 and July 31 of each year reporting the preceding January thru June and July thru December interval of sludge disposal operations.

Duty to Mitigate. The Permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize any sludge use or disposal in violation of this Permit.

Sludge monitoring must be conducted according to test procedures approved under 40 CFR 136 unless otherwise specified in 40 CFR 503, unless other test procedures have been specified in this Permit.

Planned Changes. The Permittee shall give notice to the IEPA on the semi-annual report of any changes in sludge use and disposal.

The Permittee shall retain records of all sludge monitoring, and reports required by the Sludge Permit as referenced in Standard Condition 25 for a period of at least five (5) years from the date of this Permit.

If the Permittee monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by the Sludge Permit, the results of this monitoring shall be included in the reporting of data submitted to the IEPA.

The Permittee shall comply with existing federal regulations governing sewage sludge use or disposal and shall comply with all existing applicable regulations in any jurisdiction in which the sewage sludge is actually used or disposed.

The Permittee shall comply with standards for sewage sludge use or disposal established under Section 405(d) of the CWA within the time provided in the regulations that establish the standards for sewage sludge use or disposal even if the permit has not been modified to incorporate the requirement.

The Permittee shall ensure that the applicable requirements in 40 CFR Part 503 are met when the sewage sludge is applied to the land, placed on a surface disposal site, or fired in a sewage sludge incinerator.

#### **Special Conditions**

Monitoring reports for sludge shall be reported on the form titled "Sludge Management Reports" to the following address:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Bureau of Water Compliance Assurance Section Mail Code #19 1021 North Grand Avenue East Post Office Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION</u> 16: This Permit may be modified to include alternative or additional final effluent limitations pursuant to an approved Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) Study or upon completion of an alternate Water Quality Study.

SPECIAL CONDITION 17. The Agency shall consider all monitoring data submitted by the discharger in accordance with the monitoring requirements of this permit for all parameters, including but not limited to data pertaining to ammonia and dissolved oxygen for discharges from Discharge Number 001, to determine whether the discharges are at levels which cause, have the reasonable potential to cause, or contribute to exceedances of water quality standards. If the data indicate that the discharges are at levels which cause, have the reasonable potential to cause, or contribute to exceedances of water quality standards, then the Agency shall reopen the permit to include water quality based effluent limitations within 30 months of the effective date of this permit. If the discharger wants the Agency to consider mixing when determining the need for and establishment of water quality based effluent limitations, the discharger shall submit a study plan on mixing to the Agency for the Agency's review and comment within 2 months of the effective date of this permit.

#### **Special Conditions**

#### SPECIAL CONDITION 18.

#### Schedule for Implementing the POTW Pretreatment Program

Under the authority of Sections 307(b) and 402(b)(8) of the Clean Water Act, and implementing regulations 40 CFR 403, the Permittee may be required to develop a Pretreatment Program. If it is necessary to develop a Pretreatment Program, the Permittee will be notified in writing by the Approval Authority after submittal of the industrial inventory discussed in the schedule below. This program, if required, shall enable the Permittee to detect and enforce against violations of Pretreatment Standards promulgated under Sections 307(b) and 307(c) of the Clean Water Act, prohibitive discharge standards as set forth in 40 CFR § 403.5, and state and local limits.

The Permittee should submit a copy of each activity to the IEPA and to USEPA, Region 5.

The schedule for the development of this Pretreatment Program is as follows:

#### ITEM

# 1. Develop an industrial user inventory pursuant to 40 CFR § 403.8(f)(2)(i-iii), including identification of industrial users and the character and volume of pollutants contributed to the publicly owned treatment works (POTW) by the industrial users. The inventory shall include a list of all industrial users (IUs) discharging to the Permittee that are subject to categorical pretreatment standards under 40 CFR § 403.6 and 40 CFR Chapter I, Subchapter N, or would otherwise be considered significant under 40 CFR § 403.3(t).

# **COMPLETION DATE**

6 months from the effective date of this Permit

- 2. Submit a proposed Pretreatment Program consistent with 40 CFR §§ 403.8 and 403.9(f). The proposed Pretreatment Program shall contain the following elements:
- a. A statement from an official representative of the Permittee or their legal counsel regarding the adequacy of the Permittee's legal authority:
- b. A sewer use ordinance or other authorities to be relied upon by the POTW for administration of the Pretreatment Program;
- c. An Enforcement Response Plan (with monitoring and inspection program procedures);
- d. Local limitations developed pursuant to 40 CFR 403.5(c) and USEPA guidance;
- e. A description of the Permittee's organization which will administer the Pretreatment Program; and
- f. A description of funding and resources available to implement the Pretreatment Program.

12 months from the date of notification by the Approval Authority that development of a Pretreatment Program is necessary

Upon approval by the Regional Administrator or the Director, when appropriate, of the Pretreatment Program, this Permit will be modified or, alternatively, upon request, revoked and reissued to incorporate the conditions of that Pretreatment Program.

This Permit may be modified to eliminate the requirement to develop a Pretreatment Program should further developments during the preparation of the program warrant its discontinuance.

All items in the schedule shall be sent to IEPA and USEPA at the following addresses:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Division of Water Pollution Control 1021 North Grand Avenue East P.O. Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276 United States Environmental Protection Agency Region 5 NPDES Support and Technical Assistance Branch 77 West Jackson Boulevard Chicago, Illinois 60604-3950

Attention: Compliance Assurance Section Attention: Pretreatment Coordinator WN-16J

#### Removal Allowances

Any application for authority to revise categorical pretreatment standards to reflect POTW removal of pollutants must be submitted to the Approval Authority in accordance with 40 CFR § 403.7(c).

#### **Special Conditions**

SPECIAL CONDITION 19. Discharge Number 002 is an emergency high level overflow discharge. Discharges from these outfalls are prohibited. Permittee shall maintain continuous electronic monitors capable of detecting all discharges from this prohibited discharge outfall or shall inspect the outfall listed above within 24 hours of receiving .25 inches of precipitation or greater within a 24 hour period as recorded at the nearest National Weather Service Reporting Station. Permittee shall utilize chalk or block devices or other discharge confirming devices approved by the Department to enhance visual monitoring. These prohibited discharges, if they occur, are subject to conditions 1-5 listed below.

# (1) Definitions

"Severe property damage" means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a discharge. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production.

#### (2) Notice

- (i) Anticipated discharge. If the Permittee knows in advance of the need for a prohibited discharge from Discharge Number 002, it shall submit prior notice, if possible at least ten days before the date of the discharge.
- (ii) Unanticipated discharge. The Permittee shall submit notice of an unanticipated discharge as required in Standard Condition 12(0 of this Permit (24-hour notice).
- (3) Limitation on IEPA enforcement discretion. The IEPA may take enforcement action against a Permittee for prohibited discharges from discharge number 002 unless:
- (i) Discharge was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
- (ii) There was no feasible alternative to the discharge, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a discharge which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance; and (iii) The Permittee submitted notices as required under Standard Condition 12(f) of this Permit.
- (4) Emergency discharges when discharging, shall be monitored daily by grab sample for BOD5, Suspended Solids and Fecal Coliform. The Permittee shall submit the monitoring results on Discharge Monitoring Report forms using one such form for each month in which discharging occurs. The Permittee shall specify the number of discharges per month that occur and shall report this number in the quantity daily maximum column. The Permittee shall report the highest concentration value of BODs, Suspended Solids and Fecal Coliform discharged in the concentration daily maximum column.
- (5) The above limitations on enforcement discretion apply only with respect to IEPA. They do not serve as a limitation on the ability of any other governmental agency or person to bring an enforcement action in accordance with the Federal Clean Water Act.