



October 21, 2021

*Via E-mail and Certified U.S. Mail*

Yasmine Keppner-Bauman  
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency  
Bureau of Air/Filed Operations Section  
1021 North Grand Ave. East  
P.O. Box 19276  
Springfield, IL 62794-9276  
Yasmine.Keppner-Bauman@Illinois.gov

**Re: Violation Notice A-2021-00217**  
**ID: 031300AAJ**

Dear Ms. Keppner-Bauman:

Koppers Inc. ("Koppers") thanks the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency ("IEPA") for virtually meeting on September 30, 2021 to discuss Violation Notice A-2021-00217 and for its consideration of this supplemental, post-meeting response to the Violation Notice.

During our meeting on September 30, 2021, IEPA requested certain, additional information with respect to Koppers' initial response to the Violation Notice. Below, Koppers provides its supplemental response, which should be read in connection with its September 3, 2021 initial response, incorporated herein by reference.

### ***Introduction***

Koppers submits that the root cause analyses and other information provided with its initial response and during the September 30, 2021 virtual meeting demonstrate that the December 26, 2020 and March 20, 2021 accidental fire events were isolated, accidental and unrelated events and not the result of any systemic operational, maintenance or noncompliance issues at the Stickney facility. Safety, health and environmental ("SHE") stewardship is a crucial principle at Koppers and the company has established a comprehensive set of management systems, processes and procedures that clearly outline its SHE policy, expectations, roles and responsibilities, starting with the basic premise that full compliance with all applicable legal requirements is the minimum level of performance. Koppers' SHE Policy is the commitment to:

- Compliance with all applicable safety, health, environmental, and security laws, regulations, and other requirements to which Koppers subscribes;
- Pollution prevention in order to preserve the environment for the health, productivity and enjoyment of future generations;
- Protection of people through the management of product, process and other safety risks;

Koppers Inc.  
Carbon Materials and Chemicals  
3900 South Laramie Avenue  
Cicero, IL 60804-4523  
Tel 708 222-3483  
Fax 708 656 6079  
www.koppers.com

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OCT 22 2021

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY  
BUREAU OF AIR

- Continuous improvement of our safety, health, environmental, and security systems and performance;
- Communication regarding our business operations and potential risks, both internally and externally to promote openness with our stakeholders.

Reflecting its SHE policy and commitment, Koppers, following the December 26, 2020 and March 20, 2021 fire events, took a number of corrective actions, including repairs, additional preventative maintenance and process improvements, review of existing policies and procedures, implementation of new policies and procedures, employee discipline, and training. Koppers believes that these measures will help ensure that accidental fire events like those that occurred on December 26, 2020 and March 20, 2021 do not occur in the future.

### *Estimated Emissions and SDSs*

During the September 30, 2021 virtual meeting, IEPA requested a further explanation of how the emission estimates for the accidental fire events set forth in Koppers' September 3, 2021 initial response were generated, along with the safety data sheets (SDSs) for the materials that were burned.

The information necessary to calculate emission estimates from the fire events includes the amount and composition of the material combusted, the degree of combustion between partial and complete, the amount of combustion air entering through the dampers at the bottom of the heater, and the temperature of the flame. The amount of material combusted is the only reasonably estimable parameter. It is important to note that the only combustible materials involved in the fire were the raw materials feeding the processes.

With the foregoing caveats and limitations, Koppers, in its September 3, 2021 initial response, attempted to estimate the emissions from the December 26, 2020 and March 20, 2021 fire events by using published combustion emission factors. The emissions estimates for both events are based on AP-42 Chapter 1.3 emission factors for fuel oil and process inputs (sulfur content and raw material combusted). To account for incomplete combustion, a combustion efficiency penalty was used to account for products of incomplete combustion: CO and HAP emissions. All thermal decomposition products of sulfur in the material were assumed to be oxidized to sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>).

For example, the December 26, 2020 fire calculation of SO<sub>2</sub> emissions in Koppers' September 3, 2021 initial response is based on the amount of material combusted, the maximum permitted sulfur content of that material, and the AP-42 factor as follows:

Amount of material combusted = 600 gallons  
 Maximum Sulfur Content = 0.8%

$$\text{Amount of SO}_2 \text{ emitted} = 157 \times \left(\frac{0.8}{100}\right) \frac{\text{lb}}{1000\text{gallons}} \times 0.6 \text{ 1000gallons} = 0.75 \text{ lb}$$

An example of using the efficiency penalty to account for less than ideal combustion to estimate the carbon monoxide (CO) emissions during the December 26, 2020 fire is as follows:

Amount of material combusted = 600 gallons  
50% combustion penalty

$$\text{Amount of CO emitted} = 5 \frac{\text{lb}}{1000\text{gallons}} \times 0.6 \times 1000\text{gallons} \times (1 + 50\%/100) = 4.5 \text{ lb}$$

In addition, as Koppers explained in its September 3, 2021 initial response, during the March 20, 2021 fire event necessary safety precautions were taken at the onset of the fire to ensure that the Tar Distillation Column was not pressurized. This was accomplished by continuing to run the vacuum system, shutting down the tube heater, and switching to ventilating the vacuum system through the No. 2 Fume Scrubber. For safety reasons, this was continued from 10:20 PM on March 20, 2021 until 8:30 AM on March 21, 2021. The total VOM emissions during this period of 10 hours is estimated at 65.4 lb based on process calculations at monitored temperatures starting at 330 °C down to 21 °C as the process cooled. Light Distillate Oil has the highest vapor pressure materials involved in the March 20, 2021 fire event and, therefore, the decrease in vapor pressure is assumed to be proportional to other materials. The uncontrolled VOM emission rate from a tube heater stack test was used as the basis for the first hour emissions from the vacuum system (2012 #2 Tube Heater Stack Test), and reduced by the ratio of the falling vapor pressure (*e.g.*, ratio at 330 °C = 1, and at 100 °C = 0.0018). There was no combustion of this material during the venting and, therefore, there are no emissions of other criteria pollutants due to combustion.

The SDSs for the materials burned during the December 26, 2020 and March 20, 2021 fire events are included with this supplemental response.

#### ***The December 26, 2020 Fire Event***

Koppers' September 3, 2021 initial response provided IEPA with an explanation of the causes of, and emissions estimates from, the December 26, 2020 fire event, as well as the corrective actions taken by Koppers as a result of that event. Koppers reviewed that information with IEPA during the September 3, 2021 virtual meeting and answered IEPA's questions, but did not understand IEPA to have any specific requests for additional information regarding the December 26, 2020 fire event beyond the emission and SDS information provided above. Should IEPA have specific, additional informational needs regarding the December 26, 2020 accidental fire event, Koppers will endeavor to provide such information to the agency as expeditiously as possible.

#### ***The March 20, 2021 Fire Event***

Koppers' September 3, 2021 initial response also provided IEPA with an explanation of the causes of, and emissions estimates from, the March 20, 2021 accidental fire event, as well as the corrective actions taken by Koppers as a result of that event. Much of that explanation was included in materials that Koppers submitted to the Chemical Safety and Hazard Investigation Board ("CSB"), which were provided to IEPA simultaneously with the September 3, 2021 response letter via an e-mail download link. IEPA requested that Koppers provide a further narrative summary of those causes and corrective actions.

As explained by the CSB materials, at the time of the fire on March 20, 2021, Tar Distillation Unit 1 was idle and Unit 2 was producing petroleum pitch by distillation of a blend of petroleum tar and decant oil. Any fire requires fuel, oxygen and an ignition source and the root cause analysis provided to the CSB addressed each of these elements. Inasmuch as the fire was outside, there was abundant oxygen available in ambient air to support combustion. Fuel came from a gasket leak near the top of Unit 2. Liquid and vapors were released and the released vapors ignited. The burning vapors also ignited material on scaffolding that had accumulated from the leak. The scaffolding was in place to facilitate insulation repairs on the unit. Such repairs during operation are routine, as they do not present a safety hazard or operations impediment. Typical of industry practice, moreover, small sections of insulation are removed and replaced and there is no release of process materials. Due to the extent of damage from the fire it was impossible to determine with certainty the source of ignition, so corrective actions are focused on the two most likely sources: electrical spark from equipment operating in the area and material under insulation from past leaks that may have begun to smolder due to extended time at elevated temperature in a confined atmosphere. Lab work has been completed confirming prior work that process temperatures are below auto-ignition temperatures of the products in question. Corrective actions identified during the investigation of this incident include:

- Minimize the risk of leaks
  - Conduct pipe stress and support study and correct identified problems (underway, study to be completed in 2022)
  - Inspect and pressure test vessels and piping to ensure there are no leaks prior to return to service (completed)
  - Replace all valves and gaskets in the distillation building (75% complete, completion in 2022)
  
- Eliminate possible ignition sources
  - Complete electrical classification study and implement corrective action for non-conforming equipment (study completed, awaiting report)
  - Implement insulation standard to require removal of all soiled insulation at the time of maintenance and to seal insulation at likely leak points to prevent the saturation of insulation away from the immediate location of the leak (underway)
  
- Improve housekeeping
  - Expedite work to minimize the time scaffolding is erected around the distillation columns (ongoing)
  - Provide splash protection at sample stations to prevent material accumulation in those areas (underway, to be completed by end of 2021)
  - Ensure material in piping is properly contained and cleaned up during maintenance activity (ongoing)

#### ***Printouts of Material Provided Electronically***

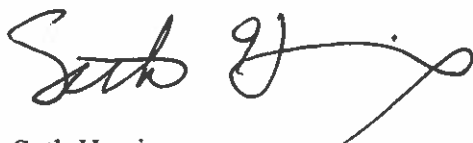
Koppers, with its September 3, 2021, initial response, provided IEPA with two e-mail links where additional supporting documentation could be downloaded due to the size of the files. One e-mail contained a link to the CSB investigation file, while the other contained a link to facility repair

records for the fire events. During the September 30, 2021 virtual meeting, IEPA requested hard copy of those materials to the extent possible. Koppers, with this letter, is providing IEPA with requested hard copy of the materials previously supplied electronically, with the exception of the photographs and video that were included with the CSB investigation file.

Koppers is hopeful that the foregoing, supplemental information requested by IEPA is helpful to the agency as it considers resolution of the alleged violations. As previously relayed, it remains Koppers's desire to cooperatively participate in the Section 31 enforcement process and, if determined to be necessary, to work with IEPA toward a mutually-acceptable Compliance Commitment Agreement.

Thank you for considering this supplemental response to the Violation Notice. Please contact me at (708) 556-9984, or by e-mail [HerringLS@koppers.com](mailto:HerringLS@koppers.com), if you would like to discuss Koppers response or require any additional information. We look forward to receiving IEPA's written response and working towards a satisfactory resolution of these matters.

Sincerely,



Seth Herring  
Plant Manager

Enclosures

List of Enclosures:

- Document 1 – May 12, 2021 Cover letter, D. Enochs
- Document 2 – May 12, 2021 Certification, J. Dowd
- Document 3 – Letter to IEPA with Stickney Fire Department Report
- Document 4 – Koppers Cause Map Summary
- Document 5 – Koppers Cause Map Investigation File
- Document 6 – Tar Distillation PFD and P&IDs
- Document 7 – SO100 Tar Plant Overview
- Document 8 – Safety Data Sheet for Blended Pyrolysis (March 20, 2021 Fire Event)
- Document 9 – Safety Data Sheet for Decant Oil (March 20, 2021 Fire Event)
- Document 10 – Safety Data Sheet for Petroleum Tar (March 20, 2021 Fire Event)
- Document 11 – Safety Data Sheet for Crude Coke Oven Tar (December 26, 2021 and March 20, 2021 Fire Event)
- Document 12 – Electrical QAQC checklist (March 20, 2021 Fire Event)
- Document 13 – P&IDs showing Unit 2 mechanical repair scope (March 20, 2021 Fire Event)
- Document 14 – P&IDs showing Unit 1 Mechanical repair scope (March 20, 2021 Fire Event)
- Document 15 – Unit 1 Mechanical QAQC Checklist (March 20, 2021 Fire Event)
- Document 16 – Unit 2 Mechanical QAQC Checklist (March 20, 2021 Fire Event)

Seth Herring  
Plant Manager



Koppers Inc.  
Carbon Materials and Chemicals  
3900 S. Laramie Ave.  
Cicero, IL 60804

***Via E-Mail Only***

Mike Buechele, Legal Investigator II  
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency  
Division of Records Management/Screening & Research Unit  
1021 North Grand Ave. East, P.O. Box 19276  
Springfield, IL 62702  
Michael.Buechele@Illinois.gov

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APR 02 2024

EPA  
Division of Records Management

**RE: Koppers Inc.  
Public Records Claimed Exempt**

Dear Mr. Buechele:

On behalf of Koppers Inc, please accept this response to your recent correspondence of March 7, 2024.

In accordance with 35 Ill. Adm. Code § 1828.401, Koppers is making the claim that the documents as identified by your March 7, 2024, correspondence remain exempt from public disclosure. Specifically, Koppers claims that the entirety of Documents 4, 7, 13 and 14, and those portions of Document 6 previously identified, remain exempt from public disclosure (collectively, the "Confidential Documents").

As you know, Koppers' facility manages, processes and manufactures chemicals. Stringent security measures are in place to prevent disclosure of information that could pose a security risk to the facility. The Confidential Documents contain such information. Additionally, the Confidential Documents are considered confidential and proprietary business information in accordance with 35 Ill. Adm. Code § 1828.202(a)(1)(F). This information is of a type that is customarily held in confidence by Koppers and was shared with the agency with the understanding that the documentation would remain confidential and exempt from public disclosure.

In accordance with 35 Ill. Adm. Code § 1828.401(c)(1), Koppers is claiming that the entirety of Documents 4, 7, 13 and 14, and those portions of Document 6 previously identified, remain exempt from public disclosure. Koppers is, accordingly, providing a set of the Confidential Documents marked "Public Record Claimed Exempt" in red ink on the face/front of the public records.

# Document 1

Dan Tillema PE  
Chemical Incident Investigator  
U.S Chemical Safety & Hazard Investigation Board



Koppers Inc.  
436 Seventh Avenue, Suite 1800  
Pittsburgh, PA 15219  
Tel 412 227 2887  
enochsdm@koppers.com  
[www.koppers.com](http://www.koppers.com)

May 12, 2021

RE: First Records and Information Request

Dear Mr. Tillema,

Koppers Inc. (Koppers) has conducted an investigation into the incident on March 20, 2021. The following information has been collected as a result of the investigation and shared per your request.

Document 1 – Letter to IEPA with Stickney Fire Department Report  
Document 2 – Koppers Cause Map Investigation file  
Document 3 – Koppers Cause Map Summary  
Document 4 – Tar Distillation PFD and P&IDs  
Document 5 – SO100 Tar Plant Overview  
Document 6 – Safety Data Sheet for Blended Pyrolysis  
Document 7 – Safety Data Sheet for Decant Oil  
File 1 – Pictures and Videos

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Drew Enochs". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Drew Enochs

Drew Enochs  
Manager of Global Process Safety  
Koppers Inc. | 436 Seventh Avenue | Pittsburgh, PA 15219 | United States  
T: +1 412 227 2887 | M: +1 412 680 2171  
[enochsdm@koppers.com](mailto:enochsdm@koppers.com)



# Document 2

Joseph P. Dowd  
Vice President, Zero Harm



May 12, 2021

Koppers Inc.  
436 Seventh Avenue, Suite 1800  
Pittsburgh, Pa. 15219-1800  
Tel 412-227-2045  
Fax 412-227-2423  
DowdJP@Koppers.com  
www.koppers.com

Dear Mr. Tillema,

I hereby certify that Koppers has provided the following information in response to this information request:

- Koppers internal investigation file that includes:
  - Alarm and event logs
  - Causal analysis
  - Witness statements
  - Interview notes
- Photos and Videos
- PFD and P&IDs
- Operating Manual
- Safety data sheets

Sincerely,

Joseph P. Dowd

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Joseph P. Dowd". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

# Document 3



Koppers Carbon Materials & Chemicals  
3900 South Laramie  
Cicero, Illinois, 60804  
Tel 708 656 5900  
[www.koppers.com](http://www.koppers.com)

Ms. Yasmine Keppner-Bauman  
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency  
Bureau of Air  
Compliance Section (MC 40)  
PO Box 19276  
Springfield, IL 62794-9276

RE: Follow-up Communications on Tar Distillation Fire  
Koppers Inc., Stickney Plant  
ID Number: 031300AAJ

Dear Ms. Keppner-Bauman:

Koppers Inc. (Koppers) operates a chemical manufacturing plant in Stickney, Illinois under Clean Air Act Permit Program (CAAPP) Permit # 96030134. On March 20, 2021, there was a fire at the Tar Distillation Column and adjacent scaffolding at approximately 10:20 pm. In an effort to keep the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency informed on matters that may lead to inquiries from concerned citizens in the area of the plant, Koppers reported the incident to the EPA via telephone. This letter is sent as a follow-up report regarding that incident.

Upon discovery of the fire, the distillation plant was immediately shut down. Within a few minutes of shutting the process down, the main fire was extinguished. It is Koppers' understanding that the cause of the fire was material which had leaked from the top of Unit 2 distillation column and ignited. Preliminary identification of the leaked material is fuel oil, pyrolysis (CAS No. 69013-21-4), and clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked (CAS No. 64741-624). The root cause is still under further investigation as the equipment is dismantled. Attached to this letter is the fire department response to the incident.

The facility continues to investigate the root cause of the fire and will implement strategies, as appropriate, to prevent similar incidents from happening in the future.

Condition 5.7 of the CAAPP permit requires Koppers to provide prompt notice to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency of deviations from CAAPP permit requirements. Here, because the incident was a fire on the outside of the distillation column, no stack vented emissions occurred and there was no deviation from permit limits. Due to the relatively short duration of the fire and the time of day in which it occurred, Koppers does not believe that there were significant effects to the surrounding community.

Koppers Inc., Stickney Plant

Source I.D. No. 031300AAJ

If there are any questions concerning this report, please contact Ms. Charvi Payghode of Koppers at (708) 222-4688.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "L. Seth Herring". The signature is written in a cursive style with a long horizontal stroke at the end.

L. Seth Herring  
Plant Manager CMC NA

Koppers Inc., Stickney Plant

Source I.D. No. 031300AAJ

Attachment

**Stickney Fire Department Report**

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**A** FDID \* CS852 State \* IL Incident Date \* MM 03 DD 20 YYYY 2021 Station 1ST Incident Number \* 21-0000243 Exposure \* 000  Delete  Change  No Activity **MFIRS -1 Basic**

**B Location\***  Check this box to indicate that the address for this incident is provided on the Wildland Fire Module in Section 8 "Alternative Location Specification". Use only for Wildland fires. Census Tract 8207

Street address  Intersection  In front of  Rear of  Adjacent to  Directions

3900 8 Laramie AVE  
 Number/Milepost Prefix Street or Highway Street Type Suffix

Stickney IL 60402  
 Apt./Suite/Room City State Zip Code

Cross street or directions, as applicable

**C Incident Type \*** 111 Building fire  
 Incident Type

**D Aid Given or Received\***

1  Mutual aid received  Their FDID CS201 Their State IL  
 2  Automatic aid recvd.  
 3  Mutual aid given  
 4  Automatic aid given  
 5  Other aid given  
 N  None

**E1 Date & Times** Midnight is 0000

Check boxes if dates are the same as Alarm Date. ALARM always required

Alarm \* 03 20 2021 22:31:00

ARRIVAL required, unless canceled or did not arrive

Arrival \* 03 20 2021 22:34:00

CONTROLLED Optional, Except for wildland fires

Controlled

LAST UNIT CLEARED, required except for wildland fires

Last Unit 03 21 2021 01:44:00

Cleared

**E2 Shift & Alarms**

Local Option 3 IND  
 shift or Alarms District  
 Platoon

**E3 Special Studies**

Local Option  
 Special Study ID# Special Study Value

**F Actions Taken \***

11 Extinguishment by fire  
 Primary Action Taken (1)

Additional Action Taken (2)

Additional Action Taken (3)

**G1 Resources \***

Check this box and skip this section if an Apparatus or Personnel form is used.

Apparatus Personnel

Suppression 0003 0006

EMS

Other

Check box if resource counts include aid received resources.

**G2 Estimated Dollar Losses & Values**

LOSSES: Required for all fires if known. Optional for non fires. None

Property \$ 000, 000, 000

Contents \$ 000, 000, 000

PRE-INCIDENT VALUE: Optional

Property \$ 000, 000, 000

Contents \$ 000, 000, 000

**Completed Modules**

Fire-2  
 Structure-3  
 Civil Fire Cas.-4  
 Fire Serv. Cas.-5  
 EMS-6  
 HazMat-7  
 Wildland Fire-8  
 Apparatus-9  
 Personnel-10  
 Arcan-11

**H1\* Casualties**  None

Deaths Injuries

Fire Service 0 0

Civilian 0 0

**H2 Detector** Required for Confined Fires.

1  Detector alerted occupants  
 2  Detector did not alert them  
 U  Unknown

**H3 Hazardous Materials Release**

N  None

1  Natural Gas: slow leak, no evacuation or HazMat actions  
 2  Propane gas: <21 lb. tank (as in home BBQ grill)  
 3  Gasoline: vehicle fuel tank or portable container  
 4  Kerosene: fuel burning equipment or portable storage  
 5  Diesel fuel/fuel oil: vehicle fuel tank or portable  
 6  Household solvents: home/office spill, cleanup only  
 7  Motor oil: law engine or portable container  
 8  Paint: two paint cans totaling < 25 gallons  
 0  Other: Special Hazmat actions required or spill > 55gal.. Please complete the Hazmat form

**I Mixed Use Property**

NN  Not mixed  
 10  Assembly use  
 20  Education use  
 33  Medical use  
 40  Residential use  
 51  Row of stores  
 53  Enclosed mall  
 58  Bus. & Residential  
 59  Office use  
 60  Industrial use  
 63  Military use  
 65  Farm use  
 00  Other mixed use

**J Property Use\*** Structures

131  Church, place of worship  
 161  Restaurant or cafeteria  
 162  Bar/Tavern or nightclub  
 213  Elementary school or kindergarten  
 215  High school or junior high  
 241  College, adult education  
 311  Care facility for the aged  
 331  Hospital

341  Clinic, clinic type infirmary  
 342  Doctor/dentist office  
 361  Prison or jail, not juvenile  
 419  1-or 2-family dwelling  
 429  Multi-family dwelling  
 439  Rooming/boarding house  
 449  Commercial hotel or motel  
 459  Residential, board and care  
 464  Dormitory/barracks  
 519  Food and beverage sales

539  Household goods, sales, repairs  
 579  Motor vehicle/boat sales/repair  
 571  Gas or service station  
 599  Business office  
 615  Electric generating plant  
 629  Laboratory/science lab  
 700  Manufacturing plant  
 819  Livestock/poultry storage (barn)  
 882  Non-residential parking garage  
 891  Warehouse

Outside

124  Playground or park  
 655  Crops or orchard  
 669  Forest (timberland)  
 807  Outdoor storage area  
 919  Dump or sanitary landfill  
 31  Open land or field

936  Vacant lot  
 938  Graded/care for plot of land  
 946  Lake, river, stream  
 951  Railroad right of way  
 960  Other street  
 961  Highway/divided highway  
 962  Residential street/driveway

981  Construction site  
 984  Industrial plant yard

Lookup and enter a Property Use code only if you have NOT checked a Property Use box:  
 Property Use 700  
Manufacturing, processing  
 MFIRS-1 Revision 03/11/99

**K1 Person/Entity Involved**  Local Option

Business name (if applicable) KOPPERS INDUSTRIES Area Code 630 - Phone Number 605 - 4380

Check this Box if same address as incident location. Then skip the three duplicate address lines.

Mr., Ms., Mrs. First Name Tom MI  Last Name Tortoriello Suffix

Number 3900 Prefix S Street or Highway Laramie Street Type AVE Suffix

Post Office Box  Apt./Suite/Room  City Stickney

State IL Zip Code 60402 -

More people involved? Check this box and attach Supplemental Forms (NFIRS-18) as necessary

**K2 Owner**  Same as person involved? Then check this box and skip the rest of this section.

Local Option Business name (if Applicable) Area Code - Phone Number

Check this box if same address as incident location. Then skip the three duplicate address lines.

Mr., Ms., Mrs. First Name MI Last Name Suffix

Number Prefix Street or Highway Street Type Suffix

Post Office Box Apt./Suite/Room City

State Zip Code

**L Remarks** Local Option

03/21/2021 11:59:09 Jacob Anderson

Crew called for the report of a fire. Upon arrival crew found a large tar plant facility with a fire contained to the tar distillery building (approximately 100 x 50). Crew noted the fire to be on the third floor A/B corner with extension to the stacks above the building. Koppers staff were on scene attempting to extinguish with hydrant mounted monitors and advised the material was tar and water could be used on it. Engine 1201 took position in the A/B corner to hit the fire with deck gun and made a positive water supply. Central Stickney Truck 906 took position in the B/C corner and raised aerial to hit what was burning on the stacks. McCook engine positioned in C/D corner of building to hit hot spots with deck gun. Crews made good progress and extinguished what was burning. Staff were on scene throughout duration of event. They believed the material was extinguished but still wanted crews to remain on scene for awhile longer. Crews noted some steam pipes were damaged during the fire and koppers would work to isolate these. Scene was turned over to Koppers staff with no further issues.

-----

03/22/2021 16:29:33 Jeffrey Boyajian

Dispatched to location for reported structure fire. Upon going enroute I was given an update by PD on the scene that the fire was confirmed. Upon gathering this information as well as the amount of fire seen upon arrival, I upgraded the response to the full still level. Upon reaching the Tar Distillation building, we had heavy fire noted on the North/East face of the building, as well as extension to the South face and North face of the building which extended up the piping and to the top portions of the structure. Upon doing a 360 degree survey of the building I had Engine 1201 take the front of the structure

**L Authorization**

15314 Boyajian, Jeff G FC 03 21 2021  
 officer in charge ID Signature Position or rank Assignment Month Day Year

Check Box if same as Officer in charge. 15309 Anderson, Jacob P CP 03 21 2021  
 Member making report ID Signature Position or rank Assignment Month Day Year



CS852

FDID ★

IL

State ★

MM

DD

YYYY

3

20

2021

Incident Date ★

1ST

Station

21-0000243

Incident Number ★

000

Exposure ★

Complete  
Narrative**Narrative:**

03/21/2021 11:59:09 Jacob Anderson

Crew called for the report of a fire. Upon arrival crew found a large tar plant facility with a fire contained to the tar distillery building (approximately 100 x 50). Crew noted the fire to be on the third floor A/B corner with extension to the stacks above the building. Koppers staff were on scene attempting to extinguish with hydrant mounted monitors and advised the material was tar and water could be used on it. Engine 1201 took position in the A/B corner to hit the fire with deck gun and made a positive water supply. Central Stickney Truck 906 took position in the B/C corner and raised aerial to hit what was burning on the stacks. McCook engine positioned in C/D corner of building to hit hot spots with deck gun. Crews made good progress and extinguished what was burning. Staff were on scene throughout duration of event. They believed the material was extinguished but still wanted crews to remain on scene for awhile longer. Crews noted some steam pipes were damaged during the fire and koppers would work to isolate these. Scene was turned over to Koppers staff with no further issues.

-----  
03/22/2021 16:29:33 Jeffrey Boyajian

Dispatched to location for reported structure fire. Upon going enroute I was given an update by PD on the scene that the fire was confirmed. Upon gathering this information as well as the amount of fire seen upon arrival, I upgraded the response to the full still level. Upon reaching the Tar Distillation building, we had heavy fire noted on the North/East face of the building, as well as extension to the South face and North face of the building which extended up the piping and to the top portions of the structure. Upon doing a 360 degree survey of the building I had Engine 1201 take the front of the structure where they began to establish a water supply and began extinguishment with the deck gun (master stream). I relocated to the front of the plant and established a Command Post and was speaking with Jaime Duarte who was the plant supervisor that night, I established that no one was injured and everyone accounted for, he confirmed. Engine 1201 reported water pressure issues. I then exited my vehicle and noticed that I did not hear the diesel fire pump running and asked why it was not, no-one knew why it was not. I directed Central Stickney's ladder truck to set up on the East side of the structure and McCook's Engine to set up on the West side of the structure, and went to the pump house to see what the issue was with the pump, while preparing companies in staging to prepare for a water supply if the pump was not functional. After arriving in the pump house the "Operational Panel" was signalling the pump was "ON" but obviously was not running. At that time I turned the switch to the manual position and started the pump manually. Once pump was running our water supply issues were no longer an issue. Once the water supply was established, Central Stickney ladder began flowing water for extinguishment to the upper portions of the structure while being fed by Ciceros engine, 1201 continued with extinguishment of the North face of the structure and McCook's engine was set up on the West side and was assisting with extinguishment with their deck gun (master stream). While the water supply issue was being addressed, Jaime and his crew shut down the product being fed into that building remotely. I released all companies that remained in staging. After conferring with Seth Herring and Gregg Bambule from Koppers they agreed with shutting down extinguishment procedures and waiting to see if the fire was extinguished. After a half hour it was determined that the fire was out and what we were seeing was steam. I had all working companies begin to pick up and released them as soon as they were in service. All companies were released and returning to quarters by 1:30 A.M..

Scene was then turned over to Plant Manager Seth Herring and Koppers personnel.

CS852  
FDID \*

IL  
State \*

MM DD YYYY  
3 20 2021  
Incident Date \*

1ST  
station

21-0000243  
Incident Number \*

000  
Exposure \*

Complete  
Narrative

**Narrative:**

Command was terminated.

-----  
03/23/2021 15:43:32 Jeffrey Boyajian

I received information today regarding times that the incident was reported from our dispatch center (Consolidated Emergency Center of Cook County) .

1st Call was received at 10:24 .29 and caller hung up

Dispatch tried calling back at 10:24.51 and got a recording

2nd Call was received at 10:27.19 and Brandon reported the fire in unit #1

Police Department reported Fire at 10:28.15 via radio to dispatch

**A** CS852 FDJD \* IL State \* 03 MM 20 DD 2021 YYYY 1ST Station 21-0000243 Incident Number \* 000 Exposure \*  Delete  Change  No Activity NFIRS -2 Fire

**B Property Details**

**B1**  Estimated Number of residential living units in building of origin whether or not all units became involved  Not Residential

**B2**  Number of buildings involved  Buildings not involved

**B3**  Acres burned (outside fires)  None  Less than one acre

**C On-Site Materials or Products**  None Complete if there were any significant amounts of commercial, industrial, energy or agricultural products or materials on the Property, whether or not they became involved

Enter up to three codes. Check one or more boxes for each code entered.

**000** On-site material (1)  Bulk storage or warehousing  Processing or manufacturing  Packaged goods for sale  Repair or service

On-site material (2)  Bulk storage or warehousing  Processing or manufacturing  Packaged goods for sale  Repair or service

On-site material (3)  Bulk storage or warehousing  Processing or manufacturing  Packaged goods for sale  Repair or service

**D Ignition**

**D1**  **UU** Undetermined Area of fire origin \*

**D2**  **UU** Undetermined Heat source \*

**D3**  **UU** Undetermined Item first ignited \*  Check Box if fire spread was confined to object of origin

**D4**  Type of material first ignited Required only if item first ignited code is 00 or <79

**E1 Cause of Ignition**  Check box if this is an exposure report. Skip to section G

1  Intentional  
 2  Unintentional  
 3  Failure of equipment or heat source  
 4  Act of nature  
 5  Cause under investigation  
 U  Cause undetermined after investigation

**E2 Factors Contributing To Ignition**

**UU** Undetermined  None

Factor Contributing To Ignition (1)

Factor Contributing To Ignition (2)

**E3 Human Factors Contributing To Ignition** Check all applicable boxes

1  Asleep  None  
 2  Possibly impaired by alcohol or drugs  
 3  Unattended person  
 4  Possibly mental disabled  
 5  Physically Disabled  
 6  Multiple persons involved

7  Age was a factor Estimated age of person involved

1  Male 2  Female

**F1 Equipment Involved In Ignition**  None If Equipment was not involved, skip to Section G

Equipment Involved

Brand

Model

Serial #

Year

**F2 Equipment Power**

Equipment Power Source

**F3 Equipment Portability**

1  Portable  
 2  Stationary

Portable equipment normally can be moved by one person, is designed to be use in multiple locations, and requires no tools to install.

**G Fire Suppression Factors** Enter up to three codes.  None

**NNN** None

Fire suppression factor (1)

Fire suppression factor (2)

Fire suppression factor (3)

**H1 Mobile Property Involved**  None

1  Not involved in ignition, but burned  
 2  Involved in ignition, but did not burn  
 3  Involved in ignition and burned

**H2 Mobile Property Type & Make**

Mobile property type

Mobile property make

Mobile property model

Year

License Plate Number

State

VIN Number

**Local Use**  Pre-Fire Plan Available Some of the information presented in this report may be based upon reports from other Agencies

Arson report attached  
 Police report attached  
 Coroner report attached  
 Other reports attached

<b>I1 Structure Type *</b> If fire was in enclosed building or a portable/mobile structure complete the rest of this form <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enclosed Building</li> <li>2 <input type="checkbox"/> Portable/mobile structure</li> <li>3 <input type="checkbox"/> Open structure</li> <li>4 <input type="checkbox"/> Air supported structure</li> <li>5 <input type="checkbox"/> Tent</li> <li>6 <input type="checkbox"/> Open platform (e.g. piers)</li> <li>7 <input type="checkbox"/> Underground structure (work areas)</li> <li>8 <input type="checkbox"/> Connective structure (e.g. fences)</li> <li>0 <input type="checkbox"/> Other type of structure</li> </ul>	<b>I2 Building Status *</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Under construction</li> <li>2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Occupied &amp; operating</li> <li>3 <input type="checkbox"/> Idle, not routinely used</li> <li>4 <input type="checkbox"/> Under major renovation</li> <li>5 <input type="checkbox"/> Vacant and secured</li> <li>6 <input type="checkbox"/> Vacant and unsecured</li> <li>7 <input type="checkbox"/> Being demolished</li> <li>0 <input type="checkbox"/> Other</li> <li>U <input type="checkbox"/> Undetermined</li> </ul>	<b>I3 Building * Height</b> Count the ROOF as part of the highest story <p style="text-align: center;">[ 001 ] Total number of stories at or above grade</p> <p style="text-align: center;">[     ] Total number of stories below grade</p>	<b>I4 Main Floor Size*</b> <p style="text-align: center;">[     ], [ 001 ], [ 000 ] Total square feet</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p style="text-align: center;">[     ], [     ] BY [     ], [     ] Length in feet                      Width in feet</p>
---	---	--	---

<b>J1 Fire Origin *</b> [ 001 ] <input type="checkbox"/> Below Grade Story of fire origin	<b>J3 Number of Stories Damaged By Flame</b> Count the ROOF as part of the highest story <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>[     ] Number of stories w/ minor damage (1 to 24 flame damage)</li> <li>[     ] Number of stories w/ significant damage (25 to 49 flame damage)</li> <li>[     ] Number of stories w/ heavy damage (50 to 74 flame damage)</li> <li>[     ] Number of stories w/ extreme damage (75 to 100 flame damage)</li> </ul>	<b>K Material Contributing Most To Flame Spread</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Check if no flame spread OR same as material first ignited OR unable to determine <b>Skip To Section L</b> <p><b>K1</b> [     ] Item contributing most to flame spread</p> <p><b>K2</b> [     ] Type of material contributing most of flame spread      Required only if item contributing code is 00 or &lt;70</p>
<b>J2 Fire Spread *</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Confined to object of origin</li> <li>2 <input type="checkbox"/> Confined to room of origin</li> <li>3 <input type="checkbox"/> Confined to floor of origin</li> <li>4 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Confined to building of origin</li> <li>5 <input type="checkbox"/> Beyond building of origin</li> </ul>		

<b>L1 Presence of Detectors *</b> (In area of the fire) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>N <input type="checkbox"/> None Present <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Skip to section M</span></li> <li>1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Present</li> <li>U <input type="checkbox"/> Undetermined</li> </ul>	<b>L3 Detector Power Supply</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Battery only</li> <li>2 <input type="checkbox"/> Hardwire only</li> <li>3 <input type="checkbox"/> Plug in</li> <li>4 <input type="checkbox"/> Hardwire with battery</li> <li>5 <input type="checkbox"/> Plug in with battery</li> <li>6 <input type="checkbox"/> Mechanical</li> <li>7 <input type="checkbox"/> Multiple detectors &amp; power supplies</li> <li>0 <input type="checkbox"/> Other</li> <li>U <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Undetermined</li> </ul>	<b>L5 Detector Effectiveness</b> Required if detector operated <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Alerted Occupants, occupants responded</li> <li>2 <input type="checkbox"/> Occupants failed to respond</li> <li>3 <input type="checkbox"/> There were no occupants</li> <li>4 <input type="checkbox"/> Failed to alert occupants</li> <li>U <input type="checkbox"/> Undetermined</li> </ul>
<b>L2 Detector Type</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Smoke</li> <li>2 <input type="checkbox"/> Heat</li> <li>3 <input type="checkbox"/> Combination smoke - heat</li> <li>4 <input type="checkbox"/> Sprinkler, water flow detection</li> <li>5 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> More than 1 type present</li> <li>0 <input type="checkbox"/> Other</li> <li>U <input type="checkbox"/> Undetermined</li> </ul>	<b>L4 Detector Operation</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Fire too small to activate</li> <li>2 <input type="checkbox"/> Operated (Complete Section L5)</li> <li>3 <input type="checkbox"/> Failed to Operate (Complete Section L6)</li> <li>U <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Undetermined</li> </ul>	<b>L6 Detector Failure Reason</b> Required if detector failed to operate <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Power failure, shutoff or disconnect</li> <li>2 <input type="checkbox"/> Improper installation or placement</li> <li>3 <input type="checkbox"/> Defective</li> <li>4 <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of maintenance, includes cleaning</li> <li>5 <input type="checkbox"/> Battery missing or disconnected</li> <li>6 <input type="checkbox"/> Battery discharged or dead</li> <li>0 <input type="checkbox"/> Other</li> <li>U <input type="checkbox"/> Undetermined</li> </ul>

<b>M1 Presence of Automatic Extinguishment System *</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>N <input type="checkbox"/> None Present</li> <li>1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Present <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Complete rest of Section M</span></li> </ul>	<b>M3 Automatic Extinguishment System Operation</b> Required if fire was within designed range <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Operated &amp; effective (Go to M4)</li> <li>2 <input type="checkbox"/> Operated &amp; not effective (M4)</li> <li>3 <input type="checkbox"/> Fire too small to activate</li> <li>4 <input type="checkbox"/> Failed to operate (Go to M5)</li> <li>0 <input type="checkbox"/> Other</li> <li>U <input type="checkbox"/> Undetermined</li> </ul>	<b>M5 Automatic Extinguishment System Failure Reason</b> Required if system failed <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 <input type="checkbox"/> System shut off</li> <li>2 <input type="checkbox"/> Not enough agent discharged</li> <li>3 <input type="checkbox"/> Agent discharged but did not reach fire</li> <li>4 <input type="checkbox"/> Wrong type of system</li> <li>5 <input type="checkbox"/> Fire not in area protected</li> <li>6 <input type="checkbox"/> System components damaged</li> <li>7 <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of maintenance</li> <li>8 <input type="checkbox"/> Manual Intervention</li> <li>0 <input type="checkbox"/> Other</li> <li>U <input type="checkbox"/> Undetermined</li> </ul>
<b>M2 Type of Automatic Extinguishment System *</b> Required if fire was within designed range of AES <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wet pipe sprinkler</li> <li>2 <input type="checkbox"/> Dry pipe sprinkler</li> <li>3 <input type="checkbox"/> Other sprinkler system</li> <li>4 <input type="checkbox"/> Dry chemical system</li> <li>5 <input type="checkbox"/> Foam system</li> <li>6 <input type="checkbox"/> Halogen type system</li> <li>7 <input type="checkbox"/> Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) system</li> <li>0 <input type="checkbox"/> Other special hazard system</li> <li>U <input type="checkbox"/> Undetermined</li> </ul>	<b>M4 Number of Sprinkler Heads Operating</b> Required if system operated <p style="text-align: center;">[     ] Number of sprinkler heads operating</p>	

**A** FDID CS852 \* State IL \* Incident Date MM DD YYYY 3 20 2021 Station 18T Incident Number 21-0000243 \* Exposure 000 \*  Delete  Change **NFIRS - 9 Apparatus or Resources**

B Apparatus or Resource	Date and Times						Sent	Number of * People	Use	Actions Taken		
	Check if same as alarm date											
	Dispatch	Arrival	Clear	Month	Day	Year	Hour	Min				
1 ID <u>1201</u> Type <u>11</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>3</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>31</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>4</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Suppression <input type="checkbox"/> EMS <input type="checkbox"/> Other	<u>  </u> <u>  </u> <u>  </u> <u>  </u>
2 ID <u>1208</u> Type <u>60</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>3</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>31</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>1</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Suppression <input type="checkbox"/> EMS <input type="checkbox"/> Other	<u>  </u> <u>  </u> <u>  </u> <u>  </u>
3 ID <u>1210</u> Type <u>92</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>3</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>31</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>1</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Suppression <input type="checkbox"/> EMS <input type="checkbox"/> Other	<u>  </u> <u>  </u> <u>  </u> <u>  </u>
4 ID <u>  </u> Type <u>  </u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>  </u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Suppression <input type="checkbox"/> EMS <input type="checkbox"/> Other	<u>  </u> <u>  </u> <u>  </u> <u>  </u>
5 ID <u>  </u> Type <u>  </u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>  </u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Suppression <input type="checkbox"/> EMS <input type="checkbox"/> Other	<u>  </u> <u>  </u> <u>  </u> <u>  </u>
6 ID <u>  </u> Type <u>  </u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>  </u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Suppression <input type="checkbox"/> EMS <input type="checkbox"/> Other	<u>  </u> <u>  </u> <u>  </u> <u>  </u>
7 ID <u>  </u> Type <u>  </u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>  </u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Suppression <input type="checkbox"/> EMS <input type="checkbox"/> Other	<u>  </u> <u>  </u> <u>  </u> <u>  </u>
8 ID <u>  </u> Type <u>  </u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>  </u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Suppression <input type="checkbox"/> EMS <input type="checkbox"/> Other	<u>  </u> <u>  </u> <u>  </u> <u>  </u>
9 ID <u>  </u> Type <u>  </u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<u>  </u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>  </u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Suppression <input type="checkbox"/> EMS <input type="checkbox"/> Other	<u>  </u> <u>  </u> <u>  </u> <u>  </u>

**Type of Apparatus or Resources**

- |  |  |   |
|--|--|---|
| <p><b>Ground Fire Suppression</b><br/>           11 Engine<br/>           12 Truck or aerial<br/>           13 Quint<br/>           14 Tanker &amp; pumper combination<br/>           16 Brush truck<br/>           17 ARF (Aircraft Rescue and Firefighting)<br/>           10 Ground fire suppression, other</p> <p><b>Heavy Ground Equipment</b><br/>           21 Dozer or plow<br/>           22 Tractor<br/>           24 Tanker or tender<br/>           20 Heavy equipment, other</p> <p><b>Aircraft</b><br/>           41 Aircraft: fixed wing tanker<br/>           42 Helitanker<br/>           43 Helicopter<br/>           40 Aircraft, other</p> | <p><b>Marine Equipment</b><br/>           51 Fire boat with pump<br/>           52 Boat, no pump<br/>           50 Marine apparatus, other</p> <p><b>Support Equipment</b><br/>           61 Breathing apparatus support<br/>           62 Light and air unit<br/>           60 Support apparatus, other</p> <p><b>Medical &amp; Rescue</b><br/>           71 Rescue unit<br/>           72 Urban Search &amp; rescue unit<br/>           73 High angle rescue unit<br/>           75 BLS unit<br/>           76 ALS unit<br/>           70 Medical and rescue unit, other</p> | <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p><b>More Apparatus?<br/>Use Additional<br/>Sheets</b></p> </div> <p><b>Other</b><br/>           91 Mobile command post<br/>           92 Chief officer car<br/>           93 HazMat unit<br/>           94 Type 1 hand crew<br/>           95 Type 2 hand crew<br/>           99 Privately owned vehicle<br/>           00 Other apparatus/resource</p> <p>NN None<br/>           UU Undetermined</p> |
|--|--|---|

<b>A</b>		FDID * <u>CS852</u>	State * <u>IL</u>	MM <u>3</u> DD <u>20</u> YYYY <u>2021</u>	Station <u>1ST</u>	Incident Number * <u>21-0000243</u>	Exposure * <u>000</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Delete	<input type="checkbox"/> Change	<b>NFIRS - 10 Personnel</b>
<b>B Apparatus or Resource</b>		Date and Times <small>Check if same as alarm date</small>			Sent	Number of * People	Use	Actions Taken		
<small>Use codes listed below</small>		<small>Month Day Year Hours/mins</small>			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<small>Check ONE box for each apparatus to indicate its main use at the incident.</small>	<small>List up to 4 actions for each apparatus and each personnel.</small>		
<u>1</u>	ID <u>1201</u> Type <u>11</u>	Dispatch <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>3</u> <u>20</u> <u>2021</u>	<u>22:31</u>	Sent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>4</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Suppression <input type="checkbox"/> EMS <input type="checkbox"/> Other	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Personnel ID	Name	Rank or Grade	Attend <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Action Taken	Action Taken	Action Taken	Action Taken			
15309	Anderson, Jacob	CP	X							
15321	Czech, Douglas	FF	X							
15325	Farias, Miguel	FF	X							
15387	Focht, Garrett	FF	X							
<u>2</u>	ID <u>1208</u> Type <u>60</u>	Dispatch <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>3</u> <u>20</u> <u>2021</u>	<u>22:31</u>	Sent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>1</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Suppression <input type="checkbox"/> EMS <input type="checkbox"/> Other	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Personnel ID	Name	Rank or Grade	Attend <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Action Taken	Action Taken	Action Taken	Action Taken			
15302	Babinec, John	DC	X							
<u>3</u>	ID <u>1210</u> Type <u>92</u>	Dispatch <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>3</u> <u>20</u> <u>2021</u>	<u>22:31</u>	Sent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>1</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Suppression <input type="checkbox"/> EMS <input type="checkbox"/> Other	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Personnel ID	Name	Rank or Grade	Attend <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Action Taken	Action Taken	Action Taken	Action Taken			
15314	Boyajian, Jeff	FC	X							

CS852

FDID

IL

State

3

20

2021

18T

Station

21-0000243

Incident Number

000

Exposure

Responding  
Units/Personnel

Unit

1201 HME 2007 Pumper

Notify Time

Enroute Time

Arrival Time

Cleared Time

22:31:00

22:31:00

22:34:00

01:44:00

Staff ID\Staff Name

Activity

Rank

Position

Role

15309 Anderson, Jacob P

Fire call

Captain

Officer's se

Captain

15321 Czech, Douglas P

Fire call

Firefighter

Driver

Driver of th

15325 Farias, Miguel

Fire call

Firefighter

Rear seat #1

15387 Focht, Garrett

Fire call

Firefighter

Rear seat #2

1208 Apparatus/Staff, Utility car

22:31:00

22:36:00

22:40:00

01:44:00

Staff ID\Staff Name

Activity

Rank

Position

Role

15302 Babinec, John C

Fire call

Deputy Chie

Driver

Deputy Chief

1210 Fire Chief

22:31:00

22:31:00

22:34:00

01:44:00

Staff ID\Staff Name

Activity

Rank

Position

Role

15314 Boyajian, Jeff G

Fire call

Fire Chief

Command

Chief

CS852 FDID *	IL State *	MM 3	DD 20	YYYY 2021	1ST Station	21-0000243 Incident Number *	000 Exposure *	Responding Personnel
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Staff ID\Staff Name	Unit	Activity	Position	Rank	PaySol	Hrs	HrsPd	Pts
15309 Anderson, Jacob P	1201	FIRECALL Fire call	OF	CP		3.22	3.22	0.00
15321 Czech, Douglas P	1201	X FIRECALL Fire call	DR	FF		3.22	3.22	0.00
15325 Farias, Miguel	1201	FIRECALL Fire call	R1	FF		3.22	3.22	0.00
15387 Focht, Garrett	1201	FIRECALL Fire call	R2	FF		3.22	3.22	0.00
15302 Babinec, John C	1208	X FIRECALL Fire call	DR	DC		3.22	3.22	0.00
15314 Boyajian, Jeff G	1210	X FIRECALL Fire call	CM	FC		3.22	3.22	0.00

Total Participants: 6

Total Personnel Hours: 19.32

An 'X' next to the unit denotes driver.

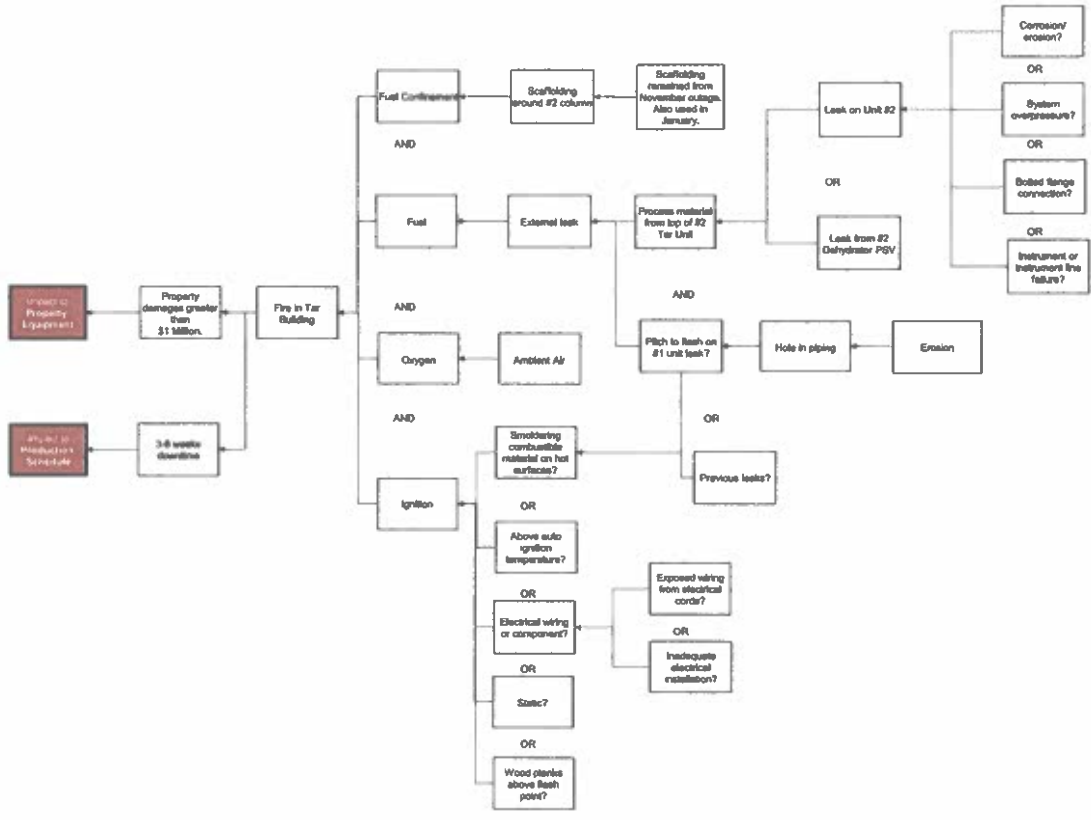


# Document 4



# Document 5

# Tar Fire March 2021



- Action: Pressure test columns and systems to identify if any leaks are present
- Action: Repair and replace process piping and gaskets in fire zone
- Action: Consider best practice with regards to bolting (flush vs. 2 threads past nut)
- Action: Conduct Pipe stress and support study to evaluate stress on piping (potentially increasing leaks). Include rebolter loop.
- Action: Consider establishing a replacement cycle on gaskets
- Action: Consider leaving building open and not re-installing siding
- Action: Establish policy/procedure for drawing material into containment and not onto floor
- Action: Routine walkdowns to inspect and look for anything abnormal
- Action: Implement Capital project for Tar Building upgrades
- Action: Consider deflection shield on pump that prevents material spray during seal leaks
- Action: Conduct engineering design evaluation on the fire protection system.

## Timeline

Date	Time	Description	Source, Reference
March 20, 2021	All Day	Unit #1 making hard carbon (HCP)	
	10 - 11 AM	Leak on top of #1 unit flash column. Vapors reported on gooseneck. Transfer of approximately 28,250 gallons to 1 tank occurred. This signifies decant transfer from 14 tank to 1 tank. Mixer on 1 tank was on. About 44% decant oil ratio.	Supervisor log
	11:25 AM	Feed started going to Unit #2 signifying unit began feeding Petro Tar.	PLC Trend
	1:45 PM	Tar BOC temperature reduction signifying start of shutdown on #1 column	PLC Trend
	2:00 PM	Vacuum pump on #1 unit shuts down	PLC Trend
	3:15 PM	Pressure increase in #1 flash column signifying operators clearing the lines.	PLC Trend
	3:35 PM	#2 Tube heater tripped on high outlet temperature (425C)	PLC Trend
	3:35 PM	H2S Mezzanine South peaked at 103.6 ppm (top of scale)	PLC Trend
	4:18 PM	#2 Tube heater tripped for second time on high outlet temperature (425)	PLC Trend
	4:18 PM	H2S Mezzanine South peaked at 103.6 ppm (top of scale)	PLC Trend
	5:05 PM	Unit #2 began running in manual	PLC Trend
	5:05 PM	H2S Mezzanine south rose to 9.4 ppm	PLC Trend
	10:13 PM	Operator noticed BOC temp at 388C and reboiler temp at 410C. Set gas flow control to reboiler to zero.	Operator interview and PLC Trend
	10:23 PM	Malfunctioning #2 dehydrator Circ Flow (FI-4203) goes to 700 gpm (top of scale). This previously was reading zero.	PLC Trend
	10:23 PM	#2 Dry Tar feed to col flow drops out to zero but then came back - consider if vapor flow was involved in reading?	PLC Trend
	10:23 PM	PI-4202 (#2 Creo TOC pressure), PI-4204 (#2 Dehydrator TOC pressure) dropped to zero.	PLC Trend
	10:23 PM	#2 Flash pressure (PI-4203) spiked	PLC Trend
	10:23 PM	#2 Tar TOC pressure (PV-4201) spiked to top of scale then came down	PLC Trend
	10:24 PM	#2 flash column high level switch activated (Closing Pitch to Flash valve)	PLC Trend
	10:25 PM	Unit #2 reboiler outlet and BOC temperature goes to top of scale. Coil skin and economizer temperature did not go top of scale suggesting heater temperatures were not abnormal.	PLC Trend
	10:25 PM	Kill switch from control room	PLC Trend
	10:26 AM	Wet tar feed to unit shut down.	PLC Trend
	10:26 PM	Diesel pump attempted kicked on	Fire System alarm panel
	10:26 PM	Electric fire pump kicked on	Electric fire pump log
	10:27 PM	Tar Column Feed Tray #8 Temperature 592 C	PLC Trend
	10:27 PM	Flames visible from ground to top of column. End of video shows flash of light/fire on 3rd floor	Video
March 20, 2021	10:27 PM	Condenser temperature on mez begin reacting	PLC Trend
	10:31 PM	Flames on columns subside, fire in building and outside on ground floor.	Picture
	10:33 PM	Video showing fire on top of Unit #1 flash column.	Video
	10:36 PM	Electric fire pump kicked off	Electric fire pump log
	10:38 PM	Electric fire pump kicked on	Electric fire pump log
	10:40 PM	Fire department onsite with water on building from north courtyard	Video
	10:46 PM	Electric Fire pump kicked off and log showed it came back on	Electric fire pump log
	10:47 PM	Photo showing more smoke and less fire. Fire truck in north courtyard.	Photo
	10:52 PM	Electric Fire pump started in manual and stayed on	Electric fire pump log and boiler operator statement

## Notes

Use this tab to keep track of any supporting notes, emails or documents.

Unit #2 has higher (40%) low CV limit on the controller compared to Unit #1 for the fuel gas. (i.e. the controller cannot go any lower than 40% output). This may explain why the unit tripped out several times when starting up on petro tar. Tripped on Reboiler outlet temperature high.

Unit #1 Mixer has been on since January 23.

### Interviews:

Midnight crew and All at 8:00 am

Matt Davis at 9:00 am

Scott and Larry at 2:00 pm

Kevin in Lab at 2:30 pm

Henry (Tar Processman, Midnight shift) - Looked like the fire was on the bottom and then the whole column went up. Fire department started ground level and worked up. No fire alarm came on until the monitors came on.

Andy (Tar Operator, Midnight shift) - Unit reboiler was running in manual, bottom of tar column was 388C (target 380C normally). Reboiler outlet temp 410C. Put gas at zero. Went to heat food, came back and alarm went off.

Molises (Tar Processman, Midnight) -

All (Lab Technician, Midnight) - called Sidney at 10:26.

Larry - first witness. Came out of lunch room and saw flaming glow on roof between columns. Nothing was on Unit #1 at that time. Went with Jaime into the Foreman's office. After came out of foreman's office entire building was engulfed in flames.

Jaime - Shift Super, called the guard and then Seth (10:27)

Bob Ruehle (PA Operator) - Walked to PA control room to start shift, did not notice anything unusual when looking toward Tar Building.

Matt Davis (Utilities Operator) - Called Tommy about 10:50 and started electric fire pump at 10:52 in manual.

Operators shut down after fire.

3 Tank (CTD) 662 (NSR), and 663 (NSR) shut down, 23 Tank (Pet Distillate)

Andy - Pich tank auto valves closed, FCCO tank auto valves closed

Unit 2 outage in November, came up in early December. Shut down due to vacuum issues, then tube heater fire. Tar and creosote columns vacuum tested before start up. After start up, vacuum issues. Wet tar feed valves leaking through, closed block valves. Vacuum breakers reading backwards. Ran for about 10 days or so before incident.

### Unit #2 runs with Petro TAR feeds:

Oct 30, 2020 from 8:00 am to 1:00 pm (5 hours)

Sep 9, 2020 from 11:00 am to 5:00 pm (6 hours)

July 2, 2020 to July 3, 2020 from 6:30 pm to 7:30 am (12 hours)

June 5, 2020 to June 6, 2020 from 10:00 am to 1:00 am (15 hours)

# 22:21:56 Jaime walks north to the foreman's office. Does not seem to be anything out of the ordinary.  
# 22:24:24 Possible smoke at top of screen floats by.  
# 22:24:57 First bit of flaming debris falls to the ground  
# 22:25:03 Screen goes dark, presumably from a lot of smoke. 2 people are looking in the direction of the distillation building from the tar foreman's office. Larry is one.  
# 22:27:10 Larry, Steve, and Jaime get to the monitor on the north side.  
# 22:28:17 There is weak water flow.  
# 22:28:40 Larry, Steve, and Mario go to the south side monitor.  
# 22:32:00 Andy leaves the control room and goes by foreman's office.  
# 22:34:00 Still weak flow. Monitor is locked toward the column and people back up past 33 tank.  
# 22:37:50 Fire Truck arrives.  
# 22:39:00 Koppers people seem to try and close monitor and reopen. It seems like the drain isn't completely closed. Water comes out of the ground by the monitor.  
# 22:39:50 Fire truck water on. Strong flow.  
# 22:41:50 Fire truck water off. SFD hooks up 4" hoe from hydrant by topped tar cooler to the truck.  
# 22:48:00 SFD shuts off plant fire monitor.  
# 22:54:00 Truck flow strong then weakens.  
# 22:56:00 Strong flow  
# 22:58:00 Shut off water to move truck.  
# 23:01:00 Strong flow.  
# 23:39:00 Truck water off. No sign of fire.  
# 23:40:00 Water on again to keep flooding in case.  
# 0:04:00 Truck water off.  
# 0:09:00 Chief Babinck, Seth, and I went by building. Still no sign of smoke or fire, only steam. Called fire over. SFD to watch for about an hour.  
# 1:27:00 SFD disconnects hoses and prepares to leave.

# Document 6



































# Document 7



Public Record Claimed Exempt

**Carbon Materials and Chemicals  
Cicero, Illinois  
Tar Operations**

**SO100  
Tar Plant Overview**



**Prepared by:**

**Revised:  
April, 2015**

Koppers Inc., Cicero  
**Tar Operations**  
*Tar Plant Overview*

Koppers Inc., Cicero  
**Tar Operations**  
*Tar Plant Overview*

Koppers Inc., Cicero  
**Tar Operations**  
*Tar Plant Overview*

Public Record Claimed Exempt

Koppers Inc., Cicero  
**Tar Operations**  
*Tar Plant Overview*

Public Record Claimed Exempt

Koppers Inc., Cicero  
**Tar Operations**  
*Tar Plant Overview*



Public Record Claimed Exempt



# Document 8

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR  
1910.1200

Version 14.0

Revision Date: 05/20/2015

Print Date: 05/27/2015

## SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Blended Pyrolysis Pitch

Product code : X2219

### Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : **Shell Chemical LP**  
PO Box 2463  
HOUSTON TX 77252-2463  
USA

SDS Request : 1-800-240-6737  
Customer Service : 1-855-697-4355

### Emergency telephone number

Chemtrec Domestic (24 hr) : 1-800-424-9300  
Chemtrec International (24 hr) : 1-703-527-3887

### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Base chemical., Raw material for use in the chemical industry.

Restrictions on use : This product must not be used in applications other than the above without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

## SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 4

Carcinogenicity : Category 1B

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4

Reproductive toxicity : Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 2 (Blood., Liver., Thymus)

Acute aquatic toxicity : Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Category 1

### GHS Label element

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

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- Hazard statements** : **PHYSICAL HAZARDS:**  
H227 Combustible liquid.  
**HEALTH HAZARDS:**  
H350 May cause cancer.  
H332 Harmful if inhaled.  
H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:**  
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.  
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- Precautionary statements** : **Prevention:**  
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.  
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.  
P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.  
**Response:**  
P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.  
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.  
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.  
**Storage:**  
P405 Store locked up.  
P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.  
**Disposal:**  
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

## Other hazards which do not result in classification

Hydrogen sulphide is highly toxic and may be fatal if inhaled.

Hydrogen sulphide (H<sub>2</sub>S), an extremely flammable and toxic gas, and other hazardous vapours may evolve and collect in the headspace of storage tanks, transport vessels and other enclosed containers.

May dull the sense of smell, so do not rely on odour as an indication of hazard.

May ignite on surfaces at temperatures above auto-ignition temperature.

This material is a static accumulator.

Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge.

If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable air-vapour mixtures can occur.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

Flammable vapours may be present even at temperatures below the flash point.

Therefore it should be treated as a potentially flammable liquid.

Contact with hot material can cause thermal burns which may result in permanent skin damage.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

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## SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### Hazardous components

Chemical Name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (%)
Fuel oil, pyrolysis	Fuel oil, pyrolysis	69013-21-4	<= 100

### Further information

#### Contains:

Chemical Name	Identification number	Concentration [%]
hydrogen sulphide	7783-06-4, 231-977-3	- <= 0.04

## SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

- General advice** : Vapourisation of H<sub>2</sub>S that has been trapped in clothing can be dangerous to rescuers. Maintain respiratory protection to avoid contamination from the victim to rescuer. Mechanical ventilation should be used to resuscitate if at all possible.
- If inhaled** : Remove to fresh air. Do not attempt to rescue the victim unless proper respiratory protection is worn. If the victim has difficulty breathing or tightness of the chest, is dizzy, vomiting, or unresponsive, give 100% oxygen with rescue breathing or CPR as required and transport to the nearest medical facility.
- In case of skin contact** : Cold product -  
Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available.  
If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
- Hot product -  
If contact with hot product, immediately cool the burn area by flushing or immersing the affected area with water for at least 15 to 20 minutes. Do not attempt to remove anything from the burn area or apply burn creams or ointments. During transport do not cover the wound with dressing or sheet since these may adhere to the product.
- In case of eye contact** : Cold product -  
Flush eye with copious quantities of water.  
If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
- Hot product -  
If contact with hot product, cool the burn area by flushing with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Do not attempt to remove anything from the burn area or apply burn creams or ointments.
- If swallowed** : If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.  
Give nothing by mouth.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and** : Respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing,

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- delayed and/or difficulty breathing.  
Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision.  
Defatting dermatitis signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation and/or a dried/cracked appearance.
- Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
- Immediate medical attention, special treatment : Hydrogen sulphide (H<sub>2</sub>S) - CNS asphyxiant. May cause rhinitis, bronchitis and occasionally pulmonary oedema after severe exposure. **CONSIDER:** Oxygen therapy. Consult a Poison Control Center for guidance.  
Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

## SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use direct water jets on the burning product as they could cause a steam explosion and spread of the fire.  
Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.
- Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Hazardous combustion products may include:  
A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke).  
Oxides of nitrogen  
Oxides of sulphur.  
Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.  
Flammable vapours may be present even at temperatures below the flash point.  
The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible.  
Will float and can be reignited on surface water.  
Hydrogen sulphide (H<sub>2</sub>S) and other toxic sulphur oxides may be given off when this material is heated. Do not depend on sense of smell for warning.  
Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs.
- Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Further information : Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.  
If possible remove containers from the danger zone.  
If the fire cannot be extinguished the only course of action is to evacuate immediately.  
Contain residual material at affected sites to prevent material from entering drains (sewers), ditches, and waterways.
- Special protective equipment for firefighters : Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if

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large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Do not breathe fumes, vapour.  
Do not operate electrical equipment.
- : Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area and evacuate all personnel. Attempt to disperse the gas or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment. Monitor area with combustible gas meter. May ignite on surfaces at temperatures above auto-ignition temperature.
- Environmental precautions : Take measures to minimise the effects on groundwater. Contain residual material at affected sites to prevent material from entering drains (sewers), ditches, and waterways. Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Take precautionary measures against static discharges. For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely. For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely. Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
- Avoid contact with spilled or released material. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet.  
See Chapter 13 for information on disposal.  
Observe all relevant local and international regulations.  
Remove contaminated clothing.  
Evacuate the area of all non-essential personnel.  
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.  
Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.

Additional advice : For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment

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see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.

For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Maritime spillages should be dealt with using a Shipboard Oil Pollution Emergency Plan (SOPEP), as required by MARPOL Annex 1 Regulation 26.

This material is covered by EPA's Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) Petroleum Exclusion. Therefore, releases to the environment may not be reportable under CERCLA.

U.S. regulations may require reporting releases of this material to the environment which exceed the reportable quantity (refer to Chapter 15) to the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

Under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) this material is considered an oil. As such, spills into surface waters must be reported to the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

## SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Technical measures : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.  
Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.  
Prevent spillages.  
Contaminated leather articles including shoes cannot be decontaminated and should be destroyed to prevent reuse.
- Precautions for safe handling : The inherent toxic and olfactory (sense of smell) fatiguing properties of hydrogen sulphide require that air monitoring alarms be used if concentrations are expected to reach harmful levels such as in enclosed spaces, heated transport vessels and spill or leak situations. If the air concentration exceeds 10 ppm, the area should be evacuated unless respiratory protection is in use.  
Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.  
When using do not eat or drink.  
Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks.  
Earth all equipment.  
Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols.  
Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.

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- Avoidance of contact** : Strong oxidising agents.
- Product Transfer** : Avoid splash filling Wait 2 minutes after tank filling (for tanks such as those on road tanker vehicles) before opening hatches or manholes. Wait 30 minutes after tank filling ( for large storage tanks) before opening hatches or manholes. Keep containers closed when not in use. Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge. If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable air-vapour mixtures can occur. Even when the product is not itself flammable, such vapours may be present as a result of operations involving a previously handled product, or faulty vapour recovery systems. Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations.

## Storage

- Other data** : Drum and small container storage:  
Drums should be stacked to a maximum of 3 high.  
Use properly labeled and closable containers.  
Prevent ingress of water.  
Tank storage:  
Tanks must be specifically designed for use with this product.  
Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).  
Locate tanks away from heat and other sources of ignition.  
Tanks should be fitted with heating coils.  
Ensure heating coils are always covered with product (minimum 15 cm).  
Electrostatic charges will be generated during pumping.  
Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment to reduce the risk.  
The vapours in the head space of the storage vessel may lie in the flammable/explosive range and hence may be flammable.  
Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product.

- Packaging material** : Suitable material: For containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel., Aluminium may also be used for applications where it does not present an unnecessary fire hazard., Examples of suitable materials are: high density polyethylene (HDPE) and Viton (FKM), which have been specifically tested for compatibility with this product., For container linings, use amine-adduct cured epoxy paint., For seals and gaskets use: graphite, PTFE, Viton A, Viton B.  
Unsuitable material: Some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Examples of materials to avoid are: natural rubber (NR), nitrile rubber (NBR), ethylene propylene rubber (EPDM), polymethyl methacrylate (PMMA), polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC), polyisobutylene., However, some may be suitable for glove materials.

- Specific use(s)** : See additional references that provide safe handling practices



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for liquids that are determined to be static accumulators:  
American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practices on Static Electricity).  
CENELEC CLC/TR 50404 (Electrostatics – Code of practice for the avoidance of hazards due to static electricity).

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
hydrogen sulphide	7783-06-4	CEIL	20 ppm	OSHA Z-2
		Peak	50 ppm	OSHA Z-2
		TWA	1 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	5 ppm	ACGIH

### Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods <http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/>

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods <http://www.osha.gov/>

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances <http://www.hse.gov.uk/>

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany <http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp>

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Sécurité, (INRS), France <http://www.inrs.fr/accueil>

**Engineering measures** : The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:  
Use sealed systems as far as possible.  
Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended.  
Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.  
Local exhaust ventilation is recommended.  
Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

### General Information:

Consider technical advances and process upgrades (including automation) for the elimination of releases. Minimise exposure using measures such as closed systems, dedicated facilities and suitable general/local exhaust ventilation. Drain

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down systems and clear transfer lines prior to breaking containment. Clean/flush equipment, where possible, prior to maintenance. Where there is potential for exposure: restrict access to authorised persons; provide specific activity training to operators to minimise exposures; wear suitable gloves and coveralls to prevent skin contamination; wear respiratory protection when there is potential for inhalation; clear up spills immediately and dispose of wastes safely. Ensure safe systems of work or equivalent arrangements are in place to manage risks. Regularly inspect, test and maintain all control measures. Consider the need for risk based health surveillance.

Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

## Personal protective equipment

**Respiratory protection** : If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus. All respiratory protection equipment and use must be in accordance with local regulations.

Respirator selection, use and maintenance should be in accordance with the requirements of the OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard, 29 CFR 1910.134.

Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].

## Hand protection Remarks

: Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same, but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent

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- on the exact composition of the glove material.
- Eye protection** : Wear goggles for use against liquids and gas.  
If a local risk assessment deems it so then chemical splash goggles may not be required and safety glasses may provide adequate eye protection.
- Skin and body protection** : Wear chemical resistant gloves/gauntlets and boots. Where risk of splashing, also wear an apron.  
Wear antistatic and flame retardant clothing, if a local risk assessment deems it so.
- Protective measures** : Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
- Hygiene measures** : Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.

## Environmental exposure controls

- General advice** : Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.  
Information on accidental release measures are to be found in section 6.  
Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local environmental legislation.

## SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- Appearance** : Oil.
- Colour** : black
- Odour** : Strong hydrocarbon or rotten egg
- Odour Threshold** : Data not available
- pH** : Data not available
- Melting point/freezing point** : Data not available
- Boiling point/boiling range** : > 235 °C / > 455 °F
- Flash point** : 93 °C / 199 °F
- Evaporation rate** : Data not available
- Upper explosion limit** : not determined
- Lower explosion limit** : not determined
- Vapour pressure** : Data not available
- Relative vapour density** : Data not available

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Relative density	: 0.9593
Density	: Data not available
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	: 0.05 g/l negligible
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: ca. 2 - 20
Auto-ignition temperature	: Data not available
Decomposition temperature	: no data available
Viscosity Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available
Viscosity, kinematic	: Data not available
Explosive properties	: Not applicable
Oxidizing properties	: Not applicable
Surface tension	: Data not available
Conductivity	: Low conductivity: < 100 pS/m, The conductivity of this material makes it a static accumulator., A liquid is typically considered nonconductive if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m and is considered semi-conductive if its conductivity is below 10 000 pS/m., Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semiconductive, the precautions are the same., A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid
Molecular weight	: Data not available

## SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability	: Stable under normal conditions of use.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage. Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

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## SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Basis for assessment** : Information given is based on product data, a knowledge of the components and the toxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur through inhalation or following accidental ingestion.

### Acute toxicity

#### Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg  
Remarks: Low toxicity:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC 50 (Rat): >1 - <=5 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Remarks: Harmful if inhaled.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg  
Remarks: Low toxicity:

### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged/repeated contact may cause defatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis., Contact with hot material can cause thermal burns which may result in permanent skin damage.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Hot product may cause severe eye burns and/or blindness.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a sensitiser.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### Product:

: Remarks: Positive in in-vitro, but negative in in-vivo mutagenicity assays.

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

### Carcinogenicity

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## **Product:**

Remarks: Causes cancer in laboratory animals.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Category 1B

## **IARC**

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

## **ACGIH**

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

## **OSHA**

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

## **NTP**

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

## **Reproductive toxicity**

### **Product:**

: Remarks: Causes foetotoxicity at doses which are maternally toxic.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

## **STOT - single exposure**

### **Product:**

Remarks: Contains hydrogen sulphide., Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system.

## **STOT - repeated exposure**

### **Product:**

Remarks: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Target Organs: Blood, Liver, Thymus

## **Aspiration toxicity**

### **Product:**

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

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## Further Information

### Product:

Remarks: H<sub>2</sub>S has a broad range of effects dependent on the airborne concentration and length of exposure: 0.02 ppm odour threshold, smell of rotten eggs; 10 ppm eye and respiratory tract irritation; 100 ppm coughing, headache, dizziness, nausea, eye irritation, loss of sense of smell in minutes; 200 ppm potential for pulmonary oedema after >20-30 minutes; 500 ppm loss of consciousness after short exposures, potential for respiratory arrest; >1000ppm immediate loss of consciousness, may lead rapidly to death, prompt cardiopulmonary resuscitation may be required. Do not depend on sense of smell for warning. H<sub>2</sub>S causes rapid olfactory fatigue (deadsens sense of smell). There is no evidence that H<sub>2</sub>S will accumulate in the body tissue after repeated exposure., Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

## SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Basis for assessment** : Fuels are typically made from blending several refinery streams. Ecotoxicological studies have been carried out on a variety of hydrocarbon blends and streams but not those containing additives.  
Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

### **Ecotoxicity**

#### Product:

- Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)** : Remarks: Harmful:  
LL/EL/IL50 >10 <= 100 mg/l
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)** : Remarks: Toxic:  
LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l
- Toxicity to algae (Acute toxicity)** : Remarks: Very toxic:  
LL/EL/IL50 < 1 mg/l
- Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)** : Remarks: NOEC/NOEL expected to be > 0.01 - <= 0.1 mg/l (based on modeled data)
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)** : Remarks: NOEC/NOEL expected to be > 0.1 - <= 1.0 mg/l (based on modeled data)
- Toxicity to bacteria (Acute toxicity)** : Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic:  
LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

### **Persistence and degradability**

#### Product:

- Biodegradability** : Remarks: The volatile constituents will oxidize rapidly by photochemical reactions in air.

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Major constituents are inherently biodegradable.

## Bioaccumulative potential

### Product:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Contains constituents with the potential to bioaccumulate.

## Mobility in soil

### Product:

Mobility : Remarks: Partly evaporates from water or soil surfaces, but a significant proportion will remain after one day.  
Large volumes may penetrate soil and could contaminate groundwater.  
Contains volatile components.  
Floats on water.

## Other adverse effects

no data available

### Product:

Additional ecological information : Films formed on water may affect oxygen transfer and damage organisms.

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## SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Disposal methods

- Waste from residues : Recover or recycle if possible.  
It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.  
Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses  
Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground.  
Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.
- Contaminated packaging : Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.  
Drain container thoroughly.  
After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire.  
Residues may cause an explosion hazard if heated above the flash point. Do not puncture, cut or weld uncleaned drums.  
Do not pollute the soil, water or environment with the waste container.  
Comply with any local recovery or waste disposal regulations.



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## SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### National Regulations

#### US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

### International Regulation

#### IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### Special precautions for user

Not applicable

**Additional Information** : This material is an 'OIL' under 49 CFR Part 130 when transported in a container of 3500 gallon capacity or greater.

## SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**OSHA Hazards** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

### EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

#### CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ (lbs)	Calculated product RQ (lbs)
Hydrogen Sulfide	7783-06-4	100	*

\*: Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

#### CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

#### SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

**SARA 311/312 Hazards** : Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard  
Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard  
Fire Hazard

**SARA 302** : No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

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**SARA 313** : This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

## Clean Water Act

The following Hazardous Chemicals are listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3:

hydrogen sulphide	7783-06-4	0.04 %
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## Pennsylvania Right To Know

hydrogen sulphide	7783-06-4
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## California Prop 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

Other regulations : The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

## SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reactivity) 2, 2, 0

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Due to the conversion of this product to GHS classification and labelling, there has been a significant change to the nature of the information presented in chapter 2.

Abbreviations and Acronyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials

BEL = Biological exposure limits

BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes

CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council

CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling

COC = Cleveland Open-Cup

DIN = Deutsches Institut für Normung

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List

EC = European Commission

EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty

ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicology Of Chemicals

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ECHA = European Chemicals Agency  
EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial  
Chemical Substances  
EL50 = Effective Loading fifty  
ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances  
Inventory  
EWC = European Waste Code  
GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and  
Labelling of Chemicals  
IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty  
IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory  
IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the  
determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables  
KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory  
LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty  
LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent.  
LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading  
LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of  
Pollution From Ships  
NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob-  
served Effect Level  
OE\_HP V = Occupational Exposure - High Production Volume  
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical  
Substances  
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
REACH = Registration Evaluation And Authorisation Of  
Chemicals  
RID = Regulations Relating to International Carriage of Dan-  
gerous Goods by Rail  
SKIN\_DES = Skin Designation  
STEL = Short term exposure limit  
TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment  
TSCA = US Toxic Substances Control Act  
TWA = Time-Weighted Average  
vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to : The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more  
compile the Safety Data sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell  
Sheet Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU  
IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

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This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for  
the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be  
construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

# Document 9

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Decant Oil

## Section 1. Identification

**GHS product identifier** : Decant Oil  
**Chemical name** : Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked  
**Synonyms** : Catalytically Cracked Clarified Oil (Petroleum); Clarified Oil; Claroil; Clarified Slurry Oil; Cat Slurry Oil; Decant Oil; Bottoms Stream from a Fluid Catalytic Cracker Unit; FCCU Bottoms; Fluid Catalytic Cracker Unit (FCCU) Residuum; FCCU Decant Oil; FCCU Claroil; Coker Feed Component; No. 6 Fuel Oil Blending Component; Heavy Fuel Oil Blending Component; Unfinished Bunker Fuel; Carbon Black Unit Feedstock; C20-C50 Petroleum Hydrocarbons; Needle Coker Feedstock; Alternative Product No. 0153  
**Code** : 07501  
**Supplier's details** : CITGO Petroleum Corporation  
P.O. Box 4689  
Houston, TX 77210  
sdsvend@citgo.com  
**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** : Technical Contact: (800) 248-4684  
Medical Emergency: (832) 486-4700  
CHEMTREC Emergency: (800) 424-9300  
(United States Only)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).  
**Classification of the substance or mixture** : ACUTE TOXICITY (Inhalation) - Category 4  
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B  
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B  
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2  
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1  
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** :

Danger

**Hazard statements** :

Harmful if inhaled.  
May cause genetic defects.  
May cause cancer.  
May damage the unborn child.  
Suspected of damaging fertility.  
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Precautionary statements

**Prevention** :

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor.

## Section 2. Hazards identification

<b>Response</b>	: Collect spillage. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.
<b>Storage</b>	: Store locked up.
<b>Disposal</b>	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
<b>Supplemental label elements</b>	: Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Do not taste or swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling.
<b>Hazards not otherwise classified</b>	: Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor may cause flash fire or explosion. Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Elevated temperature liquid. May contain or release poisonous hydrogen sulfide gas.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<b>Substance/mixture</b>	: Substance
<b>Chemical name</b>	: Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked
<b>Other means of identification</b>	: Catalytically Cracked Clarified Oil (Petroleum); Clarified Oil; Claroil; Clarified Slurry Oil; Cat Slurry Oil; Decant Oil; Bottoms Stream from a Fluid Catalytic Cracker Unit; FCCU Bottoms; Fluid Catalytic Cracker Unit (FCCU) Residuum; FCCU Decant Oil; FCCU Claroil; Coker Feed Component; No. 6 Fuel Oil Blending Component; Heavy Fuel Oil Blending Component; Unfinished Bunker Fuel; Carbon Black Unit Feedstock; C20-C50 Petroleum Hydrocarbons; Needle Coker Feedstock; Alternative Product No. 0153

### CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : 64741-62-4

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked	>99	64741-62-4
Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	7 - 13	130498-29-2
Naphthalene	0.5 - 1.5	91-20-3
Hydrogen sulfide	<0.1	7783-06-4

\* = Various    \*\* = Mixture    \*\*\* = Proprietary

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to process variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

<b>Eye contact</b>	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
<b>Inhalation</b>	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

## Section 4. First aid measures

- Skin contact** : Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Contact can cause severe thermal burns and damage to the eyes.
- Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled. Inhalation of mist or vapors at elevated temperatures can cause respiratory irritation or lung damage. Hydrogen sulfide may be released from this product. Highest concentrations are likely in the vapor spaces of storage tanks, barge compartments and process equipment. Hydrogen sulfide may be harmful or fatal if inhaled. NIOSH has determined that atmospheres containing 100 ppm or more of hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S) are immediately dangerous to life and health. At concentrations above 500 ppm, H<sub>2</sub>S causes unconsciousness and respiratory paralysis leading to coma and/or death. Inhalation of gas may cause respiratory paralysis, severe nose, throat, respiratory tract, and lung irritation, depending on the concentration and duration of exposure. Symptoms are characterized by coughing, choking, or shortness of breath. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- Skin contact** : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. Contact with material at elevated temperatures can cause severe thermal burns and tissue damage.
- Ingestion** : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
dryness  
cracking
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains  
nausea or vomiting

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. If ingested, this material presents a significant aspiration and chemical pneumonitis hazard. Induction of emesis is not recommended. Consider activated charcoal and/or gastric lavage. If patient is obtunded, protect the airway by cuffed endotracheal intubation or by placement of the body in a Trendelenburg and left lateral decubitus position. Treat intoxications as hydrogen sulfide exposures.
- Specific treatments** : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

## Section 4. First aid measures

- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that gas or vapor is still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces.  
SMALL FIRE: Steam, CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical or inert gas (e.g., nitrogen). LARGE FIRE: Use foam, water fog or water spray. Water fog and spray are effective in cooling containers and adjacent structures. However, water can cause frothing and/or may not extinguish the fire. Water can be used to cool the external walls of vessels to prevent excessive pressure, ignition or explosion.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
nitrogen oxides  
sulfur oxides

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up



## Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Restrict flow velocity according to API 2003 (2008), NFPA 77 (2007), and Laurence Britton, "Avoiding Static Ignition Hazards in Chemical Operations". To reduce potential for static discharge, ensure that all equipment is properly grounded and bonded and meets appropriate electrical classification requirements. This material can release hydrogen sulfide gas. Refer to Section 8 for description of appropriate respiratory personnel protective equipment. This material may evolve hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S), a highly flammable and poisonous gas. Always check for hazardous vapors and take appropriate precautions.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. H<sub>2</sub>S is a potentially deadly gas. Do not rely on the ability to smell H<sub>2</sub>S. Use appropriate respiratory protection. Hydrogen Sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S) can accumulate during storage of this material. Monitor for H<sub>2</sub>S during tank gauging and similar operations. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
- Bulk Storage Conditions:** Maintain all storage tanks in accordance with applicable regulations. Use necessary controls to monitor tank inventories. Inspect all storage tanks on a periodic basis. Test tanks and associated piping for tightness. Maintain the automatic leak detection devices to assure proper working condition.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons

**ACGIH TLV (United States). Notes: Coal Tar Pitch Volatiles, as benzene soluble aerosol**

TWA: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**OSHA PEL (United States). Notes: Coal Tar Pitch Volatiles, as benzene soluble aerosol**

TWA: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).**

TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.

**OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).**

TWA: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Benzene soluble

Naphthalene

**ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin.**

STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.

**ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).**

**Absorbed through skin.**

TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 52 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).**

TWA: 10 ppm 10 hours.

TWA: 50 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.

STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.

STEL: 75 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

**OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).**

TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 50 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Hydrogen sulfide

**ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).**

TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.

STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes.

**OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).**

CEIL: 20 ppm

AMP: 50 ppm 10 minutes.

**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).**

CEIL: 10 ppm 10 minutes.

CEIL: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 minutes.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, vapor controls, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

##### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Eye/face protection** : Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in industrial settings. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. Use a full-face shield and chemical safety goggles if handling heated material.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Avoid skin contact with liquid. Chemical-resistant gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. When product is heated, wear gloves to protect against thermal burns. Leather gloves are not protective for liquid contact.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When working with or exposed to material at elevated temperatures, wear thermal protective body-covering work clothes.
- Other skin protection** : Avoid skin contact with liquid. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Leather boots are not protective for liquid contact.
- Respiratory protection** : Avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, mists or dusts. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied-air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommend: A full-face supplied air pressure-demand respirator with escape bottle or a pressure-demand self-contained, breathing apparatus (SCBA) is required. Respirators should be used in accordance with OSHA requirements (29 CFR 1910.134).

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Dark brown to black
- Odor** : Strong, pungent burnt or cracked hydrocarbon odor.
- pH** : Not available.
- Boiling point** : 271°C (520°F)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 149°C (300°F) [Setaflash.]
- Evaporation rate** : 0.005 (n-butyl acetate = 1)
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Lower: 0.9%  
Upper: 7%
- Vapor pressure** : <0.013 kPa (<0.1 mm Hg) [room temperature]
- Vapor density** : >1 [Air = 1]
- Relative density** : 1 to 1.09 [Estimated]
- Density lbs/gal** : Estimated 8.71 lbs/gal
- Density gm/cm<sup>3</sup>** : Not available.
- Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
- Solubility in water** : 0.0004 g/l
- Flow time (ISO 2431)** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >1.9 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (>190 cSt)
- Viscosity SUS** : Estimated 968 SUS @104 F
- Conductivity** : <50 picosiemens/meter (unadditized)

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity** : Not expected to be Explosive, Self-Reactive, Self-Heating, or an Organic Peroxide under US GHS Definition(s).
- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not store with strong oxidizing agents.
- Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidizing materials
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked	LD Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Naphthalene	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Mouse	634 ppm	1 hours
Hydrogen sulfide	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	820 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	3 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	444 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	470 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	6 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : No additional information.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Naphthalene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	495 milligrams	-

**Skin** : No additional information.

**Eyes** : No additional information.

**Respiratory** : No additional information.

#### Sensitization

Not available.

**Skin** : No additional information.

**Respiratory** : No additional information.

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : **Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked:** Findings from in vitro and in vivo studies of this material have been both negative and positive, but the overall weight of evidence suggests this material is genotoxic.

#### Carcinogenicity

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : **Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked:** The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has identified high-boiling fractions of catalytically cracked petroleum streams as "untreated or mildly-treated oils" and has classified these oils as Group 1, Carcinogenic to Humans.

**Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons:** Chronic or repeated exposure increases the likelihood of tumor initiation as well as the potential for metabolism of a PNA procarcinogen into a carcinogen. Increased incidence of tumors of the skin, bladder, lung and gastrointestinal tract have been described in individuals exposed to elevated concentrations of certain PNAs.

Dermal exposures are associated with precancerous lesions, erythema, dermal burns, photosensitivity, acneiform lesions and irritation. Oral exposure to certain PNAs have been associated with precancerous growths of the mouth (leukoplakia). Also, mild nephrotoxicity, indicated by increased kidney size, congestion and renal cortical hemorrhages, plus elevated liver function tests and histopathologic abnormalities have occurred in rats following chronic ingestion.

### Classification

Product/Ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked	+	1	-
Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	+	1	-
Naphthalene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : No additional information.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : **Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked:** Fetal death and fetal malformations were observed in pregnant rodents following dermal exposure.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hydrogen sulfide	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Contact can cause severe thermal burns and damage to the eyes.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

- Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled. Inhalation of mist or vapors at elevated temperatures can cause respiratory irritation or lung damage. Hydrogen sulfide may be released from this product. Highest concentrations are likely in the vapor spaces of storage tanks, barge compartments and process equipment. Hydrogen sulfide may be harmful or fatal if inhaled. NIOSH has determined that atmospheres containing 100 ppm or more of hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S) are immediately dangerous to life and health. At concentrations above 500 ppm, H<sub>2</sub>S causes unconsciousness and respiratory paralysis leading to coma and/or death. Inhalation of gas may cause respiratory paralysis, severe nose, throat, respiratory tract, and lung irritation, depending on the concentration and duration of exposure. Symptoms are characterized by coughing, choking, or shortness of breath. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- Skin contact** : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. Contact with material at elevated temperatures can cause severe thermal burns and tissue damage.
- Ingestion** : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
dryness  
cracking
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains  
nausea or vomiting

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

- Potential Immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

- Potential Immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Carcinogenicity** : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : May cause genetic defects.
- Teratogenicity** : May damage the unborn child.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : Suspected of damaging fertility.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Naphthalene	Acute EC50 1.6 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2350 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
Hydrogen sulfide	Acute LC50 213 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Melanotaenia fluviatilis - Larvae	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.5 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Uca pugnax - Adult	3 weeks
	Chronic NOEC 1.5 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus	60 days
	Acute EC50 62 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus	2 days
	Acute LC50 2 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Coregonus clupeaformis - Yolk-sac fry	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Naphthalene	3.4	36.5 to 168	low

### Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
<b>UN number</b>	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked)

## Section 14. Transport information

Transport hazard class(es)	9 	9 	9 
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

### Additional information

#### DOT Classification

: Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity, unless transported by inland waterway. The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**Reportable quantity** 11111.1 lbs / 5044.4 kg [1275.2 gal / 4827.2 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

**Limited quantity** Yes.

**Packaging instruction** Exceptions: 155. Non-bulk: 203. Bulk: 241.

**Special provisions** 8, 146, 173, 335, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29

**Remarks** If this liquid is offered for transportation at or above 100° C (212° F), the shipping description must be revised to an Elevated Temperature Material. The word "HOT" must immediately proceed the proper shipping name unless "elevated temperature" or "molten" is already included in the proper shipping name. **Oil:** The product(s) represented by this SDS is (are) regulated as "oil" under 49 CFR Part 130. Shipments by rail or highway in packaging having a capacity of 3500 gallons or more or in a quantity greater 42,000 gallons are subject to these requirements. In addition, mixtures containing 10% or more of this product may be subject to these requirements.

#### TDG Classification

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.43-2.45 (Class 9), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as dangerous goods when transported by road or rail.

#### Mexico Classification

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

#### ADR/RID

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

#### IMDG

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

**Emergency schedules** F-A, S-F

**Special provisions** 274, 335, 969

**Remarks** If this liquid is offered for transportation at or above 100° C (212° F), the shipping description must be revised to an Elevated Temperature Material. The word "HOT" must immediately proceed the proper shipping name unless "elevated temperature" or "molten" is already included in the proper shipping name.

#### IATA

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

**Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 450 L. Packaging instructions: 964. Cargo Aircraft Only: 450 L. Packaging instructions: 964. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y964.

**Special provisions** A97, A158, A197

**Remarks** If this liquid is offered for transportation at or above 100° C (212° F), the shipping description must be revised to an Elevated Temperature Material. The word "HOT" must immediately proceed the proper shipping name unless "elevated temperature" or "molten" is already included in the proper shipping name.



## Section 14. Transport information

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations** : **United States Inventory (TSCA 8b):** All components are listed or exempted.  
**Clean Water Act (CWA) 307:** Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons; naphthalene  
**Clean Water Act (CWA) 311:** naphthalene; hydrogen sulphide  
 This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

### SARA 302/304

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	EHS	SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
			(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Hydrogen sulfide	<0.1	Yes.	500	-	100	-

**SARA 304 RQ** : 112233.4 lbs / 50954 kg [12881 gal / 48759.8 L]

### SARA 311/312

**Classification** : ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4  
 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1  
 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B  
 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B  
 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2  
 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2  
 HNOC - Static-accumulating flammable liquid  
 HNOC - Corrosive to digestive tract

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked	>99	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 HNOC - Static-accumulating flammable liquid HNOC - Corrosive to digestive tract
Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked	>99	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	7 - 13	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) (dermal) - Category 1B
Naphthalene	0.5 - 1.5	FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 2

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Hydrogen sulfide	<0.1	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
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### SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	130498-29-2	<20
	naphthalene	91-20-3	<2
Supplier notification	Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	130498-29-2	<20
	naphthalene	91-20-3	<2

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### State regulations

- Massachusetts** : None of the components are listed.
- New York** : The following components are listed: Naphthalene
- New Jersey** : The following components are listed: POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS; NAPHTHALENE; MOTH FLAKES
- Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons; NAPHTHALENE

### California Prop. 65 Clear and Reasonable Warnings (2018)

**⚠ WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Naphthalene, Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

### International regulations

#### Inventory list

- United States** : All components are listed or exempted.
- Australia** : All components are listed or exempted.
- Canada** : All components are listed or exempted.
- China** : All components are listed or exempted.
- Europe** : All components are listed or exempted.
- Japan** : **Japan Inventory (ENCS):** Not determined.  
**Japan Inventory (ISHL):** Not determined.
- Malaysia** : Not determined.
- New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted.
- Philippines** : Not determined.
- Republic of Korea** : All components are listed or exempted.
- Taiwan** : All components are listed or exempted.
- Thailand** : Not determined.
- Turkey** : Not determined.
- Viet Nam** : Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



## Section 16. Other information

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
ACUTE TOXICITY (Inhalation) - Category 4	Calculation method
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1	Calculation method

### History

Date of printing	: 8/7/2018
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/7/2018
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

☑ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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# Document 10

Material Name: PETROLEUM TAR

**Section 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION****Material Name**

PETROLEUM TAR

**Synonyms**

Slurry Oil; Heavy Pyrolysis Oil and Pyrolysis Fuel Oil

**Product Use**

Production feedstock material.

**Restrictions on Use**

None known.

**Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

KOPPERS INC.

436 Seventh Avenue

Pittsburgh, PA 15219-1800

Mfg Contact: 412-227-2001 (SDS Requests: 866-852-5239)

CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 (Outside USA: +1 703-527-3887)

Emergencies: (Medical in USA): 877-737-9047

Emergencies: (Medical Outside of USA): 651-632-9269

E-mail: naorgmsds@koppers.com

**Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION****Classification in accordance with paragraph (d) of 29 CFR 1910.1200.**

Skin Sensitization - Category 1

Carcinogenicity - Category 1B

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment - Acute - Category 3

**GHS Label Elements****Symbol(s)****Signal Word**

Danger

**Hazard Statement(s)**

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause cancer.

Harmful to aquatic life.

**Precautionary Statement(s)****Prevention**

Avoid breathing vapor or mist.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Obtain special instructions before use.

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Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
Avoid release to the environment.

**Response**

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.  
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.  
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Storage**

Store locked up.

**Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Other Hazards**

Heated material may cause thermal burns.

**Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

CAS	Component Name	Percent
69013-21-4	Fuel oil, pyrolysis	0-100
64741-62-4	Clarified oils, petroleum, catalytic cracked	0-100
Not Available	The above listed complex substance contains the following constituents	-
85-01-8	Phenanthrene	0.53-0.92
91-20-3	Naphthalene	0.09-0.63
243-17-4	Benzo[b]fluorene	0.2-0.6
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	0.3-0.6
129-00-0	Pyrene	0.28-0.55
83-32-9	Acenaphthene	0.23-0.41
90-12-0	1-Methylnaphthalene	0.3-0.4
120-12-7	Anthracene	0.21-0.35
206-44-0	Fluoranthene	0.16-0.32
132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	0.07-0.25
7704-34-9	Sulfur	0.174-0.243
189-64-0	Dibenzo(a,h)pyrene	0-0.2
86-73-7	Fluorene	0.1-0.2
238-84-6	Benzo(a)fluorene	0-0.2

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193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.07-0.13
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	0.08-0.12
56-55-3	1,2-Benzanthracene	0.07-0.12
218-01-9	1,2-Benzphenanthrene	0.07-0.12
53-70-3	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0-0.1
226-36-8	Dibenz(a,h)acridine	0-0.1
92-52-4	Biphenyl	0-0.1
217-59-4	Triphenylene	0-0.1
192-97-2	Benzo(e)pyrene	0-0.1
50-32-8	Benzo(a)pyrene	0.04-0.07
191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	0.0-0.04
7783-06-4	Hydrogen sulfide	<0.04
91-22-5	Quinoline	0-0.02

### Component Related Regulatory Information

This product may be regulated, have exposure limits or other information identified as the following: Aromatic hydrocarbons, polycyclic (130489-29-2).

### Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Inhalation

If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Do not attempt rescue in confined spaces without adequate protective gear and proper training. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.

#### Skin

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash all affected skin areas with warm soapy water. Skin contact causes photosensitization which can last for 36-72 hours after exposure. Keep out of direct sunlight for the next two to three days to avoid sunburn to the photosensitized skin areas. Use a broad spectrum blockout cream to protect against UV alpha ray exposure. Get medical attention, if needed.

#### Eyes

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Then get immediate medical attention.

#### Ingestion

Not a likely route of exposure. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsive person. If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to help prevent aspiration.

#### Most Important Symptoms/Effects

##### Acute

allergic reactions, thermal burns from heated material

**Delayed**

allergic reactions, nasal cancer, skin cancer

**Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Treat symptomatically and supportively.

**Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES****Extinguishing Media****Suitable Extinguishing Media**

regular dry chemical, carbon dioxide, regular foam, water spray

**Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Do not use high-pressure water streams.

**Hazardous Combustion Products**

oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, oxides of sulfur, hydrocarbons, hydrogen sulfide

**Advice for firefighters**

Slight fire hazard. During fire conditions, vapors and decomposition products may be released, forming flammable/explosive mixtures in air. Containers may rupture or explode if exposed to heat.

**Fire Fighting Measures**

Avoid inhalation of material or combustion by-products. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. Use extinguishing agents appropriate for surrounding fire. Flood with fine water spray. Directly spraying water or foam onto hot burning product may cause frothing. For fires in cargo or storage area: Cool containers with water from unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles until well after fire is out. If this is impossible then take the following precautions: Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discoloration of tanks due to fire.

**Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

Wear full protective firefighting gear including self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) for protection against possible exposure.

**Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES****Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures**

Wear personal protective clothing and equipment, see Section 8. Avoid release to the environment.

**Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up**

Stop leak if possible without personal risk. To prevent liquid from flowing into drains, completely contain spilled material with dikes, sandbags, etc. Collect spilled material in appropriate container for disposal. In Canada, report releases to provincial authorities, municipal authorities, or both, as required. Due to the concentration of Dibenz(a,h)anthracene and the CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4) reportable quantity of 1 pound, the release of 1000 pounds (160 gallons) of this product requires National Response Center notification. See Section 13 for waste disposal information.

**Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE****Precautions for Safe Handling**

Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid breathing vapors of heated materials. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Wash exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water, or a waterless hand cleaner, after skin contact and before eating, drinking, using tobacco products, or restrooms. Use protective skin cream on exposed skin before and during work shift. To reduce sun sensitivity a sun-blocking lotion can also be applied prior to application of a protective cream. Contaminated clothing should be removed and laundered before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace unless laundered or decontaminated. After working with the product use warm soapy water and a wash cloth to thoroughly wash all areas of skin that have been contacted with product. After washing,





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apply a broad spectrum UV blockout cream on exposed skin areas before going into sunlight. Keep out of strong sunlight for two to three days after being affected by the product. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

### Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Store locked up.

Storage and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Store in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry place. Store in a well-ventilated area. Notify State Emergency Response Commission for storage or use at amounts greater than or equal to the TPQ. SARA Section 303 requires facilities storing a material with a TPQ to participate in local emergency response planning. Keep separated from incompatible substances.

### Incompatible Materials

oxidizing materials

## Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Component Exposure Limits

<b>Fuel oil, pyrolysis</b>	<b>69013-21-4</b>
ACGIH:	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA as benzene-soluble aerosol (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)
OSHA (US):	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (benzene soluble fraction ) (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)
<b>Clarified oils, petroleum, catalytic cracked</b>	<b>64741-62-4</b>
ACGIH:	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA as benzene-soluble aerosol (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)
OSHA (US):	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (benzene soluble fraction ) (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)
<b>Naphthalene</b>	<b>91-20-3</b>
ACGIH:	10 ppm TWA
	Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route
OSHA (US):	10 ppm TWA ; 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA
<b>2-Methylnaphthalene</b>	<b>91-57-6</b>
ACGIH:	0.5 ppm TWA
	Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route
<b>1-Methylnaphthalene</b>	<b>90-12-0</b>
ACGIH:	0.5 ppm TWA

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	Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route
<b>Biphenyl</b>	92-52-4
ACGIH:	0.2 ppm TWA
OSHA (US):	0.2 ppm TWA ; 1 mg/m3 TWA
<b>Hydrogen sulfide</b>	7783-06-4
ACGIH:	1 ppm TWA
	5 ppm STEL
OSHA (US):	20 ppm Ceiling

**ACGIH - Threshold Limit Values - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)**

**Fuel oil, pyrolysis (69013-21-4)**

2.5 µg/l Medium: urine Time: end of shift at end of workweek Parameter: 1-Hydroxypyrene with hydrolysis (background ); Medium: urine Time: end of shift at end of workweek Parameter: 3-Hydroxybenzo(a)pyrene with hydrolysis (nonquantitative ) (related to Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons)

**Clarified oils, petroleum, catalytic cracked (64741-62-4)**

2.5 µg/l Medium: urine Time: end of shift at end of workweek Parameter: 1-Hydroxypyrene with hydrolysis (background ); Medium: urine Time: end of shift at end of workweek Parameter: 3-Hydroxybenzo(a)pyrene with hydrolysis (nonquantitative ) (related to Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons)

**Naphthalene (91-20-3)**

Time: end of shift Parameter: 1-Naphthol with hydrolysis plus 2-Naphthol with hydrolysis (nonquantitative, nonspecific )

**Engineering Controls**

Provide local exhaust or process enclosure ventilation system. Ensure compliance with applicable exposure limits.

**Individual Protection Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment**

**Eye/face protection**

ANSI Z87.1-1989 approved safety glasses with side shields. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area. At elevated temperatures: A face shield is recommended.

**Skin Protection**

Wear protective clothing to prevent contact. Wear long sleeved shirt or overalls fastened at wrists and neck, with long legged trousers with trouser legs worn outside over boot tops, boots, socks, and safety hat plus gloves. Use protective skin cream on exposed skin before and during work shift. Protective clothing must be changed when it shows signs of contamination. Remove and launder contaminated clothing separately from other laundry before reuse. When material is at an elevated temperature, wear appropriate heat resistant clothing.

**Respiratory Protection**

If the applicable TLVs and/or PELs are exceeded, use NIOSH-approved multipurpose air-purifying cartridge respirators, for organic vapors and P-100 particulate. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstance where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

**Glove Recommendations**

Wear appropriate gloves. When material is at an elevated temperature, wear appropriate heat resistant gloves.

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### Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>Appearance</b>	black Liquid	<b>Physical State</b>	liquid
<b>Odor</b>	none at room temperature ,aromatic when liquid	<b>Color</b>	black
<b>Odor Threshold</b>	Not available	<b>pH</b>	Not available
<b>Melting Point</b>	Not available	<b>Boiling Point</b>	350 - 989 °F
<b>Boiling Point Range</b>	Not available	<b>Freezing point</b>	Not available
<b>Evaporation Rate</b>	Not available	<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not applicable
<b>Autoignition Temperature</b>	Not available	<b>Flash Point</b>	290 °F
<b>Lower Explosive Limit</b>	Not available	<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available
<b>Upper Explosive Limit</b>	Not available	<b>Vapor Pressure</b>	Not available
<b>Vapor Density (air=1)</b>	Not available	<b>Specific Gravity (water=1)</b>	1.13
<b>Water Solubility</b>	Not available	<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>	Not available
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available	<b>Kinematic viscosity</b>	Not available
<b>Solubility (Other)</b>	Not available	<b>Density</b>	Not available
<b>Physical Form</b>	Liquid	<b>Molecular Weight</b>	Not available
<b>OSHA Flammability Category</b>	4		

#### Other Information

None known.

### Section 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### Reactivity

No reactivity hazard is expected.

#### Chemical Stability

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and pressure.

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**Possibility of Hazardous Reactions**

Will not polymerize.

**Conditions to Avoid**

Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition. Containers may rupture or explode if exposed to heat. Keep out of water supplies and sewers. Dangerous gases may accumulate in confined spaces.

**Incompatible Materials**

oxidizing materials

**Hazardous decomposition products**

oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, oxides of sulfur, hydrocarbons, hydrogen sulfide

**Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Information on Likely Routes of Exposure**

**Inhalation**

nasal cancer

**Skin Contact**

thermal burns from heated material, allergic reactions, sensitivity to sunlight, skin cancer

**Eye Contact**

sensitivity to sunlight, thermal burns from heated material

**Ingestion**

thermal burns from heated material

**Acute and Chronic Toxicity**

**Component Analysis - LD50/LC50**

The components of this material have been reviewed in various sources and the following selected endpoints are published:

**Fuel oil, pyrolysis (69013-21-4)**

Oral LD50 Rat 3300 mg/kg (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)

Dermal LD50 Rat >5000 mg/kg (no deaths occurred ) (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)

**Clarified oils, petroleum, catalytic cracked (64741-62-4)**

Oral LD50 Rat 4320 - 5270 mg/kg

Dermal LD50 Rabbit >2000 mg/kg (no deaths occurred )

Inhalation LC50 Rat >3700 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 4 h (no deaths occurred )

**Product Toxicity Data**

**Acute Toxicity Estimate**

Dermal	>2000 mg/kg
Inhalation - Dust and Mist	>5 mg/l
Oral	>2000 mg/kg

**Immediate Effects**

allergic reactions. thermal burns from heated material.

**Delayed Effects**

allergic reactions, nasal cancer, skin cancer

**Irritation/Corrosivity Data**

No data available.

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**Respiratory Sensitization**

No data available.

**Dermal Sensitization**

Component data indicate the substance is sensitizing.

**Component Carcinogenicity**

<b>Fuel oil, pyrolysis</b>	<b>69013-21-4</b>
ACGIH:	A1 - Confirmed Human Carcinogen (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)
IARC:	Monograph 100F [2012] ; Supplement 7 [1987] ; Monograph 35 [1985] (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature) (Group 1 (carcinogenic to humans))
NTP:	Known Human Carcinogen (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)
NIOSH:	potential occupational carcinogen (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)
<b>Clarified oils, petroleum, catalytic cracked</b>	<b>64741-62-4</b>
ACGIH:	A1 - Confirmed Human Carcinogen (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)
IARC:	Monograph 100F [2012] ; Supplement 7 [1987] ; Monograph 35 [1985] (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature) (Group 1 (carcinogenic to humans))
NTP:	Known Human Carcinogen (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)
NIOSH:	potential occupational carcinogen (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

No data available.

**Tumorigenic Data**

No data available

**Reproductive Toxicity**

No data available.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure**

No data available.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure**

No data available.

**Aspiration hazard**

No data available.

**Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure**

Medical conditions may include respiratory disorders, skin disorders and allergies, central nervous system disorders (i.e. headache, drowsiness, dizziness, loss of coordination), liver disorders, kidney disorders, spleen disorders, and heart disorders.

**Additional Data**

Product: In addition to containing information about the product as a whole, this data sheet also contains information about individual components of the product. Information of this nature may not have been derived from studies or

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data relating to this product and/or may have been derived from studies or data that did not involve human exposure and involved animal exposure only. Component: Some polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) have been reported to cause lung and skin cancer in humans under conditions of prolonged/repeated exposure. The National Toxicology Program (NTP) and IARC have independently classified various PAH compounds as reasonably anticipated to be human carcinogens (NTP), probably carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 2A), possibly carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 2B), and not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans (IARC Group 3). The cancers reported in the studies upon which IARC based its conclusions involved lung, skin, liver, stomach, kidney and blood cancers in animals. Based on the results of animal experiments PAHs may cause injury to the liver, kidneys, lungs, blood and lymph systems. Some PAH's have also been associated with impaired fertility, heritable genetic damage and birth defects in mice. Skin application to mice of cracked bunker fuel (alone) and blended, induced benign and malignant skin tumors. Steam cracked residues produced an increase in the incidence of skin tumors after repeated skin applications to mice. Naphthalene. Inhalation studies in male and female rats produced olfactory epithelium neuroblastomas of the nose and nasal respiratory epithelium adenomas. Incidence of olfactory epithelium neuroblastoma increased with increased exposure and was significantly higher in female rats. Inhalation studies of female mice showed an increased incidence of lung tumors and an increased incidence of bronchiolo-alveolar adenomas.

### Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity**

Harmful to aquatic life.

**Component Analysis - Aquatic Toxicity**

Clarified oils, petroleum, catalytic cracked	64741-62-4
Fish:	LC50 96 h Brachydanio rerio 48 mg/L [semi-static ]

**Persistence and Degradability**

No data available.

**Bioaccumulative Potential**

No data available.

**Mobility**

No data available.

**Other Toxicity**

No data available.

### Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal Methods**

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

**Component Waste Numbers**

The U.S. EPA has not published waste numbers for this product's components.

### Section 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**US DOT Information:**

**Further information:** Petroleum Tar - Not regulated as a dangerous good, Not heated for transportation. This material is an 'OIL' under 49 CFR Part 130 when transported in a container of 3500 gallon capacity or greater.

**International Bulk Chemical Code**

This material does not contain any chemicals required by the IBC Code to be identified as dangerous chemicals in bulk.

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### Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### U.S. Federal Regulations

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required to be identified under SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65), CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4), TSCA 12(b), and/or require an OSHA process safety plan.

<b>Phenanthrene</b>	<b>85-01-8</b>
SARA 313:	1 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA:	5000 lb final RQ ; 2270 kg final RQ
<b>Naphthalene</b>	<b>91-20-3</b>
SARA 313:	0.1 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA:	100 lb final RQ ; 45.4 kg final RQ
<b>Pyrene</b>	<b>129-00-0</b>
SARA 302:	1000 lb lower TPQ ; 10000 lb upper TPQ
CERCLA:	5000 lb final RQ ; 2270 kg final RQ
SARA 304:	5000 lb EPCRA RQ
<b>Acenaphthene</b>	<b>83-32-9</b>
CERCLA:	100 lb final RQ ; 45.4 kg final RQ
<b>Anthracene</b>	<b>120-12-7</b>
SARA 313:	1 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA:	5000 lb final RQ ; 2270 kg final RQ
<b>Fluoranthene</b>	<b>206-44-0</b>
SARA 313:	1 % Supplier notification limit
CERCLA:	100 lb final RQ ; 45.4 kg final RQ
<b>Dibenzofuran</b>	<b>132-64-9</b>
SARA 313:	1 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA:	100 lb final RQ ; 45.4 kg final RQ
<b>Dibenzo(a,h)pyrene</b>	<b>189-64-0</b>
SARA 313:	0.1 % Supplier notification limit
<b>Fluorene</b>	<b>86-73-7</b>

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CERCLA:	5000 lb final RQ ; 2270 kg final RQ
<b>Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene</b>	<b>193-39-5</b>
SARA 313:	0.1 % Supplier notification limit
CERCLA:	100 lb final RQ ; 45.4 kg final RQ
<b>Acenaphthylene</b>	<b>208-96-8</b>
CERCLA:	5000 lb final RQ ; 2270 kg final RQ
<b>1,2-Benzanthracene</b>	<b>56-55-3</b>
SARA 313:	0.1 % Supplier notification limit
CERCLA:	10 lb final RQ ; 4.54 kg final RQ
<b>1,2-Benzphenanthrene</b>	<b>218-01-9</b>
SARA 313:	1 % Supplier notification limit
CERCLA:	100 lb final RQ ; 45.4 kg final RQ
<b>Dibenz(a,h)anthracene</b>	<b>53-70-3</b>
SARA 313:	0.1 % Supplier notification limit
CERCLA:	1 lb final RQ ; 0.454 kg final RQ
<b>Dibenz(a,h)acridine</b>	<b>226-36-8</b>
SARA 313:	0.1 % Supplier notification limit
<b>Biphenyl</b>	<b>92-52-4</b>
SARA 313:	1 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA:	100 lb final RQ ; 45.4 kg final RQ
<b>Benzo(a)pyrene</b>	<b>50-32-8</b>
SARA 313:	0.1 % Supplier notification limit
CERCLA:	1 lb final RQ ; 0.454 kg final RQ
<b>Benzo(g,h,i)perylene</b>	<b>191-24-2</b>
SARA 313:	1 % Supplier notification limit
CERCLA:	5000 lb final RQ ; 2270 kg final RQ
<b>Hydrogen sulfide</b>	<b>7783-06-4</b>



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SARA 302:	500 lb TPQ
SARA 313:	1 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA:	100 lb final RQ ; 45.4 kg final RQ
OSHA (safety):	1500 lb TQ
SARA 304:	100 lb EPCRA RQ
<b>Quinoline</b>	<b>91-22-5</b>
SARA 313:	1 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA:	5000 lb final RQ ; 2270 kg final RQ

**SARA Section 311/312 (40 CFR 370 Subparts B and C) reporting categories**  
 Carcinogenicity; Respiratory/Skin Sensitization

**U.S. State Regulations**

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Component	CAS	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA
Fuel oil, pyrolysis	69013-21-4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Clarified oils, petroleum, catalytic cracked	64741-62-4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65)**



**WARNING**

This product can expose you to chemicals including Naphthalene, Dibenzo(a,h)pyrene, Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, 1,2-Benzanthracene, 1,2-Benzphenanthrene, Dibenz(a,h)anthracene, Dibenz(a,h)acridine, Benzo(a)pyrene, Quinoline, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

**Canada Regulations**

**Canadian WHMIS Ingredient Disclosure List (IDL)**

Components of this material have been checked against the Canadian WHMIS Ingredients Disclosure List. The List is composed of chemicals which must be identified on MSDSs if they are included in products which meet WHMIS criteria specified in the Controlled Products Regulations and are present above the threshold limits listed on the IDL

Fuel oil, pyrolysis	69013-21-4
	0.1 % (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)
Clarified oils, petroleum, catalytic cracked	64741-62-4
	0.1 % (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)



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<b>Dibenzo(a,h)pyrene</b>	<b>189-64-0</b>
	0.1 %
<b>Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene</b>	<b>193-39-5</b>
	0.1 %
<b>1,2-Benzanthracene</b>	<b>56-55-3</b>
	0.1 %
<b>1,2-Benzphenanthrene</b>	<b>218-01-9</b>
	0.1 %
<b>Dibenz(a,h)anthracene</b>	<b>53-70-3</b>
	0.1 %
<b>Dibenz(a,h)acridine</b>	<b>226-36-8</b>
	0.1 %

**WHMIS Classification**

D2A , D2B

**Component Analysis - Inventory**

**Fuel oil, pyrolysis (69013-21-4)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	No

**Clarified oils, petroleum, catalytic cracked (64741-62-4)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

**The above listed complex substance contains the following constituents (Not Available)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI -	KR KECI -	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)

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							Annex 1	Annex 2						
No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

**Phenanthrene (85-01-8)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Naphthalene (91-20-3)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**2-Methylnaphthalene (91-57-6)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Pyrene (129-00-0)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Acenaphthene (83-32-9)**

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US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

**1-Methylnaphthalene (90-12-0)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

**Anthracene (120-12-7)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Fluoranthene (206-44-0)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	NSL	EIN	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

**Dibenzofuran (132-64-9)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

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**Dibenzo(a,h)pyrene (189-64-0)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
No	No	EIN	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Fluorene (86-73-7)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

**Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (193-39-5)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	NSL	EIN	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Acenaphthylene (208-96-8)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	NSL	EIN	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**1,2-Benzanthracene (56-55-3)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	NSL	EIN	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

**1,2-Benzphenanthrene (218-01-9)**

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US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

**Dibenz(a,h)anthracene (53-70-3)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	NSL	EIN	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Dibenz(a,h)acridine (226-36-8)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	No	Yes

**Biphenyl (92-52-4)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Benzo(a)pyrene (50-32-8)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Benzo(g,h,i)perylene (191-24-2)**



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US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
No	No	EIN	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Quinoline (91-22-5)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**U.S. Inventory (TSCA)**

Listed on inventory.

**Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

**NFPA Ratings**

Health: 2 Fire: 1 Reactivity: 0

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

**Summary of Changes**

Updated: 8/2/2018; MSDS SUMMARY OF CHANGES: SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

**Key / Legend**

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ADR - European Road Transport; AU - Australia; BOD - Biochemical Oxygen Demand; C - Celsius; CA - Canada; CA/MA/MN/NJ/PA - California/Massachusetts/Minnesota/New Jersey/Pennsylvania\*; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CFR - Code of Federal Regulations (US); CLP - Classification, Labelling, and Packaging; CN - China; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DFG - Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSD - Dangerous Substance Directive; DSL - Domestic Substances List; EC - European Commission; EEC - European Economic Community; EIN - European Inventory of (Existing Commercial Chemical Substances); EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances; ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substance Inventory; EPA - Environmental Protection Agency; EU - European Union; F - Fahrenheit; F - Background (for Venezuela Biological Exposure Indices); IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IDL - Ingredient Disclosure List; IDLH -

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Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; ISHL - Japan Industrial Safety and Health Law; IUCLID - International Uniform Chemical Information Database; JP - Japan; Kow - Octanol/water partition coefficient; KR KECI Annex 1 - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI) / Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL); KR KECI Annex 2 - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI) / Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL), KR - Korea; LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/ Lethal Concentration; LEL - Lower Explosive Limit; LLV - Level Limit Value; LOLI - List Of Lists™ - ChemADVISOR's Regulatory Database; MAK - Maximum Concentration Value in the Workplace; MEL - Maximum Exposure Limits; MX - Mexico; Ne- Non-specific; NFPA - National Fire Protection Agency; NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NJTSR - New Jersey Trade Secret Registry; Nq - Non-quantitative; NSL - Non-Domestic Substance List (Canada); NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZ - New Zealand; OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; PH - Philippines; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH- Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation, and restriction of Chemicals; RID - European Rail Transport; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; Sc - Semi-quantitative; STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit; TCCA - Korea Toxic Chemicals Control Act; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TLV - Threshold Limit Value; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act; TW - Taiwan; TWA - Time Weighted Average; UEL - Upper Explosive Limit; UN/NA - United Nations /North American; US - United States; VLE - Exposure Limit Value (Mexico); VN (Draft) - Vietnam (Draft); WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada).

### Other Information

#### Disclaimer:

The information set forth in this Safety Data Sheet does not purport to be all-inclusive and should be used only as a guide. While the information and recommendations set forth herein are believed to be accurate, the company makes no warranty regarding such information and recommendations and disclaims all liability from reliance thereon.



# Document 11

## Safety Data Sheet

Material Name: CRUDE COKE OVEN TAR, CRUDE COAL TAR

SDS ID: 00228330

### Section 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Material Name**

CRUDE COKE OVEN TAR, CRUDE COAL TAR

**Synonyms**

CENTRIFUGE TAR

**Product Use**

process chemical.

**Restrictions on Use**

None known.

**Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

KOPPERS INC.

436 Seventh Avenue

Pittsburgh, PA 15219-1800

Mfg Contact: 412-227-2001 (SDS Requests: 866-852-5239)

CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 (Outside USA: +1 703-527-3887)

Emergencies: (Medical in USA): 877-737-9047

Emergencies: (Medical Outside of USA): 651-632-9269

E-mail: [naorgmsds@koppers.com](mailto:naorgmsds@koppers.com)

### Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Classification in accordance with paragraph (d) of 29 CFR 1910.1200.**

Acute Toxicity - Dermal - Category 4

Acute Toxicity - Inhalation - Dust/Mist - Category 3

Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation - Category 2A

Skin Sensitization - Category 1

Germ Cell Mutagenicity - Category 1B

Carcinogenicity - Category 1A

Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure - Category 1 ( blood , respiratory system , kidneys , nervous system , heart )

Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure - Category 2 ( eyes )

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure - Category 1 ( blood , eyes , respiratory system , central nervous system )

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment - Acute - Category 2

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment - Chronic - Category 2

**GHS Label Elements**

**Symbol(s)**



**Signal Word**

Danger

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### **Hazard Statement(s)**

Toxic if inhaled.  
Harmful in contact with skin.  
Causes skin irritation.  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
May cause genetic defects.  
May cause cancer.  
May damage fertility or the unborn child.  
Causes damage to organs. (blood , respiratory system , kidneys , nervous system , heart )  
May cause damage to organs. (eyes )  
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (blood , eyes , respiratory system , central nervous system )  
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Precautionary Statement(s)**

#### **Prevention**

Do not breathe vapor or mist.  
Wash thoroughly after handling.  
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.  
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
Obtain special instructions before use.  
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
Avoid release to the environment.

#### **Response**

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.  
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.  
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.  
Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.  
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.  
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.  
Continue rinsing.  
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.  
Collect spillage.

#### **Storage**

Store in a well-ventilated place.  
Keep container tightly closed.  
Store locked up.

#### **Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### **Statement(s) of Unknown Acute Toxicity**

Dermal 72% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.  
Inhalation 97% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

#### **Other Hazards**

Heated material may cause thermal burns.

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### Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS	Component Name	Percent
65996-89-6	Tar, coal, high-temperature	100
-	The above listed complex substance contains the following constituents	-
Not Available	POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS	7.0-31.0
91-20-3	Naphthalene	3.0-12.0
85-01-8	Phenanthrene	2.5-7.5
206-44-0	Fluoranthene	1.5-5.0
120-12-7	Anthracene	0.7-4.0
83-32-9	Acenaphthene	0.10-3.0
205-99-2	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.4-2.5
132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	1.0-2.5
50-32-8	Benzo[a]pyrene	0.1-2.0
56-55-3	Benz[a]anthracene	0.5-1.6
207-08-9	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.1-1.5
218-01-9	Chrysene	0.1-1.5
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.1-1.0
108-88-3	TOLUENE	0.1-1.0
71-43-2	Benzene	0.1-1.0
108-95-2	Phenol	0.1-1.0

#### Component Related Regulatory Information

This product may be regulated, have exposure limits or other information identified as the following: Aromatic hydrocarbons, polycyclic (130489-29-2).

### Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Inhalation

If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.

#### Skin

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash all affected skin areas with warm soapy water. Skin contact causes photosensitization which can last for 36-72 hours after exposure. Keep out of direct sunlight for the next two

## Safety Data Sheet

**Material Name: CRUDE COKE OVEN TAR, CRUDE COAL TAR**

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to three days to avoid sunburn to the photosensitized skin areas. Use a broad spectrum blockout cream to protect against UV alpha ray exposure. Get medical attention, if needed.

### **Eyes**

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Then get immediate medical attention.

### **Ingestion**

Not a likely route of exposure. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention. Do not give anything by mouth to unconscious or convulsive person. If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to help prevent aspiration.

### **Most Important Symptoms/Effects**

#### **Acute**

Harmful in contact with skin, toxic if inhaled, skin irritation, eye irritation, thermal burns from heated material, allergic reactions, blood damage, respiratory system damage, kidney damage, nervous system damage, heart damage, eye damage

#### **Delayed**

allergic reactions, mutagenic effects, Reproductive Effects, blood damage, eye damage, respiratory system damage, central nervous system damage, lung cancer, bladder cancer, skin cancer, scrotal cancer

### **Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Treat symptomatically and supportively.

## **Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

### **Extinguishing Media**

#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

regular dry chemical, carbon dioxide, regular foam, water spray, fog or mist

#### **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Do not use high-pressure water streams.

### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

oxides of carbon

### **Advice for firefighters**

Contact with heat may generate toxic and/or flammable gases. Containers may rupture or explode if exposed to heat.

### **Fire Fighting Measures**

Avoid inhalation of material or combustion by-products. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. Use extinguishing agents appropriate for surrounding fire. Flood with fine water spray. Directly spraying water or foam onto hot burning product may cause frothing. For fires in cargo or storage area: Cool containers with water from unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles until well after fire is out. If this is impossible then take the following precautions: Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discoloration of tanks due to fire.

### **Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

Wear full protective firefighting gear including self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) for protection against possible exposure.

## **Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### **Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures**

Wear personal protective clothing and equipment, see Section 8. Avoid release to the environment.

### **Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up**



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Stop leak if possible without personal risk. To prevent liquid from flowing into drains, completely contain spilled material with dikes, sandbags, etc. Collect spilled material in appropriate container for disposal. In Canada, report releases to provincial authorities, municipal authorities, or both, as required. Due to the concentration of Benzo(b)fluoranthene and the CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4) reportable quantity of 1 pound, the release of 40 pounds (4 gallons) of this product requires National Response Center notification. See Section 13 for waste disposal information.

### Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for Safe Handling

Do not breathe vapor or mist. Avoid breathing vapors of heated materials. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Wash exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water, or a waterless hand cleaner, after skin contact and before eating, drinking, using tobacco products, or restrooms. Use protective skin cream on exposed skin before and during work shift. To reduce sun sensitivity a sun-blocking lotion can also be applied prior to application of a protective cream. Contaminated clothing should be removed and laundered before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace unless laundered or decontaminated. After working with the product use warm soapy water and a wash cloth to thoroughly wash all areas of skin that have been contacted with product. After washing, apply a broad spectrum UV blockout cream on exposed skin areas before going into sunlight. Keep out of strong sunlight for two to three days after being affected by the product. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

#### Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place.

Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Label all containers. Keep in a closed, properly labeled container in a cool (shaded), dry, well-ventilated area. Protect from physical damage. Notify State Emergency Response Commission for storage or use at amounts greater than or equal to the TPQ (U.S. EPA SARA Section 302). SARA Section 303 requires facilities storing a material with a TPQ to participate in local emergency response planning (U.S. EPA 40 CFR 355 Part B).

#### Incompatible Materials

oxidizing materials

### Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Component Exposure Limits

<b>Tar, coal, high-temperature</b>	<b>65996-89-6</b>
ACGIH:	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA as benzene-soluble aerosol (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)
OSHA (US):	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (benzene soluble fraction ) (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)
<b>Naphthalene</b>	<b>91-20-3</b>
ACGIH:	10 ppm TWA
	Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route
OSHA (US):	10 ppm TWA ; 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA

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<b>Benzene</b>	<b>71-43-2</b>
ACGIH:	0.5 ppm TWA
	2.5 ppm STEL
	Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route
OSHA (US):	10 ppm TWA applies to industry segments exempt from the benzene standard at 29 CFR 1910.1028 ; 1 ppm TWA
	5 ppm STEL (See 29 CFR 1910.1028 ) 15 min ; 0.5 ppm Action Level ; 1 ppm TWA
	5 ppm STEL (see 29 CFR 1910.1028 )
	25 ppm Ceiling
<b>Phenol</b>	<b>108-95-2</b>
ACGIH:	5 ppm TWA
	Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route
OSHA (US):	5 ppm TWA ; 19 mg/m3 TWA
	prevent or reduce skin absorption

**ACGIH - Threshold Limit Values - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)**

**Tar, coal, high-temperature (65996-89-6)**

Medium: urine Time: end of shift at end of workweek Parameter: 1-Hydroxypyrene with hydrolysis (nonquantitative ) (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)

**Naphthalene (91-20-3)**

Time: end of shift Parameter: 1-Naphthol with hydrolysis plus 2-Naphthol with hydrolysis (nonquantitative, nonspecific )

**Benzene (71-43-2)**

25 µg/g creatinine Medium: urine Time: end of shift Parameter: S-Phenylmercapturic acid (background ) ; 500 µg/g creatinine Medium: urine Time: end of shift Parameter: t,t-Muconic acid (background )

**Phenol (108-95-2)**

250 mg/g creatinine Medium: urine Time: end of shift Parameter: Phenol with hydrolysis (background, nonspecific )

**Engineering Controls**

Provide local exhaust or process enclosure ventilation system. Ensure compliance with applicable exposure limits.

**Individual Protection Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment**

**Eye/face protection**

ANSI Z87.1-1989 approved safety glasses with side shields. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area. At elevated temperatures: A face shield is recommended.

**Skin Protection**

Wear protective clothing to prevent contact. Wear long sleeved shirt or overalls fastened at wrists and neck, with long legged trousers with trouser legs worn outside over boot tops, boots, socks, and safety hat plus gloves. Use protective skin cream on exposed skin before and during work shift. Protective clothing must be changed when it shows signs of contamination. Remove and launder contaminated clothing separately from other laundry before reuse. When material is at an elevated temperature, wear appropriate heat resistant clothing.



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### Respiratory Protection

If the applicable TLVs and/or PELs are exceeded, use NIOSH-approved multipurpose air-purifying cartridge respirators, for organic vapors and P-100 particulate.

### Glove Recommendations

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. When material is at an elevated temperature, wear appropriate heat resistant gloves.

### Protective Materials

protective skin cream, chemical resistant material, heat resistant material

## Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	black viscous Liquid	Physical State	liquid
Odor	aromatic odor	Color	black
Odor Threshold	Not available	pH	Not applicable
Melting Point	16.6 °F	Boiling Point	410 °F
Boiling Point Range	Not available	Freezing point	Not available
Evaporation Rate	Not available	Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
Autoignition Temperature	Not available	Flash Point	>205 °F
Lower Explosive Limit	Not available	Decomposition temperature	Not available
Upper Explosive Limit	Not available	Vapor Pressure	0.2 - 1 mmHg @ 68 °C
Vapor Density (air=1)	Not available	Specific Gravity (water=1)	1.16
Water Solubility	Not available	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Viscosity	>20.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s	Kinematic viscosity	Not available
Solubility (Other)	Not available	Density	Not available
Physical Form	viscous liquid	Texture	viscous
Molecular Weight	Not available	OSHA Flammability Category	4

### Other Information

None known

## Section 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### Reactivity

No reactivity hazard is expected.

### Chemical Stability

Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.



## Safety Data Sheet

**Material Name: CRUDE COKE OVEN TAR, CRUDE COAL TAR**

**SDS ID: 00228330**

**Possibility of Hazardous Reactions**

Will not polymerize.

**Conditions to Avoid**

Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. Containers may rupture or explode if exposed to heat. Keep out of water supplies and sewers.

**Incompatible Materials**

oxidizing materials

**Hazardous decomposition products**

oxides of carbon

**Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Information on Likely Routes of Exposure**

**Inhalation**

respiratory system damage, central nervous system damage, eye damage, blood damage, kidney damage, lung cancer, bladder cancer

**Skin Contact**

irritation, sensitivity to sunlight, allergic reactions, thermal burns from heated material, eye damage, Reproductive Effects, central nervous system damage, blood damage, kidney damage, nervous system damage, skin cancer, scrotal cancer

**Eye Contact**

irritation, sensitivity to sunlight, thermal burns from heated material, eye damage

**Ingestion**

thermal burns from heated material, eye damage, central nervous system damage, blood damage, nervous system damage, kidney damage

**Acute and Chronic Toxicity**

**Component Analysis - LD50/LC50**

The components of this material have been reviewed in various sources and the following selected endpoints are published:

**Tar, coal, high-temperature (65996-89-6)**

Oral LD50 Rat 3300 mg/kg (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)

Dermal LD50 Rat >5000 mg/kg (no deaths occurred ) (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)

**Naphthalene (91-20-3)**

Oral LD50 Rat 1110 mg/kg

Dermal LD50 Rabbit 1120 mg/kg

Inhalation LC50 Rat >340 mg/m3 1 h

**Phenol (108-95-2)**

Oral LD50 Rat 340 mg/kg

Dermal LD50 Rabbit 630 mg/kg

**Product Toxicity Data**

**Acute Toxicity Estimate**

Dermal	1174.01 mg/kg
Inhalation - Dust and Mist	2.72 mg/L
Oral	>2000 mg/kg

**Immediate Effects**

## Safety Data Sheet

**Material Name: CRUDE COKE OVEN TAR, CRUDE COAL TAR**

**SDS ID: 00228330**

Harmful in contact with skin, toxic if inhaled, skin irritation, eye irritation, thermal burns from heated material, allergic reactions, blood damage, respiratory system damage, kidney damage, nervous system damage, heart damage, eye damage.

**Delayed Effects**

allergic reactions, mutagenic effects, Reproductive Effects, blood damage, eye damage, respiratory system damage, central nervous system damage, lung cancer, bladder cancer, skin cancer, scrotal cancer

**Irritation/Corrosivity Data**

Erythema/eschar score: very slight

**Respiratory Sensitization**

No evidence that the material can lead to respiratory hypersensitivity.

**Dermal Sensitization**

Component data indicate the substance is sensitizing.

**Component Carcinogenicity**

<b>Tar, coal, high-temperature</b>	<b>65996-89-6</b>
ACGIH:	A1 - Confirmed Human Carcinogen (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)
IARC:	Supplement 7 [1987] (Group 1 (carcinogenic to humans))
NTP:	Known Human Carcinogen (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)
NIOSH:	potential occupational carcinogen (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)

May cause cancer. NOAEL: 36 mg/kg bw/day - oral.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test – positive. May cause genetic defects.

**Tumorigenic Data**

No data available

**Reproductive Toxicity**

Available data characterizes this substance as a reproductive hazard. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure**

blood, respiratory system, kidneys, nervous system, heart, eyes

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure**

blood, eyes, respiratory system, central nervous system

**Aspiration hazard**

Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

**Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure**

respiratory disorders, skin disorders and allergies, eye disorders, central nervous system disorders (i.e. headache, drowsiness, dizziness, loss of coordination) blood system disorders, metabolic disorders, immune system disorders or allergies

**Additional Data**

Coal tars are listed in the IARC monographs as carcinogenic to humans (Group 1). IARC's evaluation is based on evidence from the first half of the 20th century that occupational exposures to coal-tar derived products are associated with skin cancer in humans. There are also case reports and a few other studies on occupational exposures to coal-tars that are consistent with this evaluation. Epidemiological studies provide evidence that certain exposures

## Safety Data Sheet

**Material Name: CRUDE COKE OVEN TAR, CRUDE COAL TAR**

**SDS ID: 00228330**

in the coke production industry are carcinogenic to humans, giving rise to lung cancer possibly from coal-tar fume. Also, there is evidence for the carcinogenicity in experimental animals of coal-tars. Today, with the use of engineering controls and personal protective equipment, occupational exposure to coal tar derived components is expected to be below permissible limits (measured as CTPVs). In addition to containing information about the product as a whole, this data sheet also contains information about individual components of the product. Information of this nature may not have been derived from studies or data relating to this product and/or may have been derived from studies or data that did not involve human exposure and involved animal exposure only. Some polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), found in coal tar complex substances, have been reported to cause lung and skin cancer in humans under conditions of poor personal hygiene, prolonged/repeated contact, and exposure to sunlight. The National Toxicology Program (NTP) and IARC have independently classified various PAH compounds present in coal tar substances as reasonably anticipated to be human carcinogens (NTP), probably carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 2A), possibly carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 2B), and not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans (IARC Group 3). The cancers reported in the studies upon which IARC based its conclusions involved lung, skin, liver, stomach, kidney and blood cancers in animals. Based on the results of animal experiments PAHs may cause injury to the liver, kidneys, lungs, blood and lymph systems. Some PAH's have also been associated with impaired fertility, heritable genetic damage and birth defects in mice.

### Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity**

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Component Analysis - Aquatic Toxicity**

<b>Tar, coal, high-temperature</b>	<b>65996-89-6</b>
Fish:	LC50 96 h <i>Oryzias latipes</i> 7.33 - 235 mg/L [semi-static ]
Algae:	EC50 72 h <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> 0.015 mg/L IUCLID
Invertebrate:	LC50 48 h <i>Daphnia magna</i> 4.44 - 11.2 mg/L IUCLID

**Fish Toxicity**

>250 mg/l 96 hour(s) LL50 *Brachydanio rerio* (Zebra fish)

**Invertebrate Toxicity**

2.8 mg/l 48 hour(s) EL50 *Daphnia magna*.

**Algal Toxicity**

29 mg/l 72 hour(s) EL50 *Desmodesmus subspicatus*. 5 mg/l 72 hour(s) NOELR.

**Persistence and Degradability**

Highly insoluble in water.

**Bioaccumulative Potential**

This material is believed not to bioaccumulate due to low water solubility. Highly insoluble in water.

**Mobility**

Highly insoluble in water.

**Other Toxicity**

No data available.

### Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal Methods**



## Safety Data Sheet

**Material Name: CRUDE COKE OVEN TAR, CRUDE COAL TAR**

**SDS ID: 00228330**

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Based on the results of the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP): Benzene - D018 (toxicity  $\geq$  0.5 ppm).

### Component Waste Numbers

The U.S. EPA has not published waste numbers for this product's components.

### Section 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### US DOT Information:

**Shipping Name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. , ( Contains: BENZO(A)PYRENE , BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE , NAPHTHALENE ) RQ

**Hazard Class:** 9

**UN/NA #:** UN3082

**Packing Group:** III

**Required Label(s):** 9

Marine pollutant

**Further information:** For International Shipments: RQ Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s. ID Number UN3082 This material contains reportable quantity (RQ) Hazardous Substances.

#### IATA Information:

**Shipping Name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. , ( Contains: BENZO(A)PYRENE , BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE , NAPHTHALENE ) RQ

**Hazard Class:** 9

**UN#:** UN3082

**Packing Group:** III

**Required Label(s):** 9

Marine pollutant

**Further information:** Passenger & Cargo Aircraft - Ltd. Qty. - (Packing Instruction / Max. Net Qty. per Pkg.): Y964 / 30 kg GPassenger & Cargo Aircraft (Packing Instruction / Max. Net Qty. per Pkg.): 964 / 450 L ERG Code: 9L

#### TDG Information:

**Shipping Name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. , ( Contains: BENZO(A)PYRENE , BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE , NAPHTHALENE ) RQ

**Hazard Class:** 9

**UN#:** UN3082

**Packing Group:** III

**Required Label(s):** 9

Marine pollutant

#### International Bulk Chemical Code

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required by the IBC Code to be identified as dangerous chemicals in bulk.

<b>Tar, coal, high-temperature</b>	<b>65996-89-6</b>
<b>IBC Code:</b>	<b>Category X (molten ) (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)</b>

#### Further information

STCC Code: 2814137; HAZ STCC Code: 4966312, ERG: 171 US DOT Reportable Quantities BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE (205-99-2) 1 lbs RQ; 0.454 kg RQ

### Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### U.S. Federal Regulations



## Safety Data Sheet

Material Name: CRUDE COKE OVEN TAR, CRUDE COAL TAR

SDS ID: 00228330

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required to be identified under SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65), CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4), TSCA 12(b), and/or require an OSHA process safety plan.

<b>Tar, coal, high-temperature</b>	<b>65996-89-6</b>
TSCA 12b:	Section 4 , 1 % de minimis concentration
<b>Naphthalene</b>	<b>91-20-3</b>
SARA 313:	0.1 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA:	100 lb final RQ ; 45.4 kg final RQ
<b>Phenanthrene</b>	<b>85-01-8</b>
SARA 313:	1 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA:	5000 lb final RQ ; 2270 kg final RQ
<b>Fluoranthene</b>	<b>206-44-0</b>
SARA 313:	1 % Supplier notification limit
CERCLA:	100 lb final RQ ; 45.4 kg final RQ
<b>Anthracene</b>	<b>120-12-7</b>
SARA 313:	1 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA:	5000 lb final RQ ; 2270 kg final RQ
<b>Acenaphthene</b>	<b>83-32-9</b>
CERCLA:	100 lb final RQ ; 45.4 kg final RQ
<b>Benzo(b)fluoranthene</b>	<b>205-99-2</b>
SARA 313:	0.1 % Supplier notification limit
CERCLA:	1 lb final RQ ; 0.454 kg final RQ
<b>Dibenzofuran</b>	<b>132-64-9</b>
SARA 313:	1 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA:	100 lb final RQ ; 45.4 kg final RQ
<b>Benzo[a]pyrene</b>	<b>50-32-8</b>
SARA 313:	0.1 % Supplier notification limit
CERCLA:	1 lb final RQ ; 0.454 kg final RQ



# Safety Data Sheet

Material Name: CRUDE COKE OVEN TAR, CRUDE COAL TAR

SDS ID: 00228330

<b>Benz[a]anthracene</b>	<b>56-55-3</b>
SARA 313:	0.1 % Supplier notification limit
CERCLA:	10 lb final RQ ; 4.54 kg final RQ
<b>Benzo(k)fluoranthene</b>	<b>207-08-9</b>
SARA 313:	0.1 % Supplier notification limit
CERCLA:	5000 lb final RQ ; 2270 kg final RQ
<b>Chrysene</b>	<b>218-01-9</b>
SARA 313:	1 % Supplier notification limit
CERCLA:	100 lb final RQ ; 45.4 kg final RQ
<b>Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene</b>	<b>193-39-5</b>
SARA 313:	0.1 % Supplier notification limit
CERCLA:	100 lb final RQ ; 45.4 kg final RQ
<b>TOLUENE</b>	<b>108-88-3</b>
SARA 313:	1 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA:	1000 lb final RQ ; 454 kg final RQ
<b>Benzene</b>	<b>71-43-2</b>
SARA 313:	0.1 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA:	10 lb final RQ (received an adjusted RQ of 10 lbs based on potential carcinogenicity in an August 14, 1989 final rule ); 4.54 kg final RQ (received an adjusted RQ of 10 lbs based on potential carcinogenicity in an August 14, 1989 final rule )
<b>Phenol</b>	<b>108-95-2</b>
SARA 302:	500 lb lower TPQ ; 10000 lb upper TPQ
SARA 313:	1 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA:	1000 lb final RQ ; 454 kg final RQ
SARA 304:	1000 lb EPCRA RQ

### SARA Section 311/312 (40 CFR 370 Subparts B and C) reporting categories

Carcinogenicity; Acute toxicity; Reproductive Toxicity; Skin Corrosion/Irritation; Respiratory/Skin Sensitization; Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation; Specific Target Organ Toxicity; Germ Cell Mutagenicity

### U.S. State Regulations

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

## Safety Data Sheet

**Material Name: CRUDE COKE OVEN TAR, CRUDE COAL TAR**

**SDS ID: 00228330**

Component	CAS	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA
Tar, coal, high-temperature	65996-89-6	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65)**



**WARNING**

This product can expose you to chemicals including Benzene , which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

**Canada Regulations**

**Canadian WHMIS Ingredient Disclosure List (IDL)**

Components of this material have been checked against the Canadian WHMIS Ingredients Disclosure List. The List is composed of chemicals which must be identified on MSDSs if they are included in products which meet WHMIS criteria specified in the Controlled Products Regulations and are present above the threshold limits listed on the IDL

<b>Tar, coal, high-temperature</b>	<b>65996-89-6</b>
	0.1 % (related to Pitch, coal tar, high-temperature)
<b>Naphthalene</b>	<b>91-20-3</b>
	1 %
<b>Phenanthrene</b>	<b>85-01-8</b>
	1 %
<b>Fluoranthene</b>	<b>206-44-0</b>
	1 %
<b>Anthracene</b>	<b>120-12-7</b>
	1 %
<b>Acenaphthene</b>	<b>83-32-9</b>
	1 %
<b>Benzo(b)fluoranthene</b>	<b>205-99-2</b>
	0.1 %
<b>Benzo[a]pyrene</b>	<b>50-32-8</b>
	0.1 %

## Safety Data Sheet

**Material Name: CRUDE COKE OVEN TAR, CRUDE COAL TAR**

**SDS ID: 00228330**

<b>Benz[a]anthracene</b>	<b>56-55-3</b>
	0.1 %
<b>Chrysene</b>	<b>218-01-9</b>
	0.1 %
<b>Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene</b>	<b>193-39-5</b>
	0.1 %
<b>TOLUENE</b>	<b>108-88-3</b>
	1 %
<b>Benzene</b>	<b>71-43-2</b>
	0.1 %

**WHMIS Classification**

D2A , D2B

**Component Analysis - Inventory**

**Tar, coal, high-temperature (65996-89-6)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

**The above listed complex substance contains the following constituents (-)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

**POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (Not Available)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

**Naphthalene (91-20-3)**



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US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Phenanthrene (85-01-8)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Fluoranthene (206-44-0)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	NSL	EIN	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

**Anthracene (120-12-7)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Acenaphthene (83-32-9)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

## Safety Data Sheet

**Material Name: CRUDE COKE OVEN TAR, CRUDE COAL TAR**

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**Benzo(b)fluoranthene (205-99-2)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
No	No	EIN	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

**Dibenzofuran (132-64-9)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

**Benzo[a]pyrene (50-32-8)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Benz[a]anthracene (56-55-3)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	NSL	EIN	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

**Benzo(k)fluoranthene (207-08-9)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
No	No	EIN	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Chrysene (218-01-9)**

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**Material Name: CRUDE COKE OVEN TAR, CRUDE COAL TAR**

**SDS ID: 00228330**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

**Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (193-39-5)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	NSL	EIN	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**TOLUENE (108-88-3)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Benzene (71-43-2)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Phenol (108-95-2)**

US	CA	EU	AU	PH	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

## Safety Data Sheet

Material Name: CRUDE COKE OVEN TAR, CRUDE COAL TAR

SDS ID: 00228330

### U.S. Inventory (TSCA)

Listed on inventory.

### Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

#### NFPA Ratings

Health: 2 Fire: 1 Reactivity: 0

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

#### Summary of Changes

Updated: 7/20/2018; SDS SUMMARY OF CHANGES: SECTION 15 - CA Proposition 65

#### Key / Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ADR - European Road Transport; AU - Australia; BOD - Biochemical Oxygen Demand; C - Celsius; CA - Canada; CA/MA/MN/NJ/PA - California/Massachusetts/Minnesota/New Jersey/Pennsylvania\*; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CFR - Code of Federal Regulations (US); CLP - Classification, Labelling, and Packaging; CN - China; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DFG - Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSD - Dangerous Substance Directive; DSL - Domestic Substances List; EC - European Commission; EEC - European Economic Community; EIN - European Inventory of (Existing Commercial Chemical Substances); EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances; ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substance Inventory; EPA - Environmental Protection Agency; EU - European Union; F - Fahrenheit; F - Background (for Venezuela Biological Exposure Indices); IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IDL - Ingredient Disclosure List; IDLH - Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; ISHL - Japan Industrial Safety and Health Law; IUCLID - International Uniform Chemical Information Database; JP - Japan; Kow - Octanol/water partition coefficient; KR KECI Annex 1 - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI) / Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL); KR KECI Annex 2 - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI) / Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL), KR - Korea; LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/ Lethal Concentration; LEL - Lower Explosive Limit; LLV - Level Limit Value; LOLI - List Of Lists™ - ChemADVISOR's Regulatory Database; MAK - Maximum Concentration Value in the Workplace; MEL - Maximum Exposure Limits; MX - Mexico; Ne- Non-specific; NFPA - National Fire Protection Agency; NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NJTSR - New Jersey Trade Secret Registry; Nq - Non-quantitative; NSL - Non-Domestic Substance List (Canada); NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZ - New Zealand; OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit; PH - Philippines; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation, and restriction of Chemicals; RID - European Rail Transport; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; Sc - Semi-quantitative; STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit; TCCA - Korea Toxic Chemicals Control Act; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TLV - Threshold Limit Value; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act; TW - Taiwan; TWA - Time Weighted Average; UEL - Upper Explosive Limit; UN/NA - United Nations /North American; US - United States; VLE - Exposure Limit Value (Mexico); VN (Draft) - Vietnam (Draft); WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada).

#### Other Information

##### Disclaimer:

The information set forth in this Safety Data Sheet does not purport to be all-inclusive and should be used only as a guide. While the information and recommendations set forth herein are believed to be accurate, the company makes no warranty regarding such information and recommendations and disclaims all liability from reliance thereon.

# Document 12

Unit	Tag	Description	Location	Condition	Status
Unit 1	FT-4115-PS	Tar Seal Oil Flow (P-118 & P-119) 24VDC PWR SUPPLY		Good	Complete
Unit 1	TT-4117	Future Tar BOC temp	9	Good	Complete
Unit 1	LT-4110	Tar Seal Oil Tank Level (future)	10	Good	Complete
Unit 1	TT-4102	Dehydrator Circulation Flow Temp	11 3rd Floor	Good	Complete
Unit 1	TV-4101	Dehydrator BOC Temp (Pitch to Dehyd)	12 Roof	Good	Complete
Unit 1	FT-4111	Residue Outlet Flow	13 TOC	Good	Complete
Unit 1	TT-4109	Creo TOC Temp	14 Roof	Good	Complete
Unit 1	LT-4101	Dehydrator Level	15 Roof	Good	Complete
Unit 1	FT-4101	Wet Tar Feed Flow	16 Dehyd Column	Good	Complete
Unit 1	LV-4101	Dehydrator Level	17 Mezz	Good	Complete
Unit 1	FT-4123	Dry Tar Feed to Col	18 Mezz	Good	Complete
Unit 1	PV-4123	Dry Tar Feed to Col	19 Roof	Good	Complete
Unit 1	FT-4103	Dehydrator Circ Flow	20 Roof	Good	Complete
Unit 1	PV-4103	Dehydrator Circ Flow	21 Roof	Good	Complete
Unit 1	TV-4104	RCO SIDESTREAM	22 Roof	Good	Complete
Unit 1	TV-4105	RCO K.D. Condenser Temp	23 Roof on CREO COL	Good	Complete
Unit 1	TV-4106	RCO K.D. Condenser Temp	24 Mezzanine	Good	Complete
Unit 1	TV-4107	HO K.D. Condenser Temp	25 Mezzanine west of platform	Good	Complete
Unit 1	TV-4132	Tar Seal Oil Temp	26 Mezzanine west of platform	Good	Complete
Unit 1	TV-4135A	RCO Condenser Temp (Splitter Valves) Feeds to RCO Cond A/O	27 3rd Floor	Good	Complete
Unit 1	TV-4135B	RCO Condenser Temp (Splitter Valves) Feeds to LCO Cond A/C	28 Mezzanine	Good	Complete
Unit 1	LT-4103	Med Creo	29 Mezzanine	Good	Complete
Unit 1	LT-4104	RCO Receiver Level	30 Roof	Good	Complete
Unit 1	LT-4105	LCO Receiver Level	31 MEZZ	Good	Complete
Unit 1	LT-4106	HO Receiver Level	32 MEZZ	Good	Complete
Common	PT-4302	3rd Floor Transducer /JB Supply Press	33 MEZZ	Good	Complete
Unit 1	LV-4102	Tar Column Level (Pitch to Flash)	34	Good	Complete
Unit 1	DT-4101	Wet Tar Feed Density	35 TOC	Good	Complete
Unit 2	PT-4201	Tar TOC Pressure	36 3rd Floor Micromotion Flow Transmitter	Good	Complete
Unit 2	PT-4202	Creo Col Pressure	1 Roof	Good	Complete
Unit 2	PV-4202	Creo Col Pressure	2 3rd Floor above P-218 (south pump)	Good	Complete
Unit 2	PT-4203	Flash Col Pressure	3 Roof	Good	Complete
Unit 2	PV-4203	Flash Col Pressure	4 3rd Floor above P-219 (north pump)	Good	Complete
Unit 2	PT-4204	Dehyd Pressure	5 Roof	Good	Complete
Unit 2	FT-4215	Tar Seal Oil Pumps Flow (P-218 & P-219)	6 3rd Floor 14' above and north of P-219	Good	Complete
Unit 2	TT-4217	Tar BOC temp	7 2nd Floor above Dehyd Cond	Good	Complete
Unit 2	LT-4210	Tar Seal Oil Tank Level	8	Good	Complete
Unit 2	TT-4202	Dehydrator Circulation Temp	9	Good	Complete
Unit 2	FT-4211	Residue Outlet Flow	10 Tar Column (1st landing)	Good	Complete
Unit 2	TT-4203	Tar TOC Temp	11 3rd Floor	Good	Complete
Unit 2	TT-4209	Creo TOC Temp	12 Roof	Good	Complete
Unit 2	FT-4201	Wet Tar Feed Flow	13	Good	Complete
Unit 2	LV-4201	Dehydrator Level	14 Roof	Good	Complete
Unit 2	FT-4223	Dry Tar Feed to Col	15 Roof	Good	Complete
Unit 2	PV-4223	Dry Tar Feed to Col	17 Mezz	Good	Complete
Unit 2	FT-4203	Dehydrator Circ Flow	18 Mezz	Good	Complete
Unit 2	TV-4204	RCO SIDESTREAM	19 Roof	Good	Complete
Unit 2	TV-4205	RCO K.D. Condenser Temp	20 Roof	Good	Complete
Unit 2	TV-4206	RCO K.D. Condenser Temp	21 Roof	Good	Complete
Unit 2	TV-4207	RCO K.D. Condenser Temp	22 ROOF ON CREO COL	Good	Complete
Unit 2	TV-4208	RCO K.D. Condenser Temp	23 Mezzanine	Good	Complete
Unit 2	TV-4209	RCO K.D. Condenser Temp	24 Mezzanine	Good	Complete

Unit 2	TV-4206	LCO K.D. Condenser Temp	201	25	Mezzanine west of platform	Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 2	TV-4207	HO K.D. Condenser Temp	201	26	Mezzanine west of platform	Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 2	TV-4232	Tar Seal Oil Temp	201	27	3rd Floor	Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 2	TV-4235A	RCO Condenser Temp Feeds to RCO Cond A/O	201	28	Mezzanine	Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 2	TV-4235B	RCO Condenser Temp/Feeds to LCO Cond A/C	201	29	Mezzanine	Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 2	LT-4203	Med Creo	201	30	MEZZ	Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 2	LT-4204	RCO Receiver Level	201	31	MEZZ	Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 2	LT-4205	LCO Receiver Level	201	32	MEZZ	Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 2	LT-4206	HO Receiver Level	201	33	MEZZ	Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 2	PT-4205	Tar Column BOC Pressure	201	35	Tar Column (1st landing)	Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 2	DT-4201	Wet Tar Feed Density	201	36	3rd Floor Micromotion Flow Transmitter	Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 1	LT-4106-PS	24 VDC Power for LT-4106 HDO Condenser Level Transmitter	303	1		Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 1	LT-4105-PS	24 VDC Power for LT-4105 LDO Condenser Level Transmitter	303	2		Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 1	LT-4104-PS	24 VDC Power for LT-4104 RCO Condenser Level Transmitter	303	3		Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 2	LT-4206-PS	24 VDC Power for LT-4206 HDO Condenser Level Transmitter	303	4		Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 2	LT-4205-PS	24 VDC Power for LT-4205 LDO Condenser Level Transmitter	303	5		Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 2	LT-4204-PS	24 VDC Power for LT-4204 RCO Condenser Level Transmitter	303	6		Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 1	FT-4123-PS	24 VDC Power for FT-4123 Dry Tar Feed Flowmeter	303	12		Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 1	FT-4111-PS	24 VDC Power for FT-4111 Residue Cooler Flowmeter	303	13		Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 2	FT-4223-PS	24 VDC Power for FT-4223 Dry Tar Feed Flowmeter	303	17		Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 2	FT-4211-PS	24 VDC Power for FT-4211 Residue Cooler Flowmeter	303	18		Good	Complete	Complete
Common	PT-4301	1st Floor Transducer JIB Supply Press	100	31		Good	Complete	Complete
Common	LV-4307	Decanter Oil Level	100	32		Good	Complete	Complete
Common	TV-4304	Tempered Water Temp	100	33		Good	Complete	Complete
Common	FT-4301	Pitch to Storage Line Purge	100	34	3rd Floor Pitch Manifold	Good	Complete	Complete
Common	SV-4320	Decanter Vapor Selection Solenoid Valve	200	34		Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 2	ZSH-4220	Unit 2 Decanter Vapor Valve Open	200	35		Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 2	ZSL-4220	Unit 2 Decanter Vapor Valve Closed	200	36		Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 1	ZSH-4120	Unit 1 Decanter Vapor Valve Open	100	35		Good	Complete	Complete
Unit 1	ZSL-4120	Unit 1 Decanter Vapor Valve Closed	100	36		Good	Complete	Complete

# Document 13





Public Record Claimed Exempt



Public Record Claimed Exempt

# Document 14

Public Record Claimed Exempt



Public Record Claimed Exempt



Public Record Claimed Exempt

# Document 15

Koppers Repair scope

Added Item

Equip	Unit	System/Item #	Type	Size	Location	P&ID	Task	Contractor Buyoff	Koppers Buyoff	Notes
Flash Column 8	1	ALL 1	Flange	12	Top Outlet	4432	Change Gasket	GS	NLS	
Flash Column 8	1	ALL 2	Blind Flange	1	Vessel wall - top	4432	Change Gasket	GS	NLS	
Flash Column 8	1	ALL 3	Flange	3	Vessel wall - top	4432	Change Gasket	GS	NLS	
Flash Column 8	1	ALL 4	Blind Flange	4	Vessel wall - top	4432	Change Gasket	GS	NLS	
Flash Column 8	1	ALL 5	Flange	6	Pitch to Flash Sparger	4432	Change Gasket	GS	NLS	short bolted
Flash Column 8	1	ALL 6	Orifice	4	Pitch to Flash Sparger	4432	Pull, inspect, change gaskets	N/A	NLS	No orifice to install
Flash Column 8	1	ALL 7	Hand Valve	2	HV-2582 Pitch to Flash Sparger	4432	Replace Valve	GS	NLS	
Flash Column 8	1	ALL 8	Flange	4	Pitch to Residue Cooler	4432	Change Gasket	GS	NLS	
Flash Column 8	1	ALL 9	Blind Flange	4	Vessel wall - bottom	4432	Change Gasket	GS	NLS	
Flash Column 8	1	ALL 10	Manway	18	Manway	4432	Remove	Manway	NLS	
Flash Column 8	1	ALL 10A	Control valve	2	LV-4102	4432	Replace	GS	NLS	
Flash Column 8	1	ALL 10B	Flange	4	Top SE side by barrel ladder	4432	Change Gasket	GS	NLS	
Flash Column 8	1	ALL 140	Flange	12	Flanged 90 off top of V101 to roof	4432	Change Gasket	GS	NLS	
Flash Column 8	1	ALL 141	Flange	12	Flanged 90 off top of V101 to roof	4432	Change Gasket	GS	NLS	
Flash Column 8	1	ALL 142	Flange	4	E-111 connections	4432	Pull exchanger	GS	NLS	Install Bypass around exchanger. In progress
Dehydrator Column 7	1	ALL 11	Relief Valve	3 to 4	Vessel wall - top	4432	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 7	1	ALL 11A	Exp Jt #4	12	Main column overhead	4432	pull exp jt, Test, Reinstall if good	GS	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 7	1	ALL 11B	Exp Jt #5	8	from to Main column overhead	4432	pull exp jt, Test, Reinstall if good	GS	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 7	1	ALL 11C	Exp Jt #6	12	from to Main column overhead	4432	pull exp jt, Test, Reinstall if good	GS	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 7	1	ALL 12	Flange	3	Vessel wall - top	4432	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 7	1	ALL 13	Flange	8	Line to Dehydrator Condenser	4432	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 7	1	ALL 14	Blind	1 1/2	Vessel wall - top	4432	Add 1 1/2" blind	GS	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 7	1	ALL 15	Valve	1	HV-2581 Vessel wall - top	4432	Replace valve	N/A	NLS	DEAD LINE per Kyle
Dehydrator Column 7	1	ALL 16	Flange	6	Line from Dehydrator Condenser	4432	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 7	1	ALL 17	Flange	2	Pitch to Dehydrator	4432	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 7	1	ALL 18	Valve	1.5	Pitch to Dehydrator	4432	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 7	1	ALL 19	Flange	3	Line from Residue Cooler	4432	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 7	1	ALL 20	Orifice	3	Line from Residue Cooler	4432	Pull sparger, inspect, change gasket	GS	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 7	1	ALL 21	Flange	4	Line to Dehydrator Pumps	4432	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 7	1	ALL 22	Valve	4	HV-2562 from Residue Cooler	4432	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 7	1	ALL 23	Y-Strainer	4	Line from Residue Cooler	4432	Change gaskets	Manway	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 7	1	ALL 24	Manway	18	Top Manway	4432	Remove	Manway	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 7	1	ALL 25	Manway	18	Bottom Manway	4432	Remove	Manway	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 7	1	ALL 52	Blind Flange	2	Cleanout Port - V cleanouts on V-101	4432		GS	NLS	

Blue = Mechanical Buyoff

Green = Problem

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Dehydrator Column 7	1	ALL 53	Blind Flange	2	Cleanout Port - V cleanouts on V-101	4432	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 7	1	ALL 54	Blind Flange	3	Cleanout Port - V cleanouts on V-101	4432	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 26	Flange	12	Line to RCO Condenser	4432	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 27	Flange	2	Line from RCO pumps	4432	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 28	Blind Flange	1	Vessel wall transition	4432	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 29	Flange	6	Sparger	4432	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 30	Orifice	4	Sparger	4432	Pull sparger, inspect, change gasket	GS	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 31	Valve	2	HV-2564 Sparger	4432	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 32	Valve	2	HV-2512 Sparger	4432	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 33	Orifice	4	Sparger	4432	Pull sparger, inspect, change gasket	GS	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 34	Valve	2	HV-2563	4432	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 35	Utility Connection	3/4	Line to Sparger	4432	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 36	Utility Connection	1/2	Line to Dehydrator Sparger	4432	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 37	Flange	6	Tar Column PRV	4432	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 38	Relief Valve	4	Tar Column PRV	4432	Replace valve	GS	NLS	short bolted
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 38 A	Valves	1	Replace valves	4432	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 39	Blind Flange	6	Vessel wall middle	4432	Change gasket	N/A	NLS	Couldn't find at location
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 40	Flange	8	Sparger	4432	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 41	Blind Flange	8	Vessel wall middle	4432	Change gasket	GS	NLS	short bolted
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 42	Flange	12	Line to Creosote Column	4432	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 43	Flange	2	Line from Creosote Column	4432	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 44	Blind Flange	4	Vessel wall bottom	4432	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 45	Blind Flange	12	Vessel wall bottom	4432	Change gasket	GS	NLS	short bolted
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 46	Flange	6	Reboiler Return Sparger	4432	Change gasket	GS	NLS	short bolted
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 47	Orifice	6	Reboiler Return Sparger	4432	Pull sparger, inspect, change gasket	GS	NLS	short bolted
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 47 A	Flange	6	Reboiler Return Sparger	4432	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 48	Manway	18	Top Manway	4432	Remove	Manway	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 49	Manway	18	Middle Manway	4432	Remove	Manway	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 50	Manway	18	Middle Manway	4432	Remove	Manway	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 51	Manway	18	Bottom Manway	4432	Remove	Manway	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 52	Blind	1 1/2	Tower top 2nd deck down	4432	Change gasket 300#	GS	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 52 B	Control valve		TV-4101	4432	Replace Control valve	GS	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 52 C	Control valve		PV-4123	4432	Replace Control valve	GS	NLS	need air
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 52 D	Instrument		FT-4123	4432	Replace Instrument	GS	NLS	
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 52 E	Instrument		FT-41D3	4432	Replace Control valve	GS	NLS	short bolted
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 52 F	Instrument		PT-4105	4432	Replace Instrument	GS	NLS	Common device with G
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 53G	Instrument		PI-4105	4432	Tempered Water Temp	GS	NLS	Common device with F
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 55H	Instrument		FT-4111	4432		N/A	NLS	per Ken valve is not needed.
Tar Column 6	1	ALL 55I	Instrument		LT-4101	4432	Dehydrator BOC Temp	GS	NLS	

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Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	55	Flange	12	Top outlet	4433	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	55 A	Exp Jt #7	12	Top line	4433	Pull exp Jt, Test, Reinstall if good	GS	NLS	
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	56	Flange	3	Line from LDO pumps	4433	Change gasket	GS	NLS	cut pipe, pull Sparger ou and blind nozzle.
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	57	Blind Flange	3	Line from LDO pumps	4433	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	58	Blind Flange	3	Vessel wall - middle	4433	Change gasket 300#	GS	NLS	
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	59	Blind Flange	3	Vessel wall - middle	4433	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	60	Blind Flange	3	Vessel wall - middle	4433	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	61	Blind Flange	12	Creo Sidestream expansion joint	4433	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	61D	Control valve	12	TV-4104	4433	Change valve	GS	NLS	
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	61 A	Exp. Jt. #8	12	Creo Sidestream expansion joint	4433	Pull exp Jt, Test, Reinstall if good	GS	NLS	
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	62 C	Exp. Jt. #9	12	Creo Sidestream expansion joint	4433	Pull exp Jt, Test, Reinstall if good	GS	NLS	
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	61 B	Flange	4	LT 4103	4433	Install instrument	GS	NLS	Pull transmitter and install piping and blind
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	62	Valve	3	HV-2481 - bottom outlet	4433	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	63	Valve	2	HV-2482 - bottom outlet	4433	Replace valve	GS	NLS	short bolted
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	63 A	Flange	2	V109 bottom outlet	4433	Replace valve	GS	NLS	short bolted
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	63 B	Flange	2	V109 bottom outlet	4433	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	64	Valve	2	HV-2483 - bottom outlet to V-101	4433	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	65	Valve	3	HV-2484 - bottom outlet to LDO pump	4433	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	66	Valve	3	HV-2485 - bottom outlet to LDO pump	4433	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	67	Utility Connection	1	HV-2485 - bottom outlet to LDO pump	4433	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	68	Valve	3	HV-2486 - bottom outlet to LDO pump	4433	Replace valve	GS	NLS	short bolted
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	MW-1	Manway		Top Manway	4433	Remove	Manway	NLS	
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	MW-2	Manway		Middle Manway	4433	Remove	Manway	NLS	
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	MW-3	Manway		Middle Manway	4433	Remove	Manway	NLS	
Creosote Column 5	1	ALL	MW-4	Manway		Bottom Manway	4433	Remove	Manway	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	69	Flange	12	Top Inlet from V-101	4434	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	69-A	Plugs		Olets off of 90 inlet of condenser are	4434		GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	69-8	Plugs		Olets off of 90 inlet of condenser are	4434		GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	70	Ball Valve	3/4	HV-2509 for PT 4101	4434	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	71	Flange	8	Outlet to LDO Condenser	4434	Change gasket	GS	NLS	short bolted
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	72	Valve	1	HV-2510 for PI	4434	Replace valve	GS	NLS	missing PI
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	73	Blind Flange	8	Outlet to LDO Condenser	4434	Change gasket	N/A	NLS	No connection
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	74	Flange	4	Inlet from General Transfer Line	4434	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	75	Utility Connection	3/4	Inlet from General Transfer Line	4434	Replace valve	GS	NLS	need to add elbow to piping
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	76	Valve	1	Line to LDO Condenser	4434	Replace valve	GS	NLS	missing PI
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	77	Valve	2	HV-2516 Inlet from General Transfer	4434	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	78	Valve	1	HV-2515 for PI from tar feed pumps	4434	Replace valve	GS	NLS	missing PI
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	78 A	Control valve	2	TV-4135A	4434	Replace TV-4135B	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	78 B	Control valve	2	TV-4135B	4434	Replace TV-4135A	GS	NLS	

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RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	78 C	Control valve	2	LV-4101	4434	Replace LV-4101	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	78 D	Instrument		FT-4101	4434	Replace FT	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	79	Valve	4	HV-2517 RCO Condenser Bottom He	4434	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	80	Valve	1	HV-2519 RCO outlet to RCO pumps	4434	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	91	Valve	2	HV-2518 from S-104	4434	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	82	Flange	2	E-104 Top Head	4434	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	83	Valve	2	HV-2506 E-104 Tempered Water Ret	4434	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	84	Utility Connection	3/4	E-104 shell side	4434	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	84 A	Flange	6	E-101 shell side-expansion joint	4434	Pull exp Jt. Test, Reinstall if good	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	84 B	Flange	6	E-104 shell side-expansion joint	4434	Pull exp Jt. Test, Reinstall if good	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	84 C	Flange	6	E-104 shell side-expansion joint	4434	Pull exp Jt. Test, Reinstall if good	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	85	Flange	6	E-104 outlet to separator pot	4434	Change gasket	GS	NLS	short bolted
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	86	Valve	3/4	E-104 shell side drain	4434	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	87	Flange	2	E-104 bottom head	4434	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	87 A	Control valve	1	TV-4105	4434	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	88	Utility Connection	1/2	E-104 tempered water inlet	4434	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	89	Valve	2	HV-2508 tempered water inlet	4434	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	90	Flange	6	S-104 Vapor outlet	4434	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	91	Flange	2	S-104 Liquid outlet	4434	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	91 A	Instrument	3	LT valve LT-4104	4434	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	91 B	Instrument	3	LT valve LT-4104	4434	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	91 C	Instrument	1	Sewered gate valve drain, E-101 LT-4	4434	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	91 D	Instrument	3	E-101 LT-4104	4434	Change gasket	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	91 E	Instrument	1	Sewered gate valve vent, E-101 LT-41	4434	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 4 Condenser /	1	ALL	91 F	Instrument		PT-4101	4434	Tar TOC Pressure	GS	NLS	changing to 1/2" tubing
RCO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	92	Flange	12	E-102 Inlet from V-109	4435	Replace gasket	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	92-A	Exp. Jt. #1	6	E-102 Inlet from V-109- expansion JO	4435	Pull exp Jt. Test, Reinstall if good	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	93	Valve	3/4	HV-2179 for PT-4102	4435	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	94	Flange	8	E-102 Shell side to Dehydrator	4435	Replace gasket	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	95	Valve	1	HV-2188 for PI to dehydrator column	4435	Replace valve	GS	NLS	Needs PI
RCO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	96	Valve	2	HV-2189 to General Transfer Line	4435	Replace valve	N/A	NLS	No connections
RCO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	97	Flange	4	E-102 Inlet from RCO Condenser	4435	Replace gasket	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	98	Flange	6	Outlet to KD Condenser	4435	Replace gasket	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	99	Valve	4	E-102 Bottom outlet	4435	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	99-8	Flange	4	E-102 Bottom outlet	4435	Replace gasket	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	100	Valve	2	HV-2187 from S-105 to E-102 bottom	4435	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	101	Utility Connection	3/4	HV-2185 on S-105 outlet	4435	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	102	Utility Connection	1	HV-2191 on E-102 bottom outlet	4435	Replace valve	GS	NLS	
RCO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	103	Flange	2	E-105 Top head Tempered water ret	4435	Replace gasket	GS	NLS	

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LDO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	103 A	Flange	2	Top of E105 to twr	4435	Replace gasket	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	103 B	Flange	2	Top of E105 to twr	4435	Replace gasket	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	104	Flange	6	E-105 outlet to Separator Pot	4435	Replace gasket	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	105	Valve	3/4	Utility connection on E-105	4435	Replace valve	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	106	Flange	6	E-105 Inlet from E-102	4435	Replace gasket	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	107	Ball Valve	3/4	HV-2182 E-105 shell side drain	4435	Replace valve	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	108	Flange	2	E-105 bottom outlet	4435	Replace gasket	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	109	Utility Connection	3/4	E-105 Bottom outlet	4435	Replace valve	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	109-B	Control valve	1	TV-4106	4435		65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	109-C	HV-2183	2	E-105 bottom outlet	4435		65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	110	Flange	6	5-105 vapor outlet	4435	Replace gasket	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	111	Flange	2	5-105 liquid outlet	4435	Replace gasket	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	112	Sightglass	2	5-105 liquid outlet	4435	Replace gasket(s)	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	112 A	Instrument	3	LT on E-102 LT-4105	4435	Replace valve	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	112 B	Instrument	3	LT on E-102 LT-4105	4435	Replace valve	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	112 C	Instrument	3	LT on E-102 LT-4105	4435	Replace gasket	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	112 D	Instrument	1	E-102 LT-4105	4435	Replace valve	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	112 E	Instrument	1	E-102 LT-4105	4435	Replace valve	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	112 F	Instrument	1	E-102 LT-4105	4435	Replace valve	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 3 Condenser /	1	ALL	113	Flange	12	HDO Condenser Inlet from Flash Coil	4431	Change gasket	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	113-A	Flange	12	HDO Condenser Inlet from Flash Coil	4431	Pull and inspect	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	113-B	Flange	12	HDO Condenser Inlet from Flash Coil	4431	Pull and inspect	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	113-C	RV	3	HDO Condenser Inlet from Flash Coil	4431	Pull and inspect	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	113-D	Exp. Jt. #2	6	HDO Condenser Inlet from Flash Coil	4434	Pull exp Jt. Test, Reinstall if good	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	114	Flange	4	HDO shell side outlet to Residue cool	4431	Change gasket	65	NLS	short bolted
LDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	115	Flange	4	HDO shell side inlet	4431	Change gasket	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	115 A	PI	4	E-103	4431	Change PI	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	116	Utility Connection	1	HDO shell side inlet	4431	Replace valve	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	117	Valve	4	HV-2464 HDO shell side inlet	4431	Replace valve	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	118	Valve	4	HV-2463 HDO shell side inlet	4431	Replace valve	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	119	Valve	2	HV-2462 from General Transfer Line	4431	Replace valve	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	120	Flange	6	HDO condenser outlet to KD cond	4431	Change gasket	65	NLS	locked out valve on ground
LDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	120 A	Exp. Jt. #3	6	Expansion joint between E106 and E	4431	Pull exp Jt. Test, Reinstall if good	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	120 B	Exp. Jt. #3	6	Expansion joint	4431	Pull exp Jt. Test, Reinstall if good	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	121	Valve	3	HV-242D HDO Condenser Bottom Ou	4431	Replace valve	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	121 A	Instrument	3	LT Valve E103 LT-4106	4431	Replace valve	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	121 B	Instrument	3	LT Valve E103 LT-4106	4431	Replace valve	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	121 C	Instrument	1	Threaded drain valve E103 LT-4106	4431	Replace valve	65	NLS	
LDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	121 D	Instrument	3	E-103 LT-4105	4431	Change gasket	65	NLS	

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HDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	121 E	Instrument	1	E 103 LT-4106	4431	Replace valve	65	NLS	
HDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	122	Flange	2	HDO KD condenser Cooling water re	4431	Change gasket	65	NLS	
HDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	123	Valve	2	HDO KD condenser Cooling water re	4431	Replace valve	65	NLS	
HDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	124	Utility Connection	3/4	HDO KD Condenser shell side	4431	Replace plug	65	NLS	
HDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	125	Flange	6	HDO KD Condenser to separator pot	4431	Change gasket	65	NLS	
HDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	126	Valve	3/4	HDO KD Condenser shell side liquid d	4431	Replace valve	65	NLS	
HDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	127	Valve	2	HDO KD Condenser bottom head	4431	Replace valve	65	NLS	
HDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	128	Control valve	1.5	TV-4107	4431	Replace valve	65	NLS	
HDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	129	Flange	6	S-106 Vapor outlet	4431	Change gasket	65	NLS	
HDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	130	Flange	2	S-106 Liquid outlet	4431	Change gasket	65	NLS	
HDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	131	Sightglass	2	S-106 Liquid outlet	4431	Change gasket(s)	65	NLS	Sightglass later spool now.
HDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	132	Utility Connection	1/2	S-106 Liquid outlet	4431	Replace valve	65	NLS	
HDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	133	Valve	2	HV-2419 S-106 Liquid outlet	4431	Replace valve	65	NLS	
HDO Condenser / KD 2 Condenser /	1	ALL	133 A	Instrument	2	PT-4103	4431	Flash Col Pressure	65	NLS	changing to 1/2" tubing
Tar Seal Oil Tank 1	1	ALL	134	Gate Valve	1 1/2	HV-2236 Seal oil tank to reservoir po	4436		65	NLS	
Tar Seal Oil Tank 1	1	ALL	135	Manway	20	Tar Seal Oil Tank	4436		Manway	NLS	
Tar Seal Oil Tank 1	1	ALL	136	Flange	6	Tar Seal Oil Tank Top	4436		65	NLS	
Tar Seal Oil Tank 1	1	ALL	136 A	Flange	6	Tar Seal Oil Tank Top V. 106	4436		65	NLS	
Tar Seal Oil Tank 1	1	ALL	137	Blind Flange	6	Tar Seal Oil Tank Top	4436		65	NLS	
Tar Seal Oil Tank 1	1	ALL	138	Valve	1	Tar Seal Oil to K/D pot	4436		N/A	NLS	No connection exists
Tar Seal Oil Tank 1	1	ALL	139	Control valve	1	TV-4132	4436	Replace TV-4231	65	NLS	
Tar Seal Oil Tank 1	1	ALL	139A	Control valve	1	PV-4101	4436	Replace valve	65	NLS	short bolted
Tar Seal Oil Tank 1	1	ALL	139B	Control valve		PV-4102	4436	Ceo Col Pressure	65	NLS	
Tar Seal Oil Tank 1	1	ALL	139C	Control valve		PV-4103	4436	Flash Col Pressure	65	NLS	
Tar Seal Oil Tank 1	1	ALL	139D	Instrument		LT-4110	4436		65	NLS	
Tar Seal Oil Tank 1	1	ALL	139E	Instrument		FT-4115	4436		65	NLS	needs 1 gasket
Tar Seal Oil Tank 1	1	ALL	139F	Control valve		FV-4103	4436		N/A	NLS	per Ken valve is not needed
Instruments	1	ALL		Control valve		TV-4108	4437	Dehydrator Cond Temp	65	NLS	dans list
Instruments	1	ALL		Control valve		LV-4307	4438		65	NLS	dans list
Instruments	1	ALL		Instrument		PT-4104	4437	Dehyd Pressure	65	NLS	
Instruments	1	ALL		Control valve		TV-4304	4444		65	NLS	
Noras valves	1	ALL	1n	Valve	2	HV-3398	4444			NLS	Chammer
Noras valves	1	ALL	2n	Valve		new	4436 / 4446			NLS	
Noras valves	1	ALL	3n	Valve		new	4437 / 4446			NLS	
Noras valves	1	ALL	4n	Valve	3	HV-2233	4438 / 4446			NLS	
Noras valves	1	ALL	5n	Valve	3	HV-2380	4439 / 4446			NLS	
Noras valves	1	ALL	6n	Valve	2	HV-2233	4440 / 4446			NLS	Chammer
Noras valves	1	ALL	7n	Valve	2	HV-2360	4441 / 4446			NLS	Chammer
Noras valves	1	ALL	8n	Control valve		FV-4120 Unit 1	4438		65	NLS	



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Noras valves	1	ALL	9n	Control valve		FV-4220 Unit 3	4438		GS	NLS	
Noras valves	1	ALL	10n	Valve	4	new	4442			NLS	Martin
Noras valves	1	ALL	11n	Valve	4	new	4442			NLS	Martin
Noras valves	1	ALL	12n	Valve	6	new	4442			NLS	Martin
Noras valves	1	ALL	13n	Valve	1 1/2	HV-2542	4454			NLS	Doran
Noras valves	1	ALL	14n	Valve	1 1/2	HV-2533	4454			NLS	Doran
Noras valves	1	ALL	15n	Valve		HV-2511	4434		T1	NLS	
Noras valves	1	ALL	16n	Valve	4	HV-2475	4437			NLS	
Noras valves	1	ALL	17n	Valve	4	HV-2476	4437			NLS	
Noras valves	1	ALL	18n	Valve	4	HV-2468	4437			NLS	
Noras valves	1	ALL	19n	Valve	4	HV-2469	4437			NLS	
Noras valves	1	ALL	20n	Valve	3	HV-9951	4644			NLS	
Noras valves	1	ALL	21n	Valve	2	HV-3412	4441			NLS	
Noras valves	1	ALL	22n	Valve	2	HV-3405	4441			NLS	
Noras valves	1	ALL	23n	Valve	2	HV-3349	4445			NLS	
Noras valves	1	ALL	24n	Valve	2	HV-3346	4445			NLS	
Noras valves	1	ALL	25n	Valve	2	HV-3391	4444		T1	NLS	
Noras valves	1	ALL	26n	Valve	2	HV-3389	4444			NLS	
Noras valves	1	ALL	27n	Valve	2	HV-9023	4464		T1	NLS	

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Koppers Rpt Comps Group List

Equip	Unit	System	Item#	Type	Site	Location	P.&ID	Task	Contractor buyoff	Koppers buyoff	Notes
Creosote Column 6	2	ALL	601 Exp. It.# 7		12	Top line	4443	Pull exp It, Test, Reinstall if good	4-19 D	NLS	
Creosote Column 6	2	ALL	602 Flange		12	Top Outlet	4443	Change Gasket	4-16 D	NLS	
Creosote Column 6	2	ALL	603 Manway		20	Top Manway	4443	Open and close after work is compl	4-21 D	NLS	
Creosote Column 6	2	ALL	604 Manway		20	Middle Manway	4443	Open and close after work is compl	4-21 D	NLS	
Creosote Column 6	2	ALL	605 Manway		20	Middle Manway	4443	Open and close after work is compl	4-21 D	NLS	
Creosote Column 6	2	ALL	606 Flange		3	LT-4203	4443	Change Gasket	4-21 D	NLS	Bolts are short
Creosote Column 6	2	ALL	607 Instrument		0.5	LT-4203	4443	Replace Instrument	4-16 D	NLS	
Creosote Column 6	2	ALL	608 Flange		3	LT-4203	4443	Change Gasket	4-16 D	NLS	
Creosote Column 6	2	ALL	609 Valve		3	HV-3340 - Bottom outlet	4443	Replace Valve	4-16 D	NLS	
Creosote Column 6	2	ALL	610 Flange		3	To LDO Pumps	4443	Change Gasket	4-16 D	NLS	
Creosote Column 6	2	ALL	612 Flange		3	Line from LDO pumps	4443	Change Gasket	4-16 D	NLS	
Creosote Column 6	2	ALL	613 Control valve		12	TV-4204	4443	Replace Control valve	4-21 D	NLS	
Creosote Column 6	2	ALL	614 Blind Flange		1.5	Line from LDO pumps	4443	Change Gasket	4-16 D	NLS	
Creosote Column 6	2	ALL	615 Exp. It.# 9		12	Creo Sidestream expansion joint	4443	Pull exp It, Test, Reinstall if good	4-21 D	NLS	
Creosote Column 6	2	ALL	616 Exp. It.# 8		12	Creo Sidestream expansion joint	4443	Pull exp It, Test, Reinstall if good	4-21 D	NLS	
Creosote Column 6	2	ALL	617 Valve		3	HV-3342	4443	Replace Valve	4-16 D	NLS	Changeout valve assembly for steamout-NO Valve in stock
Creosote Column 6	2	ALL	618 Valve		2	HV-3341 - Bottom outlet to LDO pumps	4443	Replace Valve	4-16 D	NLS	
Creosote Column 6	2	ALL	619 Valve		3	HV-3344	4443	DELETE Valve and blind tee		NLS	DELETE Valve and blind tee
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	301 Flange		12	Top Outlet	4442	Change Gasket	4-17 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	303 Flange		4	Pitch to Flash Sparger	4442	Change Gasket	4-17 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	304 Orifice		4	Pitch to Flash Sparger	4442	Pull, inspect, change gaskets	4-17 D	NLS	missing
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	305 Control valve		2	LV-4202	4442	Replace Control valve	4-20 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	306 Y cleanout		3	Return to main column from pumps	4442	Change Gasket	4-19 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	307 Y cleanout		3	Return to main column from pumps	4442	Change Gasket	4-16 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	308 Y cleanout		3	Return to main column from pumps	4442	Change Gasket	4-16 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	309 Flange		3	Vessel well - top	4442	Change Gasket	4-18 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	310 Blind Flange		1	Vessel well - top	4442	Change Gasket	4-18 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	311 Flange		4	Pitch to Residue Cooler	4442	Change Gasket	4-18 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	312 Blind Flange		4	Vessel well - top	4442	Change Gasket	4-17 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	313 Flange		4	E-211	4442	Pull E-211 Residue cooler	4-19 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	314 Flange		4	E-211	4442	Pull E-211 Residue cooler	4-19 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	315 Flange		4	E-211	4442	Pull E-211 Residue cooler	4-19 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	316 Flange		4	E-211	4442	Pull E-211 Residue cooler	4-19 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	317 Flange		4	E-211	4442	Pull E-211 Residue cooler	4-19 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	318 Valve		2	HV-3388	4442	Replace Valve	4-20 D	NLS	loose bolts
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	319 Valve		4	HV-3799	4442	Replace Valve	4-18 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	320 Flange		4	Nozzle to HV-3799	4442	Change Gasket	4-17 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	321 Valve		4	HV-3796	4442	Replace Valve	4-17 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	322 Manway		18	Manway	4442	Open and close after work is compl		NLS	Manway- waiting on release by Koppers possible entry
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	323 PSV 201-02		3	by 4	PSV-201-02	Remove, inspect and reinstall	4-18 D	NLS	loose bolts
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	324 Exp. It.# 6		12	Expansion joint #	4442	Pull exp It, Test, Reinstall if good	4-21 D	NLS	short bolts
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	325 PSV-201-03		3	by 4	PSV-201-03	Remove, inspect and reinstall		NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	326 Control valve		1	Flash column bleeder near #HV-3799	4442	Save valve, Change Gasket	4-21 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	327 Valve		1	Flash column bleeder near	4442	Replace Valve	4-18 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	328 Valve		1	E-211 piping	4442	Replace Valve	4-20 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	329 Flange		4	E-211 piping	4442	Replace Valve	4-19 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	330 Flange		4	E-211 piping	4442	Change Gasket		NLS	Boils are short
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	331 Flange		12	Flash column	4442	Change Gasket	4-19 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	332 Flange		4	E-211 piping	4442	Change Gasket	4-19 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	333 Valve		4	E-211 piping	4442	Replace Valve	4-21 D	NLS	

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Flash Column 3	2	ALL	334 Valve	4 E-211 piping	4442 Replace Valve	4-21 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	335 Flange	4 E-211 piping	4442 Change Gasket	4-19 D	NLS	
Flash Column 3	2	ALL	336 Valve	0.75 E-211 piping	4442 Replace Valve		NLS	Need plug
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	401 Valve	3 HV-3387	4442 Replace Valve	4-20 D	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	402 Control valve	2 TV-4201	4442 Replace Control valve	4-20 D	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	403 Valve	0.75 HV-3804 Vessel wall -top	4442 Replace Valve	4-19 D	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	404 Exp. Jt. # 5	8 from to Main column overhead	4442 Pull exp Jt. Test, Reinstall if good	4-19 D	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	405 Valve	1.5 HV-3386 Pitch to Dehydrator	4442 Replace Valve	4-17 D	NLS	missing
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	406 Flange	6 Line from Dehydrator Condenser	4442 Change Gasket	4-17 D	NLS	short bolts
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	407 Flange	3 Pitch to Dehydrator	4442 Change Gasket	4-21 D	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	408 Flange	4 Line to Dehydrator Pumps	4442 Pul sparger, inspect, change gasket	4-17 D	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	409 Orifice	4 Line from Residue Cooler	4442 Change Gasket	4-17 D	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	410 Orifice	3 Line from Residue Cooler	4442 Change Gasket	4-18 D	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	411 Flange	8 Line to Dehydrator Condenser	4442 Replace Valve	4-20 D	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	412 Valve	4 HV-3365 from Residue Cooler	4442 Change gaskets	4-19 D	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	413 Y-strainer	4 Line from Residue Cooler	4442 Replace Instrument	4-20 D	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	414 Instrument	4 FT-4203				Manway- waiting on release by Koppers possible entry
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	415 Manway	18	1 4442 Open and close after work is compl		NLS	Manway- waiting on release by Koppers possible entry
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	416 Manway	18 Bottom Manway			NLS	
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	417 Instrument	????	4442 Open and close after work is compl		NLS	
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	418 Flange	UT-4201	4442 Pull rebuild and reinstall	4-19 D	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	419 Flange	8 Line to V-2018	4442 Change Gasket	4-17 D	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	420 Flange	4 Line from Residue Cooler	4442 Change Gasket	4-17 D	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	421 Blind Flange	2 Pitch to Dehydrator	4442 Change Gasket	4-19 D	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	422 Pipe	6 Off side of column	4442 Change Gasket	4-18 D	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	423 Pipe	1.5 Pitch to Dehydrator	4442 Change Gasket	4-20 D	NLS	
Dehydrator Column 4	2	ALL	424 Valve	4 Pitch to Dehydrator	4442 Replace Valve	4-20 D	NLS	
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	501 Control valve	1 Line from Residue Cooler	4442 Replace valve	4-18 D	NLS	
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	502 Valve	2 FV-4223	4442 Replace Valve	4-19 D	NLS	
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	503 Valve	2 HV-3364	4442 Replace Valve	4-18 D	NLS	
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	504 Valve	4 HV-3366	4442 Replace Valve	4-18 D	NLS	
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	505 Flange	4 HV-3367 Sparger	4442 Pull sparger, inspect, change gasket	4-19 D	NLS	
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	506 Orifice	6 Sparger	4442 Change Gasket	4-19 D	NLS	
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	507 Valve	4 Sparger	4442 Replace Valve	4-18 D	NLS	
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	508 Instrument	4 HV-3365 Sparger	4442 Replace Instrument	4-18 D	NLS	
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	509 Utility Connection	2 FT-4223	4442 Replace Valve	4-18 D	NLS	
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	510 PSV-201-01	1 Line to Sparger	4442 Replace Valve	4-21 D	NLS	missing
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	511 Orifice	4 by 6 PSV-201-01	4442 Replace Valve	4-20 D	NLS	short bolts
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	512 Flange	4 Sparger	4442 Change Gasket	4-19 D	NLS	
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	513 Flange	6 Tar Column PRV	4442 Change Gasket	4-20 D	NLS	
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	514 Blind Flange	8 Sparger	4442 Change Gasket	4-19 D	NLS	
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	515 Instrument	8 Vessel wall middle	4442 Change Instrument	4-20 D	NLS	
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	516 Flange	????	4442 Change Gasket	4-20 D	NLS	missing
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	517 Orifice	6 Reboiler Return Sparger	4442 Pull sparger, inspect, change gasket	4-20 D	NLS	
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	518 Valve	6 Reboiler Return Sparger	4442 Replace Valve	4-20 D	NLS	
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	519 Blind Flange	4 HV-3382	4442 Change Gasket	4-20 D	NLS	
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	520 Flange	12 Vessel wall bottom	4442 Change Gasket	4-20 D	NLS	
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	521 Flange	2 Line from Cresosote Column	4442 Change Gasket	4-20 D	NLS	
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	522 Flange	12 Line to Cresosote Column	4442 Change Gasket	4-21 D	NLS	
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	523 Flange	3 Vessel wall middle	4442 Change Gasket	4-19 D	NLS	
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	524 Orifice	1.5 From RCO pumps	4442 Pull exp Jt. Test, Reinstall if good	4-21 D	NLS	
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	525 Exp. Jt. # 4-loop	12 to RCO condenser	4442 Change Gasket	4-20 D	NLS	short bolts
Tar Column 5	2	ALL	527 Flange	12 Line to RCO Condenser				

Koppers Rpt Comps Group List

Item ID	Description	Quantity	Unit	Material	Notes	Work	Material	Notes	Material	Notes
528	Manway	2	ALL	18 Top Manway	4442	Open and close after work is compl	NLS	Manway- waiting on release by Koppers possible entry		
529	Manway	2	ALL	18 Middle Manway	4442	Open and close after work is compl	NLS	Manway- waiting on release by Koppers possible entry		
530	Manway	2	ALL	18 Bottom Manway	4442	Open and close after work is compl	NLS	Manway- waiting on release by Koppers possible entry		
531	Manway	2	ALL	18 Bottom Manway	4442	Open and close after work is compl	NLS	Manway- waiting on release by Koppers possible entry		
532	Flange	2	ALL	6 Top of Tar column	4446	Change Gasket	4-19 D			
901	Control valve	2	ALL	2 PV-4201	4446	Replace Control valve	4-17 D			
902	Control valve	2	ALL	1 PV-4202	4446	Replace Control valve	4-17 D			
903	Control valve	2	ALL	1.5 PV-4203	4446	Replace Control valve		Bolts are short		
906	Control valve	2	ALL	1 TV-4232	4446	Replace Control valve	4-17 D			
907	Blind Flange	2	ALL	6 Tar Seal Oil Tank Top	4446	Replace Gasket	4-16 D			
908	Flange	2	ALL	6 Tar Seal Oil Tank Top	4446	Replace Gasket	4-16 D			
910	Instrument	2	ALL	3 UT-4210	4446	Replace Instrument	4-16 D			
911	Manway	2	ALL	24 Tar Seal Oil Tank	4446	Open and close after work is compl	NLS	Manway- waiting on release by Koppers possible entry		
912	Instrument	2	ALL	1 FT-4215	4446	Replace Instrument	4-21 D			
913	Knife Gate Valve	2	ALL	6 Tar Seal Oil Tank Top	4446	Replace Valve	4-16 D			
101	Exp. Jt.# 10	2	ALL	8 from Delhy column	4437	Pull exp jt. Test, Reinstall if good	4-20 D			
102	Control valve	2	ALL	3 TV-4208	4437	Replace Control valve	4-19 D			
103	Flange	2	ALL	4 E-208 Reinstall	4446	Reconnect piping	4-18 D			
104	Flange	2	ALL	8 E-208 Reinstall	4446	Reconnect piping	4-18 D			
105	Flange	2	ALL	4 E-208 Reinstall	4446	Reconnect piping	4-18 D			
106	Valve	2	ALL	3 E-208 Reinstall	4446	Replace Valve	4-18 D			
201	Instrument	2	ALL	1 PT 4204	4446	Replace Instrument	4-21 D			
202	Flange	2	ALL	12 HDO Condenser inlet from Flash Column	4441	Change Gasket	4-21 D			
203	Instrument	2	ALL	3 HV-3413 HDO Condenser Bottom Outlet	4441	Replace Valve	4-18 D			
204	Flange	2	ALL	0.5 PT-4203	4441	Replace Instrument	4-21 D			
205	Flange	2	ALL	4 HDO shell side outlet to Residue cooler	4441	Change Gasket	4-17 D			
206	Valve	2	ALL	4 HV-3416 HDO shell side inlet	4441	Replace Valve	4-16 D			
211	Valve	2	ALL	1 HDO shell side inlet	4441	Replace Valve	4-16 D			
212	Flange	2	ALL	2 HV-3410 S-206 Liquid outlet	4441	Replace Valve	4-16 D			
213	Exp. Jt.# 3	2	ALL	6 HDO condenser outlet to KD condenser	4441	Change Gasket	4-17 D			
215	Valve	2	ALL	6 HDO Condenser inlet from Flash Column	4441	Pull exp jt. Test, Reinstall if good	4-17 D			
216	Valve	2	ALL	2 HV-3411 HDO KD Condenser bottom h	4441	Replace Valve	4-18 D			
217	Flange	2	ALL	0.75 HV-3407 HDO KD Condenser shell side	4441	Replace Valve	4-16 D			
218	Flange	2	ALL	6 HDO KD Condenser to separator pot	4441	Change Gasket	4-16 D			
221	Flange	2	ALL	2 HDO KD condenser Cooling water return	4441	Change Gasket	4-20 D			
222	Flange	2	ALL	6 S-206 Vapor outlet	4441	Change Gasket	4-17 D			
223	Sightglass	2	ALL	2 S-106 Liquid outlet	4441	Change Gasket	4-16 D			
224	Control valve	2	ALL	2 S-106 Liquid outlet	4441	Change gasket(s)	4-16 D			
225	Heads	2	ALL	1.5 TV-4207	4441	Replace Control valve	4-18 D			
226	Blind Flange	2	ALL	HDO Condenser	4441	Remove and reinstall heads	4-17 D			
227	Valve	2	ALL	1.5 Flash Vacuum Pump	4441	Change Gasket	4-16 D			
228	Valve	2	ALL	6 Flash Vacuum Pump	4441	Pull valve and reinstall	4-20 D			
701	Flange	2	ALL	6 Flash Vacuum Pump	4441	Pull valve and reinstall	4-21 D			
702	Valve	2	ALL	6 Flash Vacuum Pump	4441	Install blind	4-20 D			
703	Instrument	2	ALL	12 Top inlet from V-101	4444	Change Gasket	4-21 D			
704	Flange	2	ALL	0.75 HV-3392 for PT 4201	4444	Replace Instrument	4-21 D			
705	Flange	2	ALL	8 Outlet to LDO Condenser	4444	Change Gasket	4-16 D			
				4 Inlet from General Transfer Line	4444	Change Gasket	4-17 D			

Koppers Rpt Comps Group List

2	ALL	706 Valve	4 HV-1352	4444 Replace Valve	4-17 D	NLS
2	ALL	707 Control valve	2 TV-4235A	4444 Replace Control valve	4-20 D	NLS
2	ALL	708 Control valve	2 TV-4235B	4444 Replace Control valve	4-17 D	NLS
2	ALL	709 Valve	0.75 HV-1354 Line to LDO Condenser	4444 Replace Valve	4-17 D	NLS
2	ALL	710 Control valve	3 LV-4201	4444 Replace Control valve	4-17 D	NLS
2	ALL	712 Instrument	3 FT-4201	4444 Replace FT	4-16 D	NLS loose bolts
2	ALL	713 Valve	0.75 HV-3397 RCO outlet to RCO pumps	4444 Replace Valve	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	714 Valve	2 HV-3395 from S-104	4444 Replace Valve	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	715 Valve	4 HV-3394 RCO Condenser Bottom Head	4444 Replace Valve	4-18 D	NLS
2	ALL	716 Plug valve	3 LT valve LT-4204	4444 Replace Valve	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	717 Exp. It.# 2	6 6" expansion joint between E-1 & E-1	4444 Pull exp It. Test, Reinstall if good	4-17 D	NLS
2	ALL	718 Flange	6 E-201 shell side to E-204	4444 Change Gasket	4-17 D	NLS
2	ALL	719 Flange	6 E-201 shell side to E-205	4444 Change Gasket	4-17 D	NLS
2	ALL	720 Control valve	3 TV-4205	4444 Replace Control valve	4-17 D	NLS
2	ALL	721 Valve	0.75 HV-3390 E-204 shell side drain	4444 Replace Valve	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	722 Flange	6 E-204 outlet to separator pot	4444 Change Gasket	4-19 D	NLS
2	ALL	723 Flange	2 E-204 Top Head	4444 Change Gasket	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	725 Flange	6 S-204 Vapor outlet	4444 Change Gasket	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	726 Flange	6 S-204 Liquid outlet	4444 Change Gasket	4-18 D	NLS
2	ALL	728 Flange	2 E-204 bottom head	4444 Change Gasket	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	729 Utility Connection	0.75 Inlet from General Transfer Line	4444 Replace Valve	4-18 D	NLS
2	ALL	730 Utility Connection	RCO Condenser	4444 Replace Valve	4-17 D	NLS
2	ALL	731 Heads	3 LT valve LT-4204	4444 Remove and reinstall heads	4-17 D	NLS
2	ALL	732 Plug valve	2 S-204 Liquid outlet	4444 Replace Valve	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	733 Sightglass	2 S-204 Separator	4444 Change Gasket	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	734 Blind	2 S-204 Separator	4444 Change Gasket	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	735 Blind	2 S-204 Separator	4444 Change Gasket	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	736 Blind	1.5 S-204 Drop to for VOC Pumps	4444 Change Gasket	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	737 Blind	0.75 Top of level gauge	4444 Change Gasket	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	738 Valve	4 HV-1350	4444 Replace Valve	NLS	Change NG&G on blind
2	ALL	739 Valve	0.75 HV-1351	4444 Replace Valve	NLS	Change valve
2	ALL	801 Flange	12 E-202 Inlet from V-209	4445 Replace gasket	4-20 D	NLS
2	ALL	804 Flange	8 E-202 Shell side to Dehydrator	4445 Replace gasket	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	805 Flange	4 E-202 Inlet from RCO Condenser	4445 Replace gasket	4-17 D	NLS
2	ALL	806 Flange	6 Outlet to V/D Condenser	4445 Replace gasket	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	807 Plug valve	3 LT-4205	4445 Replace Valve	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	808 Valve	4 HV-3352 E-202 Bottom outlet	4445 Replace Valve	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	809 Valve	2 HV-3353 from S-105 to E-102 bottom o	4445 Replace Valve	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	810 Utility Connection	0.75 HV-3354 on E-202 bottom outlet	4445 Replace Valve	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	811 Utility Connection	0.5 HV-7777 on S-105 outlet	4445 Replace Valve	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	812 Exp. It.# 1	6 E-202 Inlet from E-205 expansion joint	4445 Pull exp It. Test, Reinstall if good	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	813 Flange	2 E-205 Inlet from E-202	4445 4-9 D	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	814 Flange	2 E-205 Top head Tempered water return	4445 Replace gasket	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	816 Valve	0.75 HV-3345 for PT-4302	4445 Replace Valve	4-18 D	NLS
2	ALL	817 Instrument	0.75 PT-4202	4445 Replace Instrument	4-21 D	NLS
2	ALL	818 Flange	6 E-205 outlet to Separator Pot	4445 Replace gasket	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	819 Ball Valve	2 E-205 bottom outlet	4445 Replace Valve	4-18 D	NLS
2	ALL	820 Flange	2 E-205 bottom outlet	4445 Replace gasket	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	821 Control valve	1 TV-4206	4445 Replace Control valve	4-17 D	NLS
2	ALL	823 Sightglass	2 S-105 liquid outlet	4445 Replace gaskets	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	824 Flange	2 S-205 liquid outlet	4445 Replace gasket	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	825 Flange	6 S-205 vapor outlet	4445 Replace gasket	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	826 Heads	RCO Condenser	4445 Remove and reinstall heads	4-17 D	NLS
2	ALL	827 Plug valve	3 LT-4205	4445 Replace Valve	4-16 D	NLS
2	ALL	828 Blind	2 S-205 Separator	4445 Replace gasket	4-16 D	NLS

Koppers Rpt Comps Group List

LDO Condenser / KD 8 Condenser / Separator Pot 8	2 ALL	829 Blind	2 S-205 Separator	4445 Replace gasket	4-16 D	NLS
LDO Condenser / KD 8 Condenser / Separator Pot 8	2 ALL	830 Blind	1 S-205 Separator	4445 Replace gasket	4-16 D	NLS
LDO Condenser / KD 8 Condenser / Separator Pot 8	2 ALL	831 Flange	8 S-205 Separator	4445 Replace gasket	4-19 D	NLS
LDO Condenser / KD 8 Condenser / Separator Pot 8	2 ALL	832 Plug	8 Bleeder valve	4445 Add plug		NLS
Grand Total						Need plug

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<p style="text-align: right;"><b>1 OF 1</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>3 LBS</b></p> <p><b>SHIP TO:</b>          YASMIE KEPPNER-BAUMAN          IEPA - BUREAU OF AIR          P.O. BOX 19276          1021 NORTH GRAND AVENUE EAST          FILED OPERATIONS SECTION  <b>SPRINGFIELD IL 62702-4059</b></p> <p>LAURIE ACHIM          708 227 3460          KOPPERS-STICKNEY          3900 SOUTH LARAMIE AVE          CICERO IL 60804</p>	<p><b>IL 627 0-01</b></p> 	<p><b>UPS NEXT DAY AIR</b></p> <p>TRACKING #: 1Z 616 447 01 9050 0979</p> 	<p style="text-align: right;"><b>1</b></p>  <p style="font-size: small; text-align: right;">CS 22.0.1B... WNTN1950.43.0A 10/2021*</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>BILLING: P/P</b></p>
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Agency ID: 170000035076

Media File Type: AIR

Bureau ID: 031300AAJ

Site Name: Koppers Inc

Site Address1: 3900 S Laramie Ave

Site Address2:

Site City: Cicero

State: IL

Zip: 60804-4523

**This record has been determined to  
be partially or wholly exempt from  
public disclosure**

**Exemption Type:**

**Portion Removed**

**Exempt Doc #: 88**

**Document Date: 10/22/2021**

**Staff: MDB**

**Document Description:** SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE TO VIOLATION NOTICE (DOC. 4: STICKNEY TAR PLANT FIRE ANALYSIS, DOC. 6: FIGURES/TECHNICAL DIAGRAMS, DOC. 7: TAR PLANT OVERVIEW, DOC. 13: FIGURES/TECHNICAL DIAGRAMS, DOC. 14: FIGURES/TECHNICAL DIAGRAMS)

**Category ID:** 08      **Category Description:** COMPLIANCE

**Exempt Type:** Portion Removed

**Permit ID:** A-2021-00217

**Date of Determination:** 12/19/2023