NPDES Permit No. IL0070912 Notice No. 5997c

Public Notice Beginning Date: March 5, 2012

Public Notice Ending Date: May 4, 2012

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit Program

Draft New NPDES Permit to Discharge into Waters of the State

Public Notice/Fact Sheet Issued By:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
Bureau of Water, Division of Water Pollution Control
Permit Section
1021 North Grand Avenue East
Post Office Box 19276
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276
217/782-0610

Name and Address of Discharger:

Name and Address of Facility:

RMWF % CEMEX, Inc. 920 Memorial City Way, Suite 100 Houston, TX 77024 Russell Minerals West Frankfort, Inc. Old Ben No. 9 Site 14070 Raines Road West Frankfort, IL 62896 ½ miles southeast of West Frankfort (Franklin County)

The Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) has made a tentative determination to issue an NPDES permit to discharge into waters of the state and has prepared a draft permit and associated fact sheet for the above named discharger. The Public Notice period will begin and end on the dates indicated in the heading of this Public Notice/Fact Sheet. Comments will be accepted until the Public Notice period ending date indicated above, unless a request for an extension of the original comment period is granted by the Agency. Interested persons are invited to submit written comments on the draft permit to the IEPA at the above address. Commentors shall provide his or her name and address and the nature of the issues proposed to be raised and the evidence proposed to be presented with regards to those issues. Commentors may include a request for public hearing. The NPDES permit and notice number(s) must appear on each comment page.

The application, engineer's review notes, Public Notice/Fact Sheet, draft permit, comments received, and other documents are available for inspection and may be copied at the IEPA between 9:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. Monday through Friday when scheduled by the interested person.

As provided in Section 309.115(a) of the Act, any person may submit a request for a public hearing and if such written comments or requests indicate a significant degree of public interest in the draft permit, the permitting authority may, at its discretion, hold a public hearing. The Agency shall issue public notice of such hearing no less than thirty (30) days prior to the date of such hearing in the manner described by Sections 309.109 through 309.112 of the Act for public notice. The Agency's responses to written and/or oral comments will be provided in the Responsiveness Summary provided when the final permit is issued.

The applicant proposes to reclaim the existing surface facilities of a previous underground coal mine – carbon recovery operation (SIC 1221/1222). Mine operations result in the discharge of acid mine drainage from refuse disposal areas.

This facility has one (1) new discharge which is located in Franklin County, Illinois. The following information identifies the discharge points, receiving streams, and stream classifications:

<u>Outfall</u>	Receiving	Latitude	Longitude	Stream
	<u>Stream</u>	(North)	(West)	Classification
001	Unnamed tributary to Pond Creek	37° 53' 02"	88° 53' 35"	General Use

The Stream Segment NG-02 of Pond Creek receiving the flow from the unnamed tributary into which Outfall 001 discharges is on the 2010 Illinois Integrated Water Quality Report and Section 303(d) list of impaired waters. The following parameters have been identified as the pollutants causing impairment:

The following parameters have been identified as the pollutants causing impairment on the 2010 303(d) list:

<u>Outfall</u>	Potential Causes
001	Dissolved Oxygen (Non-Pollutant), Alteration In Stream-Side Vegetative Cover (Non-Pollutant),
	Cause Unknown, Changes In Stream Depth And
	Velocity Patterns (Non-Pollutant), Chloride, Loss
	Of Stream Cover (Non-Pollutant) And Sedimentation/Siltation

The acid mine discharge from this facility shall be monitored and limited at all times as follows:

Outfall: 001

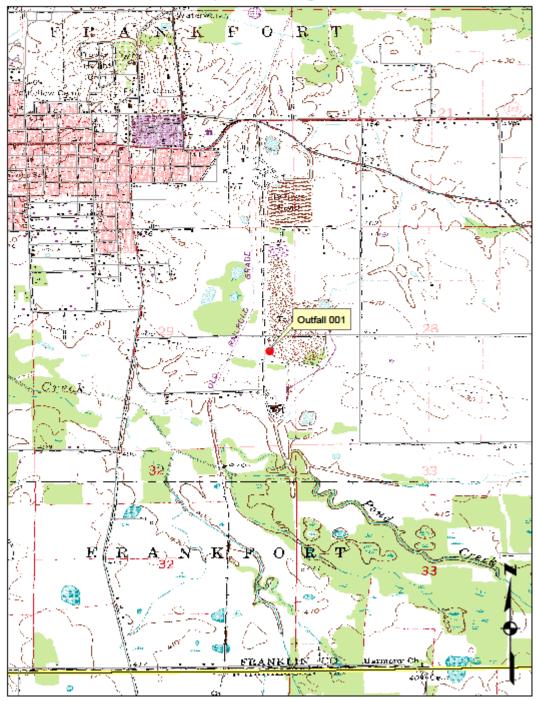
Г								Parame	ters					
Discharge Condition	Suspend (otal ded Solids (3) ng/l) daily maximum	Iron (total) (3) (4) (mg/l) 30 day daily average maximum		pH (3) (S.U.)	Alkalinity/ Acidity (3)	Sulfate (1) (mg/l)	Chloride (mg/l)	Mn (total) (mg/l)	Hardness (5)	Mercury	Flow (MGD)	Settleable Solids (2) (ml/l)	
	I	35	70	3.0	6.0	6.5-9.0	Alk.>Acid	2541	500	1.0	Monitor only	Monitor only	Measure When Sampling	-
	II	•	-	-	-	6.0-9.0	-	2541	500	-	Monitor only	-	Measure When Sampling	0.5
	Ш	1	-	-	1	6.0-9.0	1	2541	500	-	Monitor only	ı	Measure When Sampling	-
	IV	35	70	3.0	6.0	6.5-9.0	Alk.>Acid	2541	500	1.0	Monitor only	Monitor only	Measure When Sampling	-

- I Dry weather discharge (base flow or mine pumpage) from the outfall.
- II In accordance with 35 III. Adm. Code 406.110(b), any discharge or increase in the volume of a discharge caused by precipitation within any 24-hour period greater than 1-year, 24-hour precipitation event, but less than or equal to the 10-year, 24 hour precipitation event (or snowmelt or equivalent volume) shall comply with the indicated limitations instead of those in 35 III. Adm. Code 406.106(b). The 1-year, 24-hour precipitation event for this area is considered to be 2.62 inches.
- III In accordance with 35 III. Adm. Code 406.110(d), any discharge or increase in volume of a discharge caused by precipitation within any 24-hour period greater than the 10-year, 24-hour precipitation event (or snowmelt of equivalent volume) shall comply with the indicated limitations instead of those in 35 III. Adm. Code 406.106(b). The 10-year, 24-hour precipitation event for this area is considered to be 4.62 inches.
- IV Discharges continuing 24 hours after cessation of precipitation event that resulted in discharge. For outfalls which have no allowed mixing, monitoring requirements and permit limitations of Discharge Condition IV are identical to Discharge Condition I to which the outfall discharge has reverted.
- (1) Sulfate water quality standards and effluent limitations determined in accordance with 35 III. Adm. Code 302.208(h).
- (2) Settleable solids are monitored only as a result of a discharge due to precipitation events which exceed a predetermined 24-hour duration or snowmelt total. Settleable solids effluent limitations for alkaline mine discharges are contained in 35 III. Adm. Code 406.110(b), (c), and (d).
- (3) Effluent standards for mine discharges are contained in 35 III. Adm. Code 406.106.
- (4) Discharges from Outfall 001, being approved after July 27, 1987, are subject to a 30-day average effluent limitation for Iron of 3.0 mg/l. Daily maximum effluent concentrations are calculated as twice the 30-day average.
- (5) Hardness monitoring is required to determine the appropriateness of the sulfate permit limit.

To assist you in identifying the location of the discharges, please refer to the attached map. The permit area for this facility is located in Sections 20, 21, 28, 29 and 32, Township 7 South, Range 3 East, 3rd P.M., Franklin County, Illinois.

RMWF c/o CEMEX, Inc. - Old Ben No. 9 Site NPDES No. IL0070912

Franklin County Township 7 South, Range 3 East



Antidegradation Summary NPDES Permit No. IL0070912

The subject facility has applied for an NPDES permit for discharge of an effluent resulting from reclamation operations. The site was originally an underground mine that was long closed. Russell Minerals conducted a carbon recovery business at the site, which is now itself closed. Remediation is required that includes the carbon recovery operation and seepage from old gob piles. A two stage pond is being used to adjust pH and thereby eliminate the acid mine drainage condition that had been prevalent at the site for many years. The treated water is discharged via Outfall 001 to an unnamed tributary of Pond Creek.

Identification and Characterization of the Affected Water Body.

The unnamed tributary to Pond Creek (tributary to segment NG-02) has a 7Q10 flow of zero cfs and is a General Use water. The unnamed tributary has not been assessed by Illinois EPA. Pond Creek (segment NG-02) is listed as impaired for aquatic life use on the draft 2010 Illinois Integrated Water Quality Report and Section 303(d) List. The potential causes of impairment given are dissolved oxygen (non-pollutant), alteration in stream-side vegetative cover (non-pollutant), cause unknown, changes in stream depth and velocity patterns (non-pollutant), chloride, loss of stream cover (non-pollutant) and sedimentation/siltation. The unnamed tributary and Pond Creek are not listed as biologically significant streams in the 2008 Illinois Department of Natural Resources Publication Integrating Multiple Taxa in a Biological Stream Rating System at this locality nor are they given integrity ratings in that report. The unnamed tributary and Pond Creek are not designated as enhanced waters at this location pursuant to the dissolved oxygen water quality standard. The IDNR WIRT system lists no threatened or endangered species as inhabiting the receiving stream.

Identification of Proposed Pollutant Load Increases or Potential Impacts on Uses.

The current activities at the site have been ongoing for several years. Surface runoff and gob pile seepage is being captured and treated. Pollutants present in water that formerly left the site and made their way to Pond Creek are being captured and treated. Although never quantified, it is likely that a decrease in pollutant loading has occurred since the remediation began given that acid mine water is no longer discharged. Sulfate is not affected by the pH adjusted and sedimentation treatment. Permit limits equal to the chloride, manganese and sulfate water quality standards will be applied. No impact to aquatic life uses is anticipated.

Fate and Effect of Parameters Proposed for Increased Loading.

Sulfate and chloride will remain dissolved in the creek water. Manganese may become part of the bed sediment. The overall impact of this discharge is positive in that pH is being controlled and conditions suitable for a balanced aquatic ecosystem are being maintained.

Purpose and Anticipated Benefits of the Proposed Activity.

The discharge results from the remediation of a contaminated mine site. Improved water quality will benefit the environment and the local community.

Assessments of Alternatives for Less Increase in Loading or Minimal Environmental Degradation.

Control of runoff and seepage driven by rainfall is accomplished through standard practices that are widely used in the reclamation of mine sites. No viable alternatives exist to the capture of acid mine waters in sedimentation ponds and treatment with an alkaline substance to control pH.

Summary Comments of the Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Regional Planning Commissions, Zoning Boards or Other Entities

The Illinois Department of Natural Resources was consulted regarding threatened and endangered species issues via the EcoCAT system on January 9, 2012. It was immediately determined that no threatened or endangered species reside in the receiving stream and consultation was terminated.

Agency Conclusion.

This preliminary assessment was conducted pursuant to the Illinois Pollution Control Board regulation for Antidegradation found at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302.105 (antidegradation standard) and was based on the information available to the Agency at the time the draft permit was written. We tentatively find that the proposed activity will result in the attainment of water quality standards; that all existing uses of the receiving stream will be maintained; that all technically and economically reasonable measures to avoid or minimize the extent of the proposed increase in pollutant loading have been incorporated into the proposed activity; and that this activity will benefit the community at large through the remediation of legacy pollution. Comments received during the NPDES permit public notice period will be evaluated before a final decision is made by the Agency.

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

Division of Water Pollution Control

1021 North Grand Avenue, East

P.O. Box 19276

Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

New NPDES Permit

Expiration Date: Issue Date: Effective Date:

Name and Address of Permittee: Facility Name and Address:

RMWF % CEMEX. Inc.

Russell Minerals West Frankfort. Inc.

920 Memorial City Way, Suite 100 Old Ben No. 9 Site
Houston, TX 77024 14070 Raines Road
West Frankfort, IL 62896

½ miles southeast of West Frankfort

(Franklin County)

Discharge Number and Classification: Receiving waters

001 Acid Mine Drainage Unnamed tributary to Pond Creek

In compliance with the provisions of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act, Subtitle C and/or Subtitle D Rules and Regulations of the Illinois Pollution Control Board, and the Clean Water Act, the above-named permittee is hereby authorized to discharge at the above location to the above-named receiving stream in accordance with the standard conditions and attachments herein.

Permittee is not authorized to discharge after the above expiration date. In order to receive authorization to discharge beyond the expiration date, the permittee shall submit the proper application as required by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) not later than 180 days prior to the expiration date.

Ronald E. Morse, Manager Mine Pollution Control Program Bureau of Water

REM:LDC:7230c/02-02-12

NPDES Coal Mine Permit

NPDES Permit No. IL0070912

Effluent Limitations and Monitoring

From the effective date of this Permit until the expiration date, the effluent of the following discharge shall be monitored and limited at all times as follows:

Outfall*: 001 (Acid Mine Drainage)

							Paramet	ers					
Discharge Condition	Suspend (m	otal ded Solids ng/l)	(m	(total) ng/l)	pH** (S.U.)	Alkalinity/ Acidity	Sulfate (mg/l)	Chloride (mg/l)	Mn (total) (mg/l)	Hardness	Mercury see Special Condition	Flow (MGD)	Settleable Solids
	30 day average	daily maximum	30 day average	daily maximum					***		No. 14		(ml/l)
I	35	70	3.0	6.0	6.5-9.0	Alk.>Acid	2541	500	1.0	Monitor only	Monitor Only	Measure When Sampling	-
II	-	-	•	-	6.0-9.0	-	2541	500	-	Monitor only	-	Measure When Sampling	0.5
III	-	1	,	-	6.0-9.0	•	2541	500	-	Monitor only	•	Measure When Sampling	-
IV	35	70	3.0	6.0	6.5-9.0	Alk.>Acid	2541	500	1.0	Monitor only	Monitor Only	Measure When Sampling	-

- I Dry weather discharge (base flow or mine pumpage) from the outfall.
- II In accordance with 35 III. Adm. Code 406.110(b), any discharge or increase in the volume of a discharge caused by precipitation within any 24-hour period greater than 1-year, 24-hour precipitation event, but less than or equal to the 10-year, 24 hour precipitation event (or snowmelt or equivalent volume) shall comply with the indicated limitations instead of those in 35 III. Adm. Code 406.106(b). The 1-year, 24-hour precipitation event for this area is considered to be 2.62 inches.
- III In accordance with 35 III. Adm. Code 406.110(d), any discharge or increase in volume of a discharge caused by precipitation within any 24-hour period greater than the 10-year, 24-hour precipitation event (or snowmelt of equivalent volume) shall comply with the indicated limitations instead of those in 35 III. Adm. Code 406.106(b). The 10-year, 24-hour precipitation event for this area is considered to be 4.62 inches.
- IV Discharges continuing 24 hours after cessation of precipitation event that resulted in discharge. For outfalls which have no allowed mixing, monitoring requirements and permit limitations of Discharge Condition IV are identical to Discharge Condition I to which the outfall discharge has reverted.

Sampling during all Discharge Conditions shall be performed utilizing the grab sampling method.

*** There shall be a minimum of nine (9) samples collected during the quarter when the pond is discharging. Of these 9 samples, a minimum of one sample each month shall be taken during either Discharge Condition I or IV should such discharge condition occur. A "no flow" situation is not considered to be a sample of the discharge. In the event that Discharge Conditions II and/or III occur, grab sample of each discharge caused by the above precipitation events (Discharge Conditions II and/or III) shall be taken and analyzed for the parameters identified in the table above during at least 3 separate events each quarter. For quarters in which there are less than 3 such precipitation events resulting in discharges, a grab sample of the discharge shall be required whenever such precipitation event(s) occur(s). Should a sufficient number of discharge events occur during the quarter, the remaining three (3) quarterly samples may be taken during any of the Discharge Conditions described above.

The water quality standards for sulfate and chloride must be met in discharges from the above referenced outfall as well as in the receiving stream.

^{*} The Permittee is subject to the limitations, and monitoring and reporting requirements of Special Condition No. 12 for the discharges from Outfall 001 and the unnamed tributary to Pond Creek receiving such discharges.

^{**} No discharge is allowed from any above referenced permitted outfall during "low flow" or "no flow" conditions in the receiving stream unless such discharge meets the water quality standards of 35 III. Adm. Code 302.204 for pH.

NPDES Coal Mine Permit

NPDES Permit No. IL0070912

Effluent Limitations and Monitoring

Upon completion of Special Condition 9 and approval from the Agency, the effluent of the following discharge shall be monitored and limited at all times as follows:

Outfall*: 001 (Reclamation Area Drainage)

			Paran	neters		
Discharge Condition	pH** (S.U.) ***	Sulfate (mg/l) ***	Chloride (mg/l) ***	Hardness ***	Flow (MGD)	Settleable Solids (ml/l) ***
ı	6.5-9.0	2541	500	Monitor only	Measure When Sampling	0.5
II	6.0-9.0	2541	500	Monitor only	Measure When Sampling	0.5
111	6.0-9.0	2541	500	Monitor only	Measure When Sampling	-
IV	6.5-9.0	2541	500	Monitor only	Measure When Sampling	0.5

- I Dry weather discharge (base flow, if present) from the outfall.
- II In accordance with 35 III. Adm. Code 406.109(b), any discharge or increase in the volume of a discharge caused by precipitation within any 24-hour period less than or equal to the 10-year, 24-hour precipitation event (or snowmelt or equivalent volume) shall comply with the indicated limitations. The 10-year, 24-hour precipitation event for this area is considered to be 4.62 inches.
- III In accordance with 35 III. Adm. Code 406.109(c), any discharge or increase in the volume of a discharge caused by precipitation within any 24-hour period greater than the 10-year, 24-hour precipitation event (or snowmelt of equivalent volume) shall comply with the indicated limitations instead of those in 35 III. Adm. Code 406.109(b).
- IV Discharges continuing 24 hours after cessation of precipitation event that resulted in discharge. For reclamation area discharges, monitoring requirements and permit limitations of Discharge Condition IV are identical to Discharge Condition I to which the outfall discharge has reverted.

Sampling during all Discharge Conditions shall be performed utilizing the grab sampling method. A "no flow" situation is not considered to be a sample of the discharge.

*** One sample per month (1/month) shall be collected if and/or when a discharge occurs under either Discharge Condition I, II or IV and analyzed for the parameters identified in the table above. In addition, at least three (3) grab samples shall be taken each quarter from separate precipitation events under Discharge Condition III and analyzed for parameters indicated in the above table. For quarters in which there are less than 3 such precipitation events, a grab sample of the discharge shall be required whenever such precipitation event(s) occur(s).

The water quality standards for sulfate and chloride must be met in discharges from the above referenced outfall as well as in the receiving stream.

* The Permittee is subject to the limitations, and monitoring and reporting requirements of Special Condition No. 12 for the

discharges from Outfall 001 and the unnamed tributary to Pond Creek receiving such discharges receiving such discharges.

^{**} No discharge is allowed from any above referenced permitted outfall during "low flow" or "no flow" conditions in the receiving stream unless such discharge meets the water quality standards of 35 III. Adm. Code 302.204 for pH.

NPDES Coal Mine Permit

NPDES Permit No. IL0070912

Effluent Limitations and Monitoring

Upon completion of Special Condition No. 10 and approval from the Agency, the effluent of the following discharge shall be monitored and limited at all times as follows:

Outfalls: 001 (Stormwater Discharge)

Parameters									
pH* (S.U.) **	Settleable Solids (ml/l) **								
6.0-9.0	0.5								

Stormwater discharge monitoring is subject to the following reporting requirements:

Analysis of samples must be submitted with second quarter Discharge Monitoring Reports.

Annual stormwater monitoring is required for all discharges until Final SMCRA Bond is released and approval to cease such monitoring is obtained from the Agency.

^{*} No discharge is allowed from any above referenced permitted outfalls during "low flow" or "no flow" conditions in the receiving stream unless such discharge meets the water quality standards of 35 III. Adm. Code 302.204 for pH.

^{**} One (1) sample per year shall be collected and analyzed for the indicated parameter; however, such sampling and analysis is required only if and/or when a discharge occurs from the individual Outfall(s) identified above.

Construction Authorization No. 7230-11

C.A. Date: January 19, 2012

Authorization is hereby granted to the above designee to construct and operate the mine and mine refuse area described as follows:

The surface facilities of an abandoned underground coal mine on which a carbon recovery operation was previously located. This area consists of 169.6 acres located in Sections 20, 21, 28, 29 and 32, Township 7 South, Range 3 East, 3rd P.M., Franklin County, Illinois. This facility is being reclaimed and no underground coal shall be mined. The agency must be notified if carbon recovery is resumed. The total area cited herein includes modifications discussed below.

Runoff and acid mine drainage seepage will be treated with sodium hydroxide in a 2-cell sedimentation basin treatment facility as depicted and described in IEPA Log No. 2359-06.

Surface drainage control consists of one (1) sedimentation basin, with discharges designated and located as indicated below:

Location and receiving stream of the Outfall at this facility is as follows:

Outfall	Latitude				Longitude		Receiving Water		
Number	Deg.	Min.	Sec.	Deg. Min. Sec.		Sec.	Receiving water		
001	37°	53'	02"	88°	53'	35"	Unnamed tributary to Pond Creek		

Treated water retained in the retention basins may be discharged at a maximum rate of 400 GPM to the abandoned underground works as proposed in IEPA Log No. 4255-04. Previously existing subsurface drains, collecting seepage from the refuse disposal areas, will continue to route such seepage to boreholes entering the underground works. The borehole locations are depicted in IEPA Log No. 4255-04.

As proposed and described in IEPA Log No. 7381-11, regarding 500 feet of drainage ditch and construction of a 700 foot berm using drainage ditch spoils is hereby authorized.

The abandonment plan shall be executed and competed in accordance with 35 III. Adm. Code 405.109.

All water remaining upon abandonment must meet the requirements of 35 III. Adm. Code 406.202. For the constituents not covered by Parts 302 or 303, all water remaining upon abandonment must meet the requirements of 35 III. Adm. Code 406.106.

This Authorization is issued subject to the following Condition(s). If such Condition(s) require(s) additional or revised facilities, satisfactory engineering plan documents must be submitted to this Agency for review and approval to secure issuance of a Supplemental Authorization to Construct.

- 1. If any statement or representation is found to be incorrect, this permit may be revoked and the permittee thereupon waives all rights thereunder.
- 2. The issuance of this permit (a) shall not be considered as in any manner affecting the title of the premises upon which the mine or mine refuse area is to be located; (b) does not release the permittee from any liability for damage to person or property caused by or resulting from the installation, maintenance or operation of the proposed facilities; (c) does not take into consideration the structural stability of any units or parts of the project; and (d) does not release the permittee from compliance with other applicable statutes of the State of Illinois, or with applicable local laws, regulations or ordinances.
- 3. Final plans, specifications, application and supporting documents as submitted by the person indicated on Page 1 as approved shall constitute part of this permit and are in the records of the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency.
- 4. There shall be no deviations from the approved plans and specifications unless revised plans, specifications and application shall first have been submitted to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency and a supplemental permit issued.
- 5. The permit holder shall notify the Environmental Protection Agency (217/782-3637) immediately of an emergency at the mine or mine refuse area which causes or threatens to cause a sudden discharge of contaminants into the waters of Illinois and shall immediately undertake necessary corrective measures as required by 35 Ill. Adm. Code 405.111. (217/782-3637 for calls between the hours of 5:00 p.m. to 8:30 a.m. and on weekends.)
- 6. The termination of an NPDES discharge monitoring point or cessation of monitoring of an NPDES discharge is not authorized by this Agency until the permittee submits adequate justification to show what alternate treatment is provided or that untreated drainage will meet applicable effluent and water quality standards.
- 7. Initial construction activities in areas to be disturbed shall be for collection and treatment facilities only. Prior to the start of other activities, surface drainage controls shall be constructed and operated to avoid violations of the Act or Subtitle D. At such time as runoff water is collected in the sedimentation pond, a sample shall be collected and analyzed, for the parameters designated as 1M through 15M under Part 5-C of Form 2C and the effluent parameters designated herein with the results sent

Construction Authorization No. 7230-11

C.A. Date: January 19, 2012

to this Agency. Should additional treatment be necessary to meet the standards of 35 III. Adm. Code 406.106, a Supplemental Permit must be obtained. Discharge from ponds is not allowed unless applicable effluent and water quality standards are met in the basin discharge(s).

- 8. This Agency must be informed in writing and an application submitted if drainage, which was previously classified as alkaline (pH greater than 6.0), becomes acid (pH less than 6.0) or ferruginous (base flow with an iron concentration greater than 10 mg/l). The type of drainage reporting to the basin should be reclassified in a manner consistent with the applicable rule of 35 III. Adm. Code 406 as amended in R84-29 at 11 III. Reg. 12899. The application should discuss the treatment method and demonstrate how the discharge will meet the applicable standards.
- 9. A permittee has the obligation to add a settling aid if necessary to meet the suspended solids or settleable solids effluent standards. The selection of a settling aid and the application practice shall be in accordance with a. or b. below
 - a. Alum (Al₂(SO₄)₃), hydrated slime (Ca(OH)₂), soda ash (Na₂CO₃), alkaline pit pumpage, acetylene production by-product (tested for impurities), and ground limestone are acceptable settling aids and are hereby permitted for alkaline mine drainage sedimentation ponds.
 - b. Any other settling aids such as commercial flocculents and coagulants are permitted <u>only on prior approval from the Agency</u>. To obtain approval a permitted must demonstrate in writing to the Agency that such use will not cause a violation of the toxic substances standard of 35 III. Adm. Code 302.210 or of the appropriate effluent and water quality standards of 35 III. Adm. Code parts 302, 304, and 406.
- 10. A general plan for the nature and disposition of all liquids used to drill boreholes shall be filed with this Agency prior to any such operation. This plan should be filed at such time that the operator becomes aware of the need to drill unless the plan of operation was contained in a previously approved application. After settling, recirculation water which meets the requirements of 35 III. Adm. Code 406.106 and 406.202, may be discharged. The use of additives in the recirculation water which require treatment other than settling to comply with the Act will require a revised permit.
- 11. Any of the following shall be a violation of the provisions required under 35 III. Adm. Code 406.202:
 - It is demonstrated that an adverse effect on the environment in and around the receiving stream has occurred or is likely
 to occur.
 - b. It is demonstrated that the discharge has adversely affected or is likely to adversely affect any public water supply.
 - c. The Agency determines that the permittee is not utilizing Good Mining Practices in accordance with 35 III. Adm. Code 406.204 which are fully described in detail in Sections 406.205, 406.206, 406.207 and 406.208 in order to minimize the discharge of total dissolved solids, chloride, sulfate, iron and manganese. To the extent practical, such Good Mining Practices shall be implemented to:
 - Stop or minimize water from coming into contact with disturbed areas through the use of diversions and/or runoff controls (Section 406.205).
 - Retention and control within the site of waters exposed to disturbed materials utilizing erosion controls, sedimentation controls, water reuse or recirculation, minimization of exposure to disturbed materials, etc. (Section 406.206).
 - Control and treatment of waters discharged from the site by regulation of flow of discharges and/or routing of discharges to more suitable discharge locations (Section 406.207).
 - iv. Utilized unconventional practices to prevent the production or discharge of waters containing elevated contaminant concentrations such as diversion of groundwater prior to entry into a surface or underground mine, dewatering practices to remove clean water prior to contacting disturbed materials and/or any additional practices demonstrated to be effective in reducing contaminant levels in discharges (Section 406.208).
- 12. Groundwater monitoring requirements for Well No. MW-3 is as follows:
 - a. Ambient background monitoring shall be performed for all referenced wells. Such ambient monitoring shall consist of six (6) samples collected during the first year (approximately bi-monthly) following well installation but no later than during the first year of operation or disturbance to determine ambient background concentrations. Background monitoring shall include the following list of constituents:

Construction Authorization No. 7230-11

C.A. Date: January 19, 2012

Aluminum Fluoride Sulfate
Antimony Iron (dissolved) Thallium

Arsenic Iron (total) Total Dissolved Solids

Barium Lead Vanadium Beryllium Manganese (dissolved) Zinc Boron Manganese (total) pН . Acidity Cadmium Mercury Alkalinity Molybdenum Chloride Chromium Hardness Nickel Phenols Cobalt Water Elevation

Copper Selenium
Cyanide Silver

b. Following the ambient monitoring as required under 12(a) above, routine monitoring shall continue on a quarterly basis as required by IDNR/OMM for the following list of constituents:

Iron (dissolved)HardnessIron (total)AcidityManganese (dissolved)AklalinityManganese (total)pH

Sulfate Water Elevation

Total Dissolved Solids

- c. Following completion of reclamation, post-mining monitoring of the above referenced wells shall consist of six (6) samples collected during a 12-month period (approximately bi-monthly) to determine post-mining concentrations. Post-mining monitoring shall include the list of constituents identified under 12(a) above.
- d. Groundwater monitoring reports shall be submitted to the Agency in accordance with Special Condition Nos. 3 and 5 of this NPDES permit.
- 13. A statistically valid representation of post-mining water quality required under Condition No. 12(c) above shall be submitted utilizing the following method. This method shall be used to determine the upper 95 percent confidence limit for each parameter listed above.

Should the Permittee determine that an alternate statistical method would be more appropriate based on the data being evaluated, the Permittee may request utilization of such alternate methodology. Upon approval from the Agency, the alternate methodology may be utilized to determine a statistically valid representation of background water quality.

This method should be used to predict the confidence limit when single groundwater samples are taken from each monitoring (test) well.

i. Determine the arithmetic mean \P_b of each indicator parameter for the background sampling period. If more than one background (upgradient) well is used, an equal number of samples must be taken from each well.

$$\overline{X}_b = \frac{X_1 + X_2 + ... X_n}{n}$$

Where:

 $\frac{}{X_b}$ = Average background value for a given chemical parameter

 X_n = Background values for each upgradient sample

n = the number of background samples taken

ii. Calculate the background variance (S_b²) and standard deviation (S_b) for each parameter using the values (X_n) from each background sample of the upgradient well(s) as follows:

Construction Authorization No. 7230-11

C.A. Date: January 19, 2012

$$S_b^2 = \frac{(X_1 - \overline{X}_b)^2 + (X_2 - \overline{X}_b)^2 + ... + (X_n - \overline{X}_b)^2}{n-1}$$

$$S_b = \sqrt{S_b^2}$$

iii. Calculate the upper confidence limit using the following formula:

$$CL = \overline{X}_b \pm t \sqrt{1 + 1/n}$$
 \mathfrak{G}_b

Where:

CL = upper confidence limit prediction (upper and lower limits should be calculated for pH) t = one-tailed t value at the required significance level and at n-1 degrees of freedom from Table 1 (a two-tailed t value should be used for pH)

- iv. If the values of any routine parameter for any monitoring well exceed the upper confidence limit for that parameter, the permittee shall conclude that a statistically significant change has occurred at that well.
- v. When some of the background (upgradient) values are less than the Method Detection Limit (MDL), a value of one-half (1/2) the MDL shall be substituted for each background value that is reported as less than the MDL. All other computations shall be calculated as given above.
- vi. If all the background (upgradient) values are less than the MDL for a given parameter, the Practical Quantitation Limit (PQL), as given in 35 III. Adm. Code Part 724 Appendix I shall be used to evaluate data from monitoring wells. If the analytical results from any monitoring well exceed two (2) times the PQL for any single parameter, or if they exceed the PQLs for two or more parameters, the permittee shall conclude that a statistically significant change has occurred.

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<u>Table 1</u> Standard t-Tables Level of Significance

		alues	t-val		
Degrees of freedom	(one		(two-ta	,	
	99%	95%	99%	95%	
4	3.747	2.132	4.604	2.776	
5	3.365	2.015	4.032	2.571	
6	3.143	1.943	3.707	2.447	
7	2.998	1.895	3.499	2.365	
8	2.896	1.860	3.355	2.306	
9	2.821	1.833	3.250	2.262	
10	2.764	1.812	3.169	2.228	
11	2.718	1.796	3.106	2.201	
12	2.681	1.782	3.055	2.179	
13	2.650	1.771	3.012	2.160	
14	2.624	1.761	2.977	2.145	
15	2.602	1.753	2.947	2.131	
16	2.583	1.746	2.921	2.120	
17	2.567	1.740	2.898	2.110	
18	2.552	1.734	2.878	2.101	
19	2.539	1.729	2.861	2.093	
20	2.528	1.725	2.845	2.086	
21	2.518	1.721	2.831	2.080	
22	2.508	1.717	2.819	2.074	
23	2.500	1.714	2.807	2.069	
24	2.492	1.711	2.797	2.064	
25	2.485	1.708	2.787	2.060	
30	2.457	1.697	2.750	2.042	
40	2.423	1.684	2.704	2.021	

Adopted from Table III of "Statistical Tables for Biological Agricultural and Medical Research" (1947, R.A. Fisher and F. Yates).

^{*} For pH only when required.

Special Conditions

<u>Special Condition No. 1</u>: No effluent from any mine related facility area under this permit shall, alone or in combination with other sources, cause a violation of any applicable water quality standard as set out in the Illinois Pollution Control Board Rules and Regulations, Subtitle C: Water Pollution.

<u>Special Condition No. 2</u>: Samples taken in compliance with the effluent monitoring requirements shall be taken at a point representative of the discharge, but prior to entry into the receiving stream.

<u>Special Condition No. 3</u>: All periodic monitoring and reporting forms, including Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) forms, shall be submitted to the Agency according to the schedule outlined in Special Condition No. 4 or 5 below with one (1) copy forwarded to each of the following addresses:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Division of Water Pollution Control 1021 North Grand Ave., East P.O. Box 19276 Springfield, IL 62794-9276 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Mine Pollution Control Program 2309 West Main Street, Suite 116 Marion, Illinois 62959

Attn: Compliance Assurance Section

Should electronic filing be available and elected for any periodic monitoring and reporting requirements, the Agency shall be notified via correspondence or e-mail at such time that the electronic filing has been completed.

<u>Special Condition No. 4</u>: Completed Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) forms and stream monitoring results, shall be retained by the Permittee for a period of three (3) months and shall be mailed and received by the IEPA at the addresses indicated in Special Condition No. 3 above in accordance with the following schedule, unless otherwise specified by the permitting authority.

Period Received by IEPA

January, February, MarchApril 15April, May, JuneJuly 15July, August, SeptemberOctober 15October, November, DecemberJanuary 15

The Permittee shall record discharge monitoring results on Discharge Monitoring Report forms (DMR's) using one such form for each applicable Discharge Condition each month.

<u>Special Condition No. 5</u>: Completed periodic monitoring and reporting, other than DMR's and stream monitoring (i.e., groundwater monitoring, coal combustion waste analysis reports, etc.), shall be retained by the Permittee for a period of three (3) months and shall be mailed and received by the IEPA at the addresses indicated in Special Condition No. 3 above in accordance with the following schedule, unless otherwise specified by the permitting authority.

Period Received by IEPA

January, February, MarchMay 1April, May, JuneAugust 1July, August, SeptemberNovember 1October, November, DecemberFebruary 1

Special Condition No. 6: If an applicable effluent standard or limitation is promulgated under Sections 301(b)(2)(C) and (D), 304(b)(2), and 307(a)(2) of the Clean Water Act and that effluent standard or limitation is more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit or controls a pollutant not limited in the NPDES Permit, the Agency shall revise or modify the permit in accordance with the more stringent standard or prohibition and shall so notify the permittee.

<u>Special Condition No. 7</u>: The permittee shall notify the Agency in writing by certified mail within thirty days of abandonment, cessation, or suspension of active mining for thirty days or more unless caused by a labor dispute. During cessation or suspension of active mining, whether caused by a labor dispute or not, the permittee shall provide whatever interim impoundment, drainage diversion, and wastewater treatment is necessary to avoid violations of the Act or Subtitle D.

Special Condition No. 8: Plans must be submitted to and approved by this Agency prior to construction of a sedimentation pond. At such time as runoff water is collected in the sedimentation pond, a sample shall be collected and analyzed for the parameters designated as 1M-15M under Part 5-C of Form 2C and the effluent parameters designated herein with the results sent to this Agency. Should additional treatment be necessary to meet these standards, a Supplemental Permit must also be obtained. Discharge from a pond is not allowed unless applicable effluent and water quality standards are met.

<u>Special Condition No. 9</u>: The special reclamation area effluent standards of 35 III. Adm. Code 406.109 apply only on approval from the Agency. To obtain approval, a request form and supporting documentation shall be submitted 45 days prior to the month

Special Conditions

that the permittee wishes the discharge be classified as a reclamation area discharge. The Agency will notify the permittee upon approval of the change.

Special Condition No. 10: The special stormwater effluent standards apply only on approval from the Agency. To obtain approval, a request with supporting documentation shall be submitted 45 days prior to the month that the permittee proposes the discharge to be classified as a stormwater discharge. The documentation supporting the request shall include analysis results indicating the discharge will consistently comply with reclamation area discharge effluent standards. The Agency will notify the permittee upon approval of the change.

<u>Special Condition No. 11</u>: Annual stormwater monitoring is required for all discharges not reporting to a sediment basin until Final SMCRA Bond is released and approval to cease such monitoring is obtained from the Agency.

- a. Each discharge must be monitored for pH and settleable solids annually.
- b. Analysis of samples must be submitted with second quarter Discharge Monitoring Reports. A map with discharge locations must be included in this submittal.
- c. If discharges can be shown to be similar, a plan may be submitted by November 1 of each year preceding sampling to propose grouping of similar discharges and/or update previously submitted groupings. If updating of a previously submitted plan is not necessary, a written notification to the Agency indicating such is required. Upon approval from the Agency, one representative sample for each group may be submitted.

Special Condition No. 12: Sediment Pond Operation and Maintenance (Outfall 001):

- a. For discharges resulting from precipitation events, in addition to the alternate effluent (Discharge Condition Nos. II and III) monitoring requirements, as indicated on the applicable effluent pages of this Permit, discharges from Outfall 001 shall be monitored and reported for Discharge Rate, Sulfate, Chloride and Hardness.
- b. The following sampling and monitoring requirements are applicable to flow in the unnamed tributary to Pond Creek which receive discharges from Outfall 001.
 - i. All sampling and monitoring required under 12(b)(ii) and (iii) below shall be performed during a discharge and monitoring event from the associated outfall.
 - ii. The unnamed tributary to Pond Creek shall be monitored and reported quarterly for Discharge Rate, Chloride, Sulfate and Hardness downstream of the associated outfall. This downstream monitoring shall be performed a sufficient distance downstream of the associated outfall to ensure that complete mixing has occurred. At such time that sufficient information has been collected regarding receiving stream flow characteristics and in-stream contaminant concentrations the permittee may request a re-evaluation of the monitoring frequency required herein for possible reduction or elimination. For the purpose of re-evaluating the downstream monitoring frequency of the receiving stream, "sufficient information" is defined as a minimum of ten (10) quarterly sampling events.
 - In the event that downstream monitoring of the receiving waters is eliminated during the term of this permit based on an evaluation of the quarterly data, a minimum of three (3) additional samples analyzed for the parameters identified above must be submitted with the permit renewal application a minimum of 180 days prior to expiration of this permit.
 - iii. The unnamed tributary to Pond Creek that receives the discharge from Outfall 001 shall be monitored and reported annually for Discharge Rate, Chloride, Sulfate and Hardness upstream of the associated outfall.

<u>Special Condition No. 13</u>: Data collected in accordance with Special Condition No. 12 above will be utilized to evaluate the appropriateness of the effluent limits established in this Permit. Should the Agency's evaluation of this data indicate revised effluent limits are warranted; this permit may be reopened and modified to incorporate more appropriate effluent limitations. This data will also be used for determination of effluent limitations at the time of permit renewal.

<u>Special Condition No. 14</u>: At such time that sufficient effluent quality data has been collected for an evaluation, the Permittee may request a re-evaluation of the required sampling frequency. The Agency may reduce the sampling frequency if the effluent quality data demonstrates that a reduced sampling frequency is justified and continuation of the permitted sampling frequency is not necessary to insure compliance with the permit conditions and applicable regulations. For the purpose of this condition in reevaluating the sampling frequency, "sufficient data" is defined as a minimum of ten (10) sampling events.